



**Smith & Wesson®**

*Empowering Americans*

**FOR OVER 170 YEARS**

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**2026 Annual Report**





## 2026 IN REVIEW

Fiscal 2026 was an outstanding year for Smith & Wesson. We delivered strong results across every dimension of our business, with growth in both our top line and bottom-line results. Fueled by strong consumer demand for our products and our ability to leverage our flexible manufacturing operations, we sustained our market share growth momentum. Revenue was up over 10% year-over-year, adjusted EPS increased more than 25%, and adjusted EBITDAS was up 7%. Our handgun unit shipments into the sporting goods channel surged 19% versus a NICS decrease of 0.2%, while channel inventory remained flat – indicating strong consumer demand for our products, which drove excellent sell-through and substantial market share capture at the retail counter. We introduced dozens of new products, which were enthusiastically received by our customers, and we are making significant investments back into the business to optimize our operations. We launched our state-of-the-art Smith & Wesson Academy, further strengthening our commitment to our professional customers and providing world-class training to our consumers. In addition, we continued to strengthen our balance sheet, generating over \$114 million in cash from operations, retiring \$60 million in debt on our credit facility, and ending the year in a net cash position. We outperformed our competitors in our core categories and achieved meaningful progress in segments that we had not historically competed in.

This momentum continues into fiscal 2027. Our innovation pipeline remains robust. We are planning to make strategic investments in our manufacturing operations concentrated on expanding our capacity and increasing operational efficiency. We are focused on broadening our already strong position with our professional customers. We are leveraging technology in our analytics to make more informed and more efficient decisions across every function of the business.







In closing, we remain proud of the hard-working Smith & Wesson employees, whose unwavering creativity, drive, and dedication continue to exceed expectations and drive impressive returns for our shareholders, customers, and team members. We look forward to fiscal 2027, our 175th year, feeling optimistic and energized, knowing that the best is yet to come.

**Mark P. Smith**  
*President,  
Chief Executive Officer*

**Robert L. Scott**  
*Chairman of the Board*





**"AND NO THING  
OF IMPORTANCE  
WILL COME  
WITHOUT EFFORT."**

*Daniel B. Wesson*



## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**Robert L. Scott**, *Chairman* 1 3  
**Anita D. Britt**, *Director* 1 2  
**Fred M. Diaz**, *Director* 2 3  
**Michelle J. Lohmeier**, *Director* 1 2  
**Barry M. Monheit**, *Director* 2 3  
**Mark P. Smith**, *President, Chief Executive Officer*  
**Denis G. Suggs**, *Director* 1 3

## EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

**Mark P. Smith**  
*President, Chief Executive Officer*

**Deana L. McPherson, CPA**  
*Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,  
Treasurer, and Assistant Secretary*

**Kevin A. Maxwell**  
*Sr. Vice President, General Counsel,  
Chief Compliance Officer, and Secretary*

**Kyle Tengwall**  
*Chief Marketing Officer,  
Vice President of Corporate Strategy*

## INVESTOR INFORMATION

Email: [investorrelations@smith-wesson.com](mailto:investorrelations@smith-wesson.com)

## TRANSFER AGENT

**Equiniti**  
**Wilma Yuan**  
1110 Centre Pointe Curve  
Suite 101  
Mendota Heights, MN 55120  
(651) 306-4351

- 1 Audit Committee
- 2 Compensation Committee
- 3 Nominations and Corporate Governance Committee



**Smith & Wesson®**

SMITH & WESSON ANNUAL REPORT 2026



# SAFETY & RESPONSIBILITY



As a leading American manufacturer of firearms since 1852, we are proud of our rich history, which includes a number of long-standing initiatives to support the safe and legal possession and use of our products. In addition, through membership in and contributions to our industry's trade association, the National Shooting Sports Foundation, we support many initiatives to promote the safe ownership, operation, storage, and safekeeping of firearms, including:



## SAFETY LOCKS

We were among the first firearm companies to voluntarily provide a cable-style firearm safety lock included in the box with every firearm we make. We began this practice many years ago and have since given away millions of free firearm safety locks.



## OWNER'S MANUALS

We call out and prominently display in our owners' manuals information on responsible firearm ownership, safe handling, and safe storage, and we place a warning on the box of each firearm we make that refers owners to these provisions in the accompanying owner's manual.



## BASIC PISTOL HANDBOOK

We have long been a contributing author to and a sponsor of a nationally known firearms safety instruction manual that is broadly distributed to firearms consumers each year.



## FIREARM SAFETY LITERATURE AND VIDEOS

Our sponsorships provide support for NSSF's firearms safety literature and videos, which include Firearms Responsibility in the Home, Firearms Safety Depends on You, and Firearms Safety in Vehicles.



## DON'T LIE FOR THE OTHER GUY

Don't Lie for the Other Guy is a national campaign launched by the NSSF in 2000, in partnership with the ATF to help prevent prohibited persons from getting their hands on firearms through illegal "straw purchases." Don't Lie for the Other Guy assists firearms retailers to identify and deter straw purchases and to raise public awareness that straw purchasing is a serious crime.



## FIXNICS®

The firearms industry has led the way in improving the FBI National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) to help keep guns out of the hands of criminals and prevent anyone who cannot legally have a gun from getting one. A background check system is only as good as the records in it—through our FixNICS® initiative, NSSF helped improve laws at the federal level and in 16 states, the number of disqualifying mental health records in the system has increased by 241 percent, and the work is ongoing.



## OPERATION SECURE STORE®

Operation Secure Store is a cooperative initiative between the NSSF and the ATF to provide rewards for information leading to the successful arrest of criminals responsible for stealing firearms from an FFL. Additionally, the NSSF is helping educate FFL holders on steps they can take to reduce the chance firearms will be stolen from them. We join the NSSF in supporting passage of the Federal Firearms Licensee Protection Act of 2019, to strengthen criminal penalties for theft of firearms from an FFL holder, and to impose mandatory minimum sentences to help deter criminals and help prevent firearms from falling into the wrong hands.



## PROJECT CHILDSAFE®

Conducted by the NSSF in partnership with more than 15,000 law enforcement agencies, Project ChildSafe is the largest, most comprehensive firearm safety education program in the United States, promoting firearm safety through the distribution of safety education materials and free firearm safety kits. Since 1999, Project ChildSafe has distributed more than 38 million firearm safety kits, including cable-style locks to firearm owners. The project's "Own It? Respect It. Secure It" campaign gives NSSF industry members an ongoing platform to promote and encourage firearm safety and the safe storage of firearms.



## PROJECT CYBERSAFE™

The firearm industry faces a range of emerging cyber threats that pose significant risks to manufacturers, retailers, ranges and consumers alike. To combat these challenges, NSSF's Project CyberSafe initiative is dedicated to helping firearm industry businesses and their employees stay informed and proactive, thereby enhancing their defenses against these evolving threats.



## SUICIDE PREVENTION

NSSF has partnered with the American Foundation for Suicide Prevention and the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs to develop suicide prevention resources for the firearm community. As a trusted industry voice, NSSF helps deliver these materials to retailers, ranges, and gun owners, promoting voluntary, temporary steps to reduce firearm access during times of crisis without compromising Second Amendment rights.



**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form 10-K**

☒ **ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2026

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD**

Commission file number 1-31552



**Smith & Wesson**

**Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc.**

*(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)*

Nevada

*(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)*

87-0543688

*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

**1852 Proffitt Springs Road  
Maryville, Tennessee 37801  
(800) 331-0852**

*(Address including zip code, and telephone number,  
including area code, of principal executive offices)*

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

*(Title of Class)*

Trading Symbols

*(Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered)*

**Common Stock, Par Value \$.001 per Share**

SWBI

**The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC**

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:**

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

|                         |                          |                           |                                     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Large accelerated filer | <input type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Non-accelerated filer   | <input type="checkbox"/> | Smaller reporting company | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Emerging growth company | <input type="checkbox"/> |                           |                                     |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404 (b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262 (b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant (43,827,792 shares) based on the last reported sale price of the registrant's common stock on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on October 31, 2025, which was the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was \$420,089,386. For purposes of this computation, all officers, directors, and 10% beneficial owners of the registrant are deemed to be affiliates. Such determination should not be deemed to be an admission that such officers, directors, or 10% beneficial owners are, in fact, affiliates of the registrant.

As of June 15, 2026, there were 44,727,068 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding at a par value of \$.001 per share.

**Documents Incorporated by Reference**

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K.

Auditor Firm Id: 185

Auditor Name: KPMG LLP

Auditor Location: Nashville, TN, USA



**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC.**  
**ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2026**

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Smith & Wesson®, S&W®, M&P®, M&P Shield®, Performance Center®, Abyss®, Airlite®, Airweight®, American Guardians®, Armornite®, Arrow®, Aurora-II®, Blast Jacket®, Bodyguard®, Carry Comp®, Chiefs Special®, Club 1852®, Competitor®, CSX®, Dagger®, Empowering Americans®, Eg-Series®, ETM®, EZ®, Flexmag®, G-Core®, Gemtech®, Gemtech Suppressors®, GM®, GM-S1®, Governor®, GVAC®, Integra®, Lady Smith®, Lever Lock®, Lunar®, M&P FPC®, M2.0®, Magnum®, Mist-22®, Mountain Gun®, Protected by Smith & Wesson®, Put A Legend On Your Line®, Quickmount®, Shield®, Silence is Golden®, Smith & Wesson Collectors Association®, Smith & Wesson Performance Center®, Smith & Wesson Precision Components®, Smith & Wesson Response®, SW Equalizer®, SW22 Victory®, TEMPO®, The S&W Bench®, The Sigma Series®, Trek®, Volunteer®, and Weather Shield® are some of the registered U.S. trademarks of our company or one of our subsidiaries. This Annual Report on Form 10-K also may contain trademarks and trade names of other companies.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes market and industry data that we obtained from industry publications, third-party studies and surveys, government agency sources, filings of public companies in our industry, and internal company surveys. Industry publications and surveys generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Although we believe the foregoing industry and market data to be reliable at the date of the report, this information could prove to be inaccurate as a result of a variety of matters.



## Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

The statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained or incorporated herein by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including statements regarding our future operating results, future financial position, business strategy, objectives, goals, plans, prospects, markets, and plans and objectives for future operations, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “targets,” “contemplates,” “projects,” “predicts,” “may,” “might,” “plan,” “will,” “would,” “should,” “could,” “can,” “potential,” “continue,” “objective,” or the negative of those terms, or similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements. However, not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Specific forward-looking statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K include statements regarding the impact, if any, of statements regarding our objectives, goals, strategies, plans, and focus, including our objective to be the undisputed market leader in the firearm industry; our plan to continue to introduce new products in fiscal 2027; our belief that by offering high-quality products and services on a timely and cost-effective basis, as well as providing world-class customer service, training, and support, we will drive customer satisfaction and loyalty; our intent to continue to streamline and standardize certain administrative functions of our business with a goal toward driving profitability and improving the ease with which our customers are able to do business with us; our intent to continue investing in systems to further enhance our efficiency, improve information reporting, and strengthen internal controls; our intent to continue our focus on developing, growing, and protecting our iconic firearm brands and using our cash flow from operations on actions that will maximize our return on invested capital, including by investing in machinery, equipment, and new product development; our goal to leverage our tradition of innovation in materials, performance, and engineering, along with our proven history of reliability, to produce feature-rich, safe, durable, accurate, and high-performing firearms that satisfy the needs of our broad range of customers; our intent to introduce new products to enhance our competitive position and broaden our participation in the overall market; our belief that our M&P branded pistol products are the most ergonomic, feature-rich, and innovative products on the market today; our belief that our manufacturing services provide us with increased flexibility and reduced supply chain risk; our belief that business-to-business sales provide profitable revenue stream diversification and enable us to maximize capacity utilization of our manufacturing assets; our belief that the loss of one or more of our top five commercial distributors in the United States would not materially impact sales; our belief that our digital platforms support future sales growth and profitability; our intent that the Academy will serve as a hub for industry shooting competitions and hospitality events for our customers and partners; our belief that our business is not materially dependent on any single patent; our belief that our Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands, including our S&W monogram trademarks, are known and recognized by the public worldwide and are important to our firearm business; our intention to vigorously pursue and challenge infringements of our patents, trademarks, service marks, trade dress, and copyrights, as we believe the goodwill associated with them is a cornerstone of our branding strategy; our belief that we can effectively compete with all our present competitors; that we may be required to remove hazardous waste or remediate the alleged effects of hazardous substances on the environment associated with past disposal practices at sites not owned by us; that we may become involved in various proceedings relating to environmental health and safety matters; our expectation, based on information known to us, that current environmental regulations or environmental proceedings and claims will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows; that additional or changing environmental regulation may become more burdensome in the future and any such development could materially and adversely affect us; our belief that our training and development programs lead to more valuable contributions and satisfaction for our employees within their existing roles and also positions employees for roles they aspire to attain; our belief that our employee relations are good and that the high quality of our employee base is instrumental to our success; our belief that the demand for our products was negatively impacted in recent years by unified Republican control of the executive and legislative branches of the federal government as a result of a perceived lower risk of federal gun control legislation and regulation; our expectation that we will continue to incur expenditures in order to comply with environmental requirements; our belief that we may become subject to governmental proceedings and orders pertaining to waste disposal, air emissions, and water discharges; our belief that our operations may cause contamination in the future; our belief that we could incur additional costs to clean up contamination that exceed the amount of our reserves, and our reserves may increase from time to time; our concern that our failure to comply with laws, regulation, and other requirements could cause us to incur fines and penalties, lead to restrictions on our ability to manufacture and sell our products and services, or otherwise negatively impact our ability to import or export the products that we sell; our concern that allegations that we have failed to comply with laws, regulation, and other requirements could also expose us to litigation and harm our reputation; that we may continue to be negatively impacted by tariffs policies in the future, as well as by any retaliatory tariffs



introduced by the United States' trading partners; our belief that high levels of inflation may continue to depress consumer demand for our products and reduce our profitability; our anticipation that we will continue to incur significant capital and other expenditures with respect to our Springfield facility, but we may not be successful in continuing to improve efficiencies; that we may be more likely than other companies to be a target for malicious disruptive activities or physical attacks on our senior leadership team or facilities given the industry within which we operate and our brand; our belief that maintaining a high level of brand recognition and a strong reputation are critical to our success, particularly with respect to retaining existing customers and attracting new customers; our belief that the value of our brand depends, in part, on the value consumers place on the quality of our products; our anticipation that we will continue to be involved in litigation, including product liability cases and claims in the future; we may be subject to governmental investigations and inquiries; that defects in our products could reduce demand for our products and result in a decrease in sales and market acceptance and damage to our reputation; our belief that period-to-period comparisons of our operating results may not be meaningful in the short term, and our performance in a particular period may not be indicative of our performance in any future period; our concern that we may struggle to identify qualified candidates who are comfortable or enthusiastic to work for a firearm business; our concern that if we fail to attract, motivate, train, and retain qualified personnel, or if we experience excessive turnover, we may experience declining sales, manufacturing delays or other operating inefficiencies, increased recruiting, training, and relocation costs, or other difficulties, and our business, financial condition, and results of operations may be materially and adversely impacted; our concern that the loss of key executive and management personnel to manage our business efficiently and effectively, particularly during a challenging market of attracting and retaining employees, could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations; our estimation that the annual domestic non-military firearm market based on industry shipments is approximately \$2.7 billion for handguns and \$1.7 billion for long guns, excluding shotguns; our belief that an expanding base of consumers combined with our strong brand reputation and attractive price points lend support to our goal of continuing to increase our market share; our expectation that our inventory levels will increase modestly during fiscal 2027; our current expectation that we will spend between \$40.0 million to \$45.0 million on capital expenditures in fiscal 2027; our belief that, based upon our current working capital position, current operating plans, and expected business conditions, our existing capital resources and credit facilities will be adequate to fund our operations for the next 12 months; our belief that if sufficient funds are not available or are not available on acceptable terms, our ability to take advantage of unexpected business opportunities or to respond to competitive pressures could be limited or severely constrained; our expectation that inflation will continue to impact us during fiscal 2027; our assessment of the effect of a variety of economic, social, political, legislative, and regulatory factors on our business; our view of the outcome of the lawsuits and claims to which we are subject and their effect on us; our assessment of future investments for capital expenditures; our assessment of future products and product developments; our belief about the features and performance of our products; our belief about the success of particular product or marketing programs; our view on future enterprise resource planning implementations and system improvements; our view on future enhancements to our manufacturing capabilities, and liquidity; and our anticipated cash needs and availability. All forward-looking statements included herein are based on information available to us as of the date hereof and speak only as of such date. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements. The forward-looking statements contained in or incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K reflect our views as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and changes in circumstances that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ significantly from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future events, results, performance, or achievements. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, economic, political, social, legislative, regulatory, inflationary and health factors; the potential for increased regulation of firearms and firearms-related products; actions of social activists that could have an adverse effect on our business; the impact of lawsuits; the demand for our products; the state of the U.S. economy in general and the firearm industry in particular; general economic conditions and consumer spending patterns; our competitive environment; the supply, availability, and costs of raw materials and components; the impact of tariffs; speculation surrounding fears of terrorism and crime; our anticipated growth and growth opportunities; our ability to increase demand for our products in various markets, including consumer, law enforcement, and military channels, domestically and internationally; our penetration rates in new and existing markets; our strategies; our ability to maintain and enhance brand recognition and reputation; our ability to introduce new products and the success of those products; our ability to expand our markets; the potential for cancellation of orders from our backlog; and other factors detailed from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, including the factors discussed under Item 1A, "Risk Factors."



## **Risk Factors Summary**

Our business, operating results, and financial condition may be materially and adversely affected by the nature and impact of certain risks. Set forth below is a summary list of the principal risk factors as of the date of the filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

- Our performance is impacted by a variety of economic, political, social, legislative, and regulatory factors.
- Our business is subject to extensive regulation.
- We face risks associated with international activities.
- We are exposed to protectionist trade restrictions, including tariffs and potential trade laws.
- High levels of inflation have adversely affected us and may continue to adversely affect us.
- We must continue to introduce new products that are successful in the marketplace.
- We are subject to risks associated with the Relocation.
- Our operating facilities are critical to our success, and we may incur business disruptions.
- We rely on our supply chain for our production, and any interruptions in these arrangements could disrupt our ability to fill our customers' orders.
- We may be unable to forecast demand for our products accurately.
- We may fail to align our capacity with demand for our products.
- Shortages of and price increases for components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies may delay or reduce our sales and increase our costs.
- Our business is highly dependent upon our brand recognition and reputation.
- Poor product quality or performance, or defects in our products, could harm us.
- We face intense competition.
- We may be unsuccessful in making and integrating mergers, acquisitions, and investments, and completing divestitures.
- We may have difficulty collecting amounts owed to us.
- Liability insurance coverage is expensive and may be difficult to obtain at commercially reasonable rates, or at all.
- We are subject to lawsuits and governmental investigations and inquiries.
- Our business involves the potential for product recalls and product liability and other claims against us.
- We produce or source and sell products that create exposure to potential product liability, warranty liability, and personal injury claims and litigation.
- We may be unable to protect our intellectual property or obtain the right to use intellectual property from third parties.
- We may incur substantial expenses and devote significant resources in prosecuting others for their unauthorized use of our intellectual property rights.
- Interruptions in the proper functioning of our information systems or other issues with our ERP systems could disrupt our operations.
- We are subject to cybersecurity risks, including risks related to customer, employee, vendor, and other company data.
- Our operating results may involve significant fluctuations.



- The trading price of our common stock has fluctuated widely in the past and may fluctuate widely in the future.
- Actions of stockholder activists could cause us to incur substantial costs and divert management's attention and our resources.
- Our ability to operate our business efficiently may be adversely impacted if service providers and other businesses that permit firearm-related activities refuse to work with us.
- We operate in a challenging market for talent and may fail to attract, motivate, train, and retain qualified personnel, including key personnel.
- Nevada law could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us and discourage a takeover.
- Our use of artificial intelligence, or AI, may adversely impact our business.
- We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the past and may identify material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the future that could result in material misstatements in our financial statements.



## PART I

### Item 1. *Business*

#### Introduction

#### General

We are one of the world's leading manufacturers and designers of firearms. We manufacture a wide array of handguns (including revolvers and pistols), long guns (including modern sporting rifles, pistol caliber carbines, and lever-action rifles), handcuffs, firearm suppressors, and other firearm-related products for sale to a wide variety of customers, including firearm enthusiasts, collectors, hunters, sportsmen, competitive shooters, individuals desiring home and personal protection, law enforcement and security agencies and officers, and military agencies in the United States and throughout the world. We sell our products under the Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands. We manufacture our products at our facilities in Maryville, Tennessee; Springfield, Massachusetts; and Houlton, Maine. We also sell our manufacturing services under our Smith & Wesson and Smith & Wesson Precision Components brands to other businesses to attempt to level-load our factories.

Smith & Wesson was founded in 1852 by Horace Smith and Daniel B. Wesson. Mr. Wesson purchased Mr. Smith's interest in 1873. The Wesson family sold Smith & Wesson to Bangor Punta Corp. in 1965. Lear Siegler Corporation purchased Bangor Punta in 1984, thereby acquiring ownership of Smith & Wesson. Forstmann Little & Co. purchased Lear Siegler in 1986 and sold Smith & Wesson shortly thereafter to Tomkins Corporation, an affiliate of U.K.-based Tomkins PLC. We purchased Smith & Wesson from Tomkins in 2001 and renamed our company Smith & Wesson Holding Corporation. In 2017, we changed the name of our company from Smith & Wesson Holding Corporation to American Outdoor Brands Corporation. In 2020, in preparation for the spin-off of our outdoor products and accessories business, or the Separation, which was completed on August 24, 2020, we changed our name to Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. In 2021, we announced our plan to move our headquarters and significant elements of our operations to Maryville, Tennessee in 2023, or the Relocation.

We maintain our principal executive offices at 1852 Proffitt Springs Road, Maryville, Tennessee 37801. Our telephone number is (800) 331-0852. Our website is located at [www.smith-wesson.com](http://www.smith-wesson.com). Through our website, we make available free of charge our annual reports on Form 10-K, our proxy statements, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, our current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to any of these documents filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. These documents are available as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file them with the SEC. We also post on our website the charters of our Audit, Compensation, and Nominations and Corporate Governance Committees; our Corporate Governance Guidelines, our Code of Conduct, and any amendments or waivers thereto; and any other corporate governance materials contemplated by the regulations of the SEC and the Nasdaq Global Select Market. These documents are also available in print by contacting our corporate secretary at our executive offices.

Unless the context indicates otherwise, the terms "we," "our," "ours," "us," and "our company" refer to Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. "Common stock" refers to the common stock, par value \$.001 per share, of our company. Our most recently completed fiscal year ended on April 30, 2026, or fiscal 2026.

#### Strategy

Our objective is to be the undisputed market leader in the firearm industry. Key elements of our strategy to achieve this objective are as follows:

##### *Drive Organic Growth by Leveraging Brands and Designing Innovative New Products*

We are focused on driving organic growth by producing a robust new product pipeline and leveraging our brands to help us to increase market share in the markets in which we participate and to expand into adjacent and complementary markets by (1) capitalizing on the goodwill developed through our historic, more than 170 year old "Smith & Wesson" brand; (2) enhancing our relationships with distributors, key retailers, and buying groups; and



(3) introducing new products. During the last two fiscal years, we have introduced numerous new products, including variations and product lines around the Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands. We plan to continue to introduce new products in fiscal 2027.

*Design, Produce, and Market High-Quality Products that Drive Customer Satisfaction and Loyalty*

We are focused on designing, producing, and marketing high-quality, innovative firearms and related accessories that meet the needs and desires of our consumer and professional customers and that drive customer satisfaction and loyalty. Our research and development, product engineering, product manufacturing, component sourcing, marketing, and distribution activities are critical components of our ability to offer successful products. We believe that by offering high-quality products and services on a timely and cost-effective basis, as well as providing world-class customer service, training, and support, we will drive customer satisfaction and loyalty. We regard our high-quality, innovative products as the most important aspect of our customer satisfaction and loyalty, but we also offer customer service and support with various programs, such as toll-free customer support numbers, e-mail customer question and answer communications, broad service policies, and product warranties.

*Create a Leverageable Infrastructure by Streamlining and Standardizing our Business Operations*

We intend to continue to streamline and standardize certain administrative functions of our business with a goal toward driving profitability and improving the ease with which our customers are able to do business with us. A streamlined and standardized approach requires investing in an integrated and configurable technology infrastructure in areas such as enterprise resource planning, or ERP, customer relationship management, and compliance. We intend to continue investing in such systems to further enhance our efficiency, improve information reporting, and strengthen internal controls.

*Deploy our Cash Flow in Such a Manner so as to Maximize Return on Invested Capital*

During fiscal 2026, we generated a total of \$114.2 million in cash from operations. During the same period, we invested \$28.2 million in cash to acquire property, equipment, patents, and marketable securities, distributed \$23.2 million in dividends, and paid \$60.0 million on our revolving line of credit. We intend to continue our focus on developing, growing, and protecting our iconic firearm brands and using our cash flow from operations on actions that will maximize our return on invested capital, including by investing in machinery, equipment, and new product development.

## **Products**

*Introduction*

Our products combine our legacy of more than 170 years of American manufacturing and engineering expertise with modern technological advances. Driven by the needs of the individual firearm owner, we continually strive to improve the experience of buying, owning, and shooting a firearm. We also strive to leverage our tradition of innovation in materials, performance, and engineering, along with our proven history of reliability, to produce feature-rich, safe, durable, accurate, and high-performing firearms that satisfy the needs of our broad range of customers. Our introduction of new products is intended to enhance our competitive position and broaden our participation in the overall market.

We have always been a leader in the revolver market. We have substantially enhanced the breadth and quality of our portfolio of products over the years. The introduction of our popular M&P pistol in 2005 resulted in us becoming one of the leaders in the polymer pistol market, serving both the consumer sporting goods market and professional law enforcement and military marketplace. The launch of our M&P modern sporting rifle in 2006 enabled us to capture what we estimate is the leading share of the modern sporting rifle market. In 2023, we further expanded and strengthened our position in the broader long-gun market with the introduction of new pistol caliber carbine offerings, the M&P FPC and Response rifles. In 2024, we introduced our first ever lever-action rifle, the Model 1854. We currently participate in three categories of the long gun market: semi-automatic rifles, lever-action rifles, and shotguns, and both core categories of the handgun market: semi-automatic pistols and revolvers. The

addition of our Gemtech branded firearm suppressor products in 2017 expanded our firearm-related product offerings. Our firearm suppressors are compatible with most pistols and rifles on the market and complement our firearm products.

### *Product Development*

All of our firearms and firearm-related products are sold under our Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands. Our customers include distributors; federal, state, and municipal law enforcement agencies and officers; government and military agencies; and retailers.

Our product development strategy is to understand our consumers' needs and preferences and then design and develop products to uniquely meet those requirements. Throughout this process, we test multiple concepts with firearm owners and potential purchasers. We compare these test results against a growing database of prior concepts to identify those with the greatest market potential. We complete additional market research to optimize the desired features and benefits. While this development process is ongoing, our launch timing for new products depends on market conditions to maximize sales across the entire product portfolio.

In fiscal 2026, we introduced a number of new products, including (i) in the micro handgun conceal carry pistol category, the latest iteration of the BodyGuard 2.0 and the Performance Center BodyGuard 2.0 Carry Comp; (ii) the expansion of our Model 1854 Lever-Action Rifle series in 30-30 and 360 Buckhammer calibers; (iii) the expansion of the M&P FPC in 22LR and 5.7 calibers; (iv) the expansion of our M&P line to include the new steel frame M&P HD and M&P HD Competitor chambered in 9mm, as well as the new M&P 22X; (v) the expansion of our revolver line to include several new no-lock Classic revolvers and our new Mountain Gun and Night Guard revolvers; and (vi) new accessories and ecommerce products, including a range of aftermarket slides, barrels, grips, magazines, and branded merchandise.

Our customers continue to demand premium firearms that provide a competitive edge in sport shooting and hunting. Our Performance Center products are engineered and manufactured to meet this need, and they incorporate many custom features not found in our standard products, such as enhanced triggers for smoother trigger pull, ported barrels for better muzzle control, and specialty sights for quicker target acquisition. In fiscal 2026, we introduced our sixth annual Performance Center Spec Series M&P pistol and our first-ever Spec Series R Revolver. We also introduced several line extensions for our popular Performance Center Carry Comp lineup that offers premium features, including an integrated port and tuned trigger for reduced felt recoil and better on-target performance. New Carry Comp models included the BodyGuard 2.0, the Equalizer 9mm, the Shield X 9mm, and the M&P 10mm 2.0.

In fiscal 2026, we also introduced innovative new products in our Gemtech line of firearm suppressors, including the Nebula 5.7.

### *Handguns*

We manufacture an extensive variety of handgun models that includes revolvers and pistols. A revolver is a handgun with a cylinder that holds the ammunition in a series of rotating chambers that are successively aligned with the barrel of the firearm during each firing cycle. There are two general types of revolvers: single-action and double-action. To fire a single-action revolver, the hammer is pulled back to cock the firearm and align the cylinder before the trigger is pulled. To fire a double-action revolver, a single trigger pull advances the cylinder as it cocks and releases the hammer. A pistol is a handgun in which the ammunition chamber is an integral part of the barrel, which is fed ammunition from a magazine contained in the grip. The firing cycle ejects the spent casings and loads a new round into the chamber.

We have long been known as an innovator and leader in the revolver market and most of our revolvers are currently marketed under the Smith & Wesson brand. We sell a wide range of sizes from small-frame revolvers used primarily for concealed carry and personal protection to large-frame revolvers used primarily for recreational and competitive sport shooting. Our extra-large frame revolvers primarily address the handgun-hunting market.



Our small-frame revolvers have been carried by law enforcement personnel and personal defense-minded citizens for over 150 years. Our revolvers are available in a variety of models and calibers, with applications in virtually all professional and consumer markets. In fiscal 2025, we expanded our line of revolvers that are designed to enhance the personal carry experience, continuing our innovative leadership in the category. These Ultimate Carry revolvers are chambered in 38 Special and 32 H&R Magnum and feature enhanced grips, sights, and triggers that are designed to enhance the shooting experience.

Our “Classics” department makes it possible to own historic firearms that are manufactured today but modeled after original favorites, such as the Model 29, which was made famous by the movie character Dirty Harry. These firearms are newly crafted with designs that take advantage of some of the most famous and collectible firearms that we have ever made. Our Classics department also makes commemorative firearms and employs master engravers to craft one of a kind custom firearms. These custom-made firearms are intended to reflect the skill and vision of the master engraver and the artistic expression of the owner. We offer a number of catalog variations of Classics and engraved Classics to our customers.

We offer pistols under our Smith & Wesson brand. Our full size and compact M&P line of pistol products have been engineered with input from professional users and are designed to offer performance, safety, and durability that meet the standards of global law enforcement and military personnel, as well as features attractive to consumers. We believe that our M&P branded pistol products are the most ergonomic, feature-rich, and innovative products on the market today. Our range of full-size and compact M&P pistol products are made with a polymer, aluminum, or steel frame, a rigid stainless-steel chassis, and a black, through-hardened corrosion resistant finished stainless-steel barrel and slide for durability. Our M&P pistol products feature patented and easily changed palm swell grips in four sizes, allowing the user to customize grips in a matter of seconds; a passive trigger safety to prevent the pistol from firing if dropped; a flat face trigger for consistent finger placement, an enlarged trigger guard to accommodate gloved hands; a sear lever release that eliminates the need to press the trigger in order to disassemble the firearm; an ambidextrous slide stop and reversible magazine release to accommodate right- and left-handed shooters; an optional internal locking system and magazine safety; and a universal equipment rail to allow the addition of accessories, including lights and lasers.

In fiscal 2012, we entered the growing personal protection and concealed carry market with the launch of the M&P Shield pistol. The M&P Shield features a slim concealable profile, 9mm, 380 Auto, 40 S&W, and 45 Auto calibers, and M&P ergonomics. Since the launch of the M&P Shield, we have introduced several additional models, including the Shield Plus with enhanced features and capacity, and most recently, the award-winning Bodyguard 2.0. In fiscal 2026, we launched our latest Shield innovations, the Shield X and the Performance Center Shield X Carry Comp chambered in 9mm, with improved ergonomics.

Our Performance Center department has been providing specialized products and services for the most demanding shooting sports enthusiasts since 1990. To meet the requirements of law enforcement professionals, competitive shooters, collectors, and discriminating sports enthusiasts who demand superior products, our Performance Center personnel conceptualize, engineer, and craft products to create enhanced versions of our standard products. Our craftsmen are highly skilled and experienced gunsmiths. Performance Center products are typically made in limited production quantities, although we offer a number of catalog variations in order to increase product availability.

### *Long Guns*

Our modern sporting rifles are designed to satisfy the functionality and reliability needs of recreational, personal, defense, and professional users, including global military, law enforcement, and security personnel. These long guns are popular with consumers as hunting, personal protection, and sporting target rifles. We offer two pistol caliber carbines, the M&P FPC chambered in 9mm, 40 S&W, 10mm, 5.7, and 22LR and the Response, chambered in 9mm. We offer the M&P and Volunteer series modern sporting rifles in five different calibers (22LR, 5.56mm NATO (223), 308 Winchester (7.62x51mm), 6.5 Creedmoor, and 6mm ARC). We also offer upper assemblies so firearm owners can easily modify their modern sporting rifles to suit the needs and tasks of the various forms of sport shooting and hunting. Our broad product portfolio of modern sporting rifles includes a .22 caliber model, an opening price-point sport model, a hunting caliber model for longer range effectiveness, and several models designed for professional users.

In fiscal 2026, we continued to expand our lever-action offerings, building on the success of the Model 1854, which was introduced in fiscal 2024. This expansion included new caliber introductions in 30-30 and 360 Buckhammer.

In fiscal 2025, we introduced the M&P 4 select-fire rifle, chambered in 5.56mm NATO, which is our first such offering to our law enforcement and military customers.

#### *Other Products and Manufacturing Services*

Our other products and manufacturing services include the following:

*Parts:* We sell parts to support our firearm business, including barrels and magazines that are manufactured at our facilities or purchased from third parties.

*Handcuffs:* We are one of the largest manufacturers of handcuffs and restraints in the United States. We fabricate these products from the highest-grade carbon or stainless steel. Our patented Lever Lock cuffs offer a double-locking system for added security and comfort, without extra tools or keys. Internal locks help prevent tampering and smooth ratchets allow for swift cuffing and an extra measure of safety. We are able to customize handcuffs to fit customer specifications.

*Firearm Suppressors:* We are one of the nation's oldest firearm suppressor manufacturers and an active participant in the firearm suppressor market around the world. We believe our Gemtech branded firearm suppressors have been involved in setting standards used by the military in suppressor testing, implementation, and safety. Our firearm suppressors are constructed from high grade aluminum, steel, or titanium and are compatible with every major type of rimfire and centerfire pistol and centerfire rifle caliber currently on the market.

*Manufacturing Services:* We utilize our substantial manufacturing capabilities to provide services to third-party customers. Our manufacturing services include forging, heat treating, rapid prototyping, tooling, finishing, plating, and machining. We believe our manufacturing services provide us with increased flexibility and reduced supply chain risk. We also believe that business-to-business sales provide profitable revenue stream diversification and enable us to maximize capacity utilization of our manufacturing assets. We market our manufacturing services under the Smith & Wesson and Smith & Wesson Precision Components brand names.

### **Marketing, Sales, and Distribution**

#### *General*

We go to market in a variety of ways, including two-step distribution, strategic retailers, and buying groups consisting of certain large, regional retailers, utilizing direct sales employees to service these customers. We also sell firearms directly to law enforcement agencies and manufacturing services directly to other businesses. We sell internationally, primarily through distributors, which, in turn, sell to retail stores and government agencies. We also sell aftermarket accessories and branded merchandise direct to consumers on our ecommerce website.

Our top five commercial distributors in the United States accounted for a total of 46%, 45%, and 46% of our net sales for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively. Those commercial distributors are not regionally exclusive and have many of the same dealer customers. Therefore, we believe that the loss of one or more of these distributors would not materially impact sales as the remaining distributors would be allocated additional sales.

We sell our products worldwide. International sales accounted for approximately 4%, 5%, and 5% of our net sales for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively. We own tooling that is located at various suppliers in Asia and North America.



For the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, marketing, advertising, and promotion expenses were \$13.7 million, \$15.2 million, and \$14.7 million, respectively, excluding the cost of rebates and promotions reflected in gross profit.

We market our products using a multi-faceted approach to consumers through independent dealers, large retailers, in-store retail channels, direct to consumer, and range operations using focused marketing and promotional campaigns, which include print, broadcast, and digital advertising campaigns; social and electronic media; and in-store retail merchandising strategies. We are prominently featured in vertical print media, including editorial coverage in an extensive list of leading firearms and outdoor magazines, including *Guns & Ammo*, *American Rifleman*, *Shooting Times*, *American Handgunner*, *Shooting Illustrated*, *American Hunter*, *Outdoor Life*, and *Field & Stream*. We also sponsor many outdoor television, internet, and online programs that generate significant editorial exposure. We sponsor a number of firearm safety, shooting, and hunting events and organizations.

We print various product marketing collateral that are distributed to our dealers and mailed directly, on a limited basis, to consumers. We also attend various trade shows and expositions, such as the Shooting, Hunting, Outdoor Trade, or SHOT Show, the National Association of Sporting Goods Wholesalers Annual Expo, the International Association of Chiefs of Police Annual Conference & Expo, the Association of the United States Army, or AUSA, Annual Meeting & Exposition, the IWA OutdoorClassics/EnforceTac international trade fair in Europe, and various distributor, buying group, and consumer shows.

#### *Digital Marketing*

We utilize our websites, including [www.smith-wesson.com](http://www.smith-wesson.com) and [www.gemtech.com](http://www.gemtech.com), to market our products and services and to provide a wide range of information regarding our company to customers, consumers, dealers, distributors, investors, and government and law enforcement agencies worldwide. Social media platforms, such as Facebook, Instagram, YouTube, LinkedIn, and X (formerly Twitter), are effective ways for us to communicate the features and benefits of our products. Our direct-to-consumer e-mail marketing helps us to further engage our consumers and communicate the value of our brands. We continue to invest in new digital marketing capabilities to provide best-in-class customer experiences. Our websites are designed to inform, inspire, and prepare our customers for the next step in their firearms journey. We believe our digital platforms support future sales growth and profitability. In fiscal 2025, we introduced a direct-to-consumer e-commerce website to offer non-serialized parts, accessories, and branded goods.

#### *Service and Support*

We utilize a variety of methods for supporting our consumers and dealers. We have a toll-free customer service number, e-mail, and social media messaging to answer questions and resolve issues regarding our products. In addition, we offer a limited one-year warranty program and a lifetime service policy under which we repair defects in material or workmanship in our products, without charge, for as long as the original purchaser owns the firearm. We also maintain a number of authorized warranty centers throughout the world and provide both warranty and charge repair services at our facilities. In fiscal 2026, we launched the Smith & Wesson Academy, or the Academy, complete with a pistol range, shoot house, and 300-yard rifle range in Maryville, TN. The Academy services the civilian and professional market with world class firearms training and instruction. The Academy has become instrumental in product testing and business development. Additionally, we intend that the Academy will serve as a hub for industry shooting competitions and hospitality events for our customers and partners.

#### **Suppliers**

We manufacture most of the components for our firearms, but purchase certain components and parts, including bolt carriers, rifle receivers, magazines, small parts, and rifle stocks, from third parties. We also purchase ammunition for product testing. Most of our major suppliers are U.S. based and provide materials, components, and parts, such as steel, polymer components, and metal-injected-molded components. The costs of these materials, components, and parts are at competitive rates. We have become less dependent on any particular supplier by strategically sourcing parts and raw material from multiple suppliers based on quality, cost, and risk. Whenever appropriate, we ensure that we have primary and secondary sources of supply for critical parts and components. We are also able to leverage our supply base to supplement our internal capacity and provide flexibility in our response

to changes in market conditions. We use numerous raw materials, such as steel, wood, lead, brass, and plastics, in producing and testing our products. We have alternative sources for these raw materials.

## **Facilities**

We have four manufacturing facilities at which we produce our products: a 645,000 square-foot facility located in Maryville, Tennessee; a 575,000 square-foot facility located in Springfield, Massachusetts; and two facilities totaling 44,000 square-feet located in Houlton, Maine. We conduct plastic injection molding, assembly, and distribution services from our Maryville facility. We conduct certain machining, assembly, and manufacturing services at our Springfield facility. We machine non-serialized firearm parts and manufacture handcuffs and other restraint devices in our Houlton facilities. All of these facilities are ISO 9001 certified.

We perform most of the machining and all of the assembly, inspection, and testing of the firearms that we sell in our own facilities. We produce our major firearm components utilizing computer-assisted machines. Our skilled employees use sophisticated automated testing equipment to ensure the proper functioning of our firearms. Every firearm is test fired before shipment. Our Maryville facility operates primarily on three shift patterns: a five-day, 8-hour shift schedule. Our Springfield facility operates primarily on two shift patterns: a seven day, 12-hour rotating shift schedule and a five day, 8-hour shift schedule. Our Houlton facilities operate primarily on three shift patterns: a seven day, 12-hour shift schedule, a five day, 8-hour shift, and a four day, 10-hour shift schedule.

We are party to a lease agreement, dated October 26, 2017, between us and Ryan Boone County, LLC, or the Original Missouri Landlord, concerning certain real property located in Boone County, Missouri on which we had been operating our distribution center, or the Missouri Lease, as well as a related payment and performance guaranty, dated October 26, 2017, in favor of the Original Missouri Landlord. As part of the Relocation, on January 31, 2023, we entered into (i) an assignment and assumption agreement with American Outdoor Brands, Inc., our former wholly owned subsidiary, or AOUT (which became effective on January 1, 2024), pursuant to which AOUT assumed all of our rights, entitlement, and obligations in, to, and under the Missouri Lease, or the Assignment and Assumption Agreement, and (ii) an amended and restated guaranty in favor of RCS-S&W Facility, LLC, as successor in interest to the Original Missouri Landlord, pursuant to which Smith & Wesson Sales Company was added as a guarantor, or the Amended and Restated Guaranty. Because of the Amended and Restated Guaranty, we continue to account for this lease as we have since prior to the Relocation. Effective January 1, 2024, we vacated the Missouri distribution center. Assets from the Missouri distribution center that we could no longer use were sold to AOUT, and we relocated all remaining assets to our Maryville facility.

We seek to minimize inventory costs through an integrated planning and production system. All facilities operate utilizing SAP, a fully integrated ERP system.

## **Research and Development**

Through our advanced products engineering departments, we enhance existing products and develop new products for our business. Through our research and development personnel, we conceive, design, and develop potential products that we believe will be attractive to our customers and help address the needs, wants, and desires of our target consumer base. In so doing, we must seek to anticipate and respond to trends and shifts in consumer preferences by continually adjusting our product mix with innovative features and designs and marketing them in an effective manner. Prior to introducing any product, we assess its cost of production and delivery, estimate its potential sales volume and margin, and conduct vigorous prototype and production-quality sample testing. In fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, our gross spending on research activities relating to the development of new products was \$10.3 million, \$9.6 million, and \$7.3 million, respectively. As of April 30, 2026, we had 46 employees at our various facilities engaged in ongoing research and development activities for all of our brands.

## **Patents, Trademarks, and Copyrights**

We recognize the importance of innovation and protecting our intellectual property. Accordingly, we own numerous patents related to our products. We apply for patents whenever we develop innovative new products, unique designs, or processes of commercial importance. We do not believe that our business is materially dependent on any single patent.



Because of the significance of our brand names, our trademarks, service marks, trade dress, and copyrights are also important to our business. We have an active global program of trademark registration, monitoring, and enforcement. We believe that our Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands, including our S&W monogram trademarks, are known and recognized by the public worldwide and are important to our firearm business.

We intend to vigorously pursue and challenge infringements of our patents, trademarks, service marks, trade dress, and copyrights, as we believe the goodwill associated with them is a cornerstone of our branding strategy.

## **Competition**

We encounter rigorous competition in the firearms industry from both domestic and foreign manufacturers. Although some competitors manufacture as wide a variety of firearms as we do, most of our competitors manufacture only certain types of firearms. We are one of the largest manufacturers of handguns, rifles, and handcuffs in the United States. We compete primarily based upon innovation, quality, reliability, durability, price, performance, consumer brand awareness, and customer service and support. Our customer service organization is proactive in offering timely responses to customer inquiries. We believe we can effectively compete with all our present competitors. Our primary competitors are Colt, Ruger, and Taurus in the revolver market; Glock, Ruger, Sig Sauer, Springfield Armory, and Taurus in the pistol market; Daniel Defense, Diamondback, Ruger, Sig Sauer, and Springfield Armory in the semi-automatic rifle market; and Ruger and Henry in the lever-action rifle market.

## **Customers**

We sell our products through a variety of federally licensed distribution channels. Depending upon the product or service, our customers include distributors; federal, state, and municipal law enforcement agencies and officers; government and military agencies; and retailers. We also sell non-serialized parts, accessories, and apparel to retail consumers through our new e-commerce platform.

We grant payment terms to most commercial customers ranging from 20 to 60 days. However, in some instances, we provide longer payment terms.

During fiscal 2026, sales into our professional channel accounted for approximately 7.0% of our net sales, which included state and local law enforcement agencies, the federal government, and international customers. The remaining 93.0% of our net sales was through federal firearm licensees to domestic consumers.

## **Seasonality**

Our business is seasonal with sales generally peaking in our fourth fiscal quarter, which ends April 30, because most industry events and distributor shows are normally scheduled during the early spring months. In addition, because of our operating schedule, which includes a summer and a winter shutdown of our manufacturing facilities, we have an increased number of operating days in our fourth fiscal quarter, which allows our shipping and production volumes to exceed other quarters. Seasonality, however, can be disrupted by external events, such as results of federal, state, and local elections and periodic social and political unrest, crime, and other factors that may drive sales or impact channel inventories.

## **Governmental Regulations of Firearms**

Our business is primarily regulated by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, or ATF, which licenses the manufacture, sale, and import of firearms and firearm suppressors in the United States. The ATF conducts periodic audits of our facilities that hold federal firearms licenses.

There are also various state laws, regulations, and local ordinances relating to firearm characteristics, features, sales, and firearm magazine capacities. Firearm industry members must comply with federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and ordinances pertaining to firearm, firearm suppressor, magazine, parts, and accessory sales within their jurisdictions. We manufacture several firearm models and magazines in various capacities that comply with those laws, regulations, and ordinances for sales in those states and localities. In Massachusetts, for example, there

are regulations related to the weight of the trigger pull, barrel length, material strength, and independent testing of handguns. California, Connecticut, Maryland, New Jersey, and New York, as well as other states, the District of Columbia, and other localities, have similar laws, ordinances, and restrictions. In addition, certain states and the District of Columbia have implemented laws related to microstamping. Generally, these laws require any new pistols to contain a microstamping mechanism, which must be able to etch or imprint an array of characters that identify the make, model, and serial number of a pistol onto each cartridge case when the pistol is fired. No commercially produced firearm has utilized the microstamping process, which many consider to be infeasible, and we have no plans to utilize any microstamping feature in our firearms. While these microstamping laws do not currently restrict our product offerings because of ongoing viability studies or legal challenges, in the future, they may restrict our ability to sell our products into these jurisdictions.

Warnings and instructions concerning the safe operation of our firearms and firearm suppressors are contained in the safety and instruction manuals included in all boxes in which firearms and firearm suppressors are shipped and are also available for download from our Smith & Wesson and Gemtech websites.

### **Environmental Health and Safety**

We are subject to numerous federal, state, and local laws and regulations that regulate the health and safety of our workforce, including those regulations monitored by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration, or OSHA, the National Fire Protection Association, and the Department of Public Health. Though not exhaustive, examples of applicable regulations include confined space safety, walking and working surfaces, machine guarding, and life safety.

We are also subject to numerous federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations concerning, among other things, emissions to the air; discharges to land, surface, subsurface strata and water; and the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment, and disposal of hazardous waste and other materials. These laws require us to make significant expenditures of both a capital and expense nature. Several of the more significant federal laws applicable to our operations include the Clean Air Act; the Clean Water Act; the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, or CERCLA; and the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or RCRA.

We are required to remediate hazardous waste at our facilities. Currently, we own a designated site in Springfield, Massachusetts that contains two release areas, which are the focus of remediation projects as part of the Massachusetts Contingency Plan, or MCP. The MCP provides a structured environment for the voluntary remediation of regulated releases. We may be required to remove hazardous waste or remediate the alleged effects of hazardous substances on the environment associated with past disposal practices at sites not owned by us. We have received notice that we are a potentially responsible party from the Environmental Protection Agency and/or individual states under CERCLA or a state equivalent at two sites.

In our efforts to satisfy our environmental responsibilities and to comply with environmental laws and regulations, we have established, and periodically update, policies relating to the environmental standards of performance for our operations. We have in place programs that monitor compliance with various federal, state, and local environmental regulations. However, in the normal course of our manufacturing operations, we are subject to governmental proceedings and orders pertaining to waste disposal, air emissions, and water discharges from our operations into the environment. We regularly incur substantial capital and operating costs to comply with environmental laws, including remediation of known environmental conditions which we fund through cash flows from operations. We spent \$1.9 million, \$1.7 million, and \$1.5 million in fiscal 2026, 2025 and 2024, respectively, on environmental compliance, primarily related to disposal fees and containers.

In the normal course of our business, we may become involved in various proceedings relating to environmental health and safety matters, and we are currently engaged in an environmental investigation and remediation. Our manufacturing facilities are located on properties with long histories of industrial use, including the use of hazardous substances. We have identified soil and groundwater contamination at our Springfield facility that we continue to monitor and remediate, as appropriate. Based on the situation, an environmental reserve may be recorded based upon currently enacted laws and regulations, currently available facts, experience in remediation efforts, existing technology, and the ability of other potentially responsible parties or contractually liable parties to pay the allocated portions of any environmental obligations. As of April 30, 2026, we did not have an open environmental reserve recorded in our consolidated balance sheet.



Based on information known to us, we do not expect current environmental regulations or environmental proceedings and claims to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. However, it is not possible to predict with certainty the impact on us of future environmental compliance requirements or of the cost of resolution of future environmental health and safety proceedings and claims, in part because the scope of the remedies that may be required is not certain, liability under federal environmental laws is joint and several in nature, and environmental laws and regulations are subject to modification and changes in interpretation. Additional or changing environmental regulation may become more burdensome in the future, and any such development could materially and adversely affect us.

## **Human Capital**

Creating a positive work environment for our employees is critical to our ability to successfully execute our strategy. We are committed to a strong, healthy culture focused on respect for all employees, creating and sustaining a family atmosphere united under a clear vision, with the understanding of each function and individual's responsibility for team results, collective pride in our company and our industry, and shared rewards for results. In order to ensure that we embody our values and that our culture remains healthy and strong, we place significant focus on our human resources.

### *Training & Development*

Attraction, development, and retention of employees is critical to our success. We offer training and development programs to encourage advancement from within, including the following:

- tuition reimbursement for undergraduate or advanced degrees;
- computer numerical control, or CNC, machine training in conjunction with a local community college;
- wastewater treatment operator training leading to licensure;
- reimbursement for continuing professional education for our professionally licensed employees;
- other in-house and cross-functional training to aid with career advancement; and
- an intern program for college students.

We believe that this training and development leads to more valuable contributions and satisfaction for our employees within their existing roles and also positions employees for roles they aspire to attain. The intern program serves as a talent pipeline for future hires, as well as an opportunity for us to receive fresh perspectives and ideas, to introduce college students to our brand and increase positive employer branding, and to contribute to beneficial community engagement. Finally, we conduct periodic compliance and industry training for employees on various topics that are important to our business, including sexual harassment, anti-corruption, and cybersecurity, among others.

### *Talent Acquisition*

Our Talent Acquisition team focuses on ensuring that our workforce is representative of the local communities in which we operate and that our business is open and welcoming to everyone. This commitment extends to all levels of our organization, including within senior management and our Board of Directors. We are committed to hiring qualified candidates without regard to race, color, religion, age, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, national origin, disability, marital status, citizenship status, veteran status, military status, or any other protected category under applicable law.

Our Talent Acquisition team emphasizes recruiting and retaining a talented workforce with special focus on hiring veterans, whenever possible. Annual voluntary turnover for fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024 was approximately 13%, 15%, and 16%, respectively.

We utilize third-party tools and databases to review compensation practices on an annual basis to ensure we pay all employees fairly. We engage the services of benefit consultants to provide expert advice on the development of benefit designs and offerings, current market trends, exposure to loss, and various contract provisions. We also partner with various recruiting services to expand our ability to attract a qualified workforce, as needed.

### *Health and Safety*

Our employee assistance program is supplemented by Cigna behavioral health tools in order to support employees' mental, as well as physical health, needs.

We have a documented education and training plan to ensure employees are well trained on safety measures throughout the organization. We offer more than 55 different types of training, including lecture, classroom setting, and hands-on training to ensure our employees have the knowledge needed to ensure their safety, as well as the safety of others. The success of our training program has allowed us to maintain a relatively low level of safety claims and reduce lost work hours. Our calendar year 2025 and 2024 total recordable incident rate, or TRIR, of 1.88 and 2.3, respectively, and lost time incident rate, or LTIR, of 0.32 and 0.6, respectively, compares favorably to the latest OSHA industry data. According to OSHA, for our NAICS industry code, the calendar year 2024 and 2023 TRIR was 1.9 and 2.3, and the LTIR was 0.6 and 0.6, respectively. Our calendar year 2025 and 2024 near miss frequency rate was 2.85 and 1.9, respectively, and we did not have any fatalities in either year.

### *Total Rewards*

Competitive pay and benefits have always been a highlight of our employee experience. We offer comprehensive benefit programs to our employees that allow them flexibility of choice through our total rewards framework of pay and service recognition, health and wellness, financial well-being, work/life balance, culture and community, and learning and development.

We are committed to ensuring that all of our employees are paid a fair wage. To that end, we offer generous wages and benefits to our employees, including the following:

- a comprehensive medical, dental, and vision plan for our employees and their families, for which we pay between 87% and 93% of the total cost;
- a 401(k) plan with a company match of up to 3% of the first 6% contributed by the employee;
- a profit-sharing plan in which employees can earn up to 15% of their eligible earnings based on company profits;
- individual financial planning sessions with a certified financial planner;
- twelve annual holidays and a paid time off program;
- paid and unpaid leaves of absence, including paid family and medical leave for employees working in qualified states;
- flexible spending and health savings accounts;
- life and disability insurance coverage;
- employee stock purchase plan;
- on-site fitness center;
- employee assistance programs;
- product discounts; and
- license-to-carry subsidies and reimbursement for range membership fees.

Annual increases and incentive compensation for salaried and non-operations hourly employees are based on merit, which is communicated to employees upon hire and documented through our talent management program as part of the annual performance review process. Annual increases for hourly operations employees are based on a yearly market analysis for comparable jobs.

## Headcount

As of April 30, 2026, we had 1,386 employees, including eight part-time employees. None of our employees are represented by a union in collective bargaining with us. Of our employees, 34% have 10 or more years of service with our company and 2% have greater than 25 years of service with our company. We believe that our employee relations are good and that the high quality of our employee base is instrumental to our success.

## Information About our Executive Officers

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our executive officers:

| Name               | Age | Position                                                                              |
|--------------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mark P. Smith      | 50  | President and Chief Executive Officer                                                 |
| Deana L. McPherson | 55  | Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer, and Assistant Secretary |
| Kevin A. Maxwell   | 50  | Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer, and Secretary       |
| Kyle O. Tengwall   | 54  | Chief Marketing Officer and Vice President of Corporate Strategy                      |

*Mark P. Smith* has served as President and Chief Executive Officer since 2020. Mr. Smith served as Co-President and Co-Chief Executive Officer from January 2020 to August 2020. Mr. Smith served as President, Manufacturing Services of our company and as President of Manufacturing Services for Smith & Wesson Sales Company (formerly known as American Outdoor Brands Sales Company and Smith & Wesson Corp.), a subsidiary of our company, from 2016 until 2020. Mr. Smith served as Vice President of Manufacturing and Supply Chain Management from 2011 until 2016 and served as Vice President of Supply Chain Management from 2010 until 2011. He was Director Supply Chain Solutions for Alvarez & Marsal Business Consulting, LLC from 2007 until 2010. Mr. Smith held various positions for Ecolab, Inc., a developer and marketer of programs, products, and services for the hospitality, foodservice, healthcare, industrial, and energy markets, from 2001 until 2007, including Program Manager, Acquisition Integration Manager, Senior Manufacturing Planner, Plant Engineer, and Senior Production / Quality Supervisor. Mr. Smith was a Production Supervisor for Bell Aromatics, a manufacturer of flavors and fragrances, from 1999 until 2001.

*Deana L. McPherson* has served as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer, and Assistant Secretary since 2020. Ms. McPherson served as Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer, Corporate Controller, and Assistant Treasurer from 2017 to 2020. Ms. McPherson served as Vice President, Corporate Controller, and Assistant Treasurer from 2009 to 2017. Ms. McPherson served as Corporate Controller from 2007 to 2009. From 2001 to 2007, Ms. McPherson held a number of increasingly responsible positions for Wood Group PLC, a \$5.0 billion international energy services company, including, at her departure, Vice President of Finance for the Heavy Industrial Turbines division. From 1995 to 2001, she served as Accounting Manager of FiberMark DSI, Inc. (formerly Rexam DSI, Inc.), a producer of specialty fiber-based materials in the paper and packaging industry. From 1992 to 1995 she was employed as an auditor at Deloitte & Touche LLP. Ms. McPherson is a Certified Public Accountant registered with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

*Kevin A. Maxwell* has served as Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer, and Secretary since 2021. From 2016 to 2021, he served in leadership positions within the legal department of WestRock Company, a publicly traded paper and packaging company, including as Vice President – Associate General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. From 2010 to 2016, Mr. Maxwell held a number of increasingly responsible positions with Mueller Water Products, Inc., a publicly traded water infrastructure company, including, Vice President – Assistant General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. From 2004 to 2010, he served as a corporate associate in the London and Washington, DC offices of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom.



*Kyle O. Tengwall* has served as Chief Marketing Officer and Vice President of Corporate Strategy since August 2025. Mr. Tengwall served as Vice President of Marketing from 2020 to August 2025. Prior to joining our company, he served as Chief Marketing Officer and General Manager of the Consumer Division at United Tactical Systems, Inc. from 2017 to 2020 and Vice President and General Manager at Duck Commander Inc. (from the TV show Duck Dynasty) from 2014 to 2017. Mr. Tengwall previously held several roles of increasing responsibility from 1999 to 2013 for Vista Outdoors (formerly AlliantTechsystems), a market leader in ammunition, firearms, and accessories and served as an Analytics Consultant for ACNielsen from 1996 to 1998.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors:**

*The following summarizes the material risks of purchasing or owning our common stock. Additional unknown risks may also adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition. Our business, operating results, and financial condition may be materially and adversely affected by the nature and impact of the risks discussed below, as well as additional unknown risks, in which case the trading price of our common stock could be adversely affected, and investors may lose part or all of the value of their investment. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below.*

*We have grouped these risk factors into the following general categories:*

- Risks relating to economic, political, social, legislative, regulatory, and inflationary factors.
- Risks relating to manufacturing, the Relocation, raw materials and component supply, product development and performance, customer demand, and brand recognition.
- Risks relating to legal proceedings, product recalls, and other product liabilities.
- Risks relating to intellectual property, information systems, and cybersecurity.
- Risks relating to certain business matters and securities markets.

**Risks Relating to Economic, Political, Social, Legislative, Regulatory, and Inflationary Factors**

***Our performance is impacted by a variety of economic, political, social, legislative, and regulatory factors.***

A variety of economic, political, social, legislative, regulatory, and inflationary factors could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our business may be adversely impacted by general economic conditions and consumer spending patterns. Consumer spending on discretionary items and demand for our products may be adversely impacted by a number of economic factors, including economic uncertainty, high levels of unemployment, declines in consumer confidence and discretionary income, lack of consumer credit, increases in consumer debt levels, stock market declines, poor weather conditions, high energy prices, increased energy and commodity prices, higher costs for materials and services, high levels of tax, interest rates, inflationary conditions, and increased labor costs. Economic conditions also affect governmental and budgetary policies, which may adversely affect our ability to sell our products to law enforcement, government, and military customers.

Our business may be adversely impacted by political, social, and related factors. Concerns about presidential, congressional, state, and local elections, and legislative and public policy shifts resulting from those elections, can adversely affect demand for our products. For example, we believe demand for our products was negatively impacted in recent years by unified Republican control of the executive and legislative branches of the federal government as a result of a perceived lower risk of federal gun control legislation and regulation. In addition, speculation surrounding increased gun control at the federal, state, and local level and heightened fears of crime and terrorism can affect consumer demand for our products. These concerns often result in an increase in near-term consumer demand for our products and subsequent softening of demand when these concerns subside. For example, we experienced historic levels of demand for our products in parts of fiscal 2022 and 2021 as a result of the impact of COVID-19 and the social unrest experienced in the United States during the summer of 2020, with demand for our products subsequently returning to more normalized levels. As a result of these significant fluctuations in demand, our operating results can vary significantly from period to period, and we may build and maintain inventory levels that are significantly in excess of customer demand.

Federal and state legislatures frequently consider laws to regulate firearms, including the amendment or repeal of existing laws. Existing laws may also be affected by future judicial rulings and interpretations. Changes to existing laws or the enactment of new laws may seek to restrict the makeup of firearms, including limiting magazine capacity; mandating the use of certain technologies in a firearm; removing existing legal defenses to lawsuits; or banning the sale and, in some cases, the ownership of various types of firearms and accessories. For example, certain states (i) prohibit the sale of modern sporting rifles; (ii) restrict magazine capacity; (iii) have raised the

minimum age for buying firearms; or (iv) levy excise taxes on firearm, firearm component, and ammunition sales. Certain states have also adopted so called "gun industry accountability" or "firearm industry responsibility" laws that attempt to facilitate the filing of civil lawsuits by the respective state government or private individuals against firearm industry participants. These statutes are being actively enforced, and we are a defendant in one such action.

Interest in gun control legislation among federal and state legislatures tends to intensify following significant events, such as mass shootings. If restrictive laws or restrictive changes to existing laws are adopted, we could find it difficult, expensive, or even impossible to comply with such laws, which could impede our ability to develop new products and distribute existing products, and it may become more difficult or costly for consumers to purchase our products. In addition, gun-control activists may succeed in imposing restrictions or an outright ban on private firearm ownership or particular firearm models, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

In addition to these matters, which are largely beyond our control, demand for our products may also be adversely impacted by shortages of ammunition since potential purchasers of our products may choose not to purchase our products unless supplies of ammunition to use with our products are available. Since we do not manufacture ammunition, the supply of ammunition is beyond our control.

***Our business is subject to extensive regulation.***

*Firearms Compliance.*

Our business, as well as the business of all manufacturers and marketers of firearms and firearm parts, is subject to numerous federal, state, local, and foreign laws, regulations, and protocols, including ATF rules and regulations. If we fail to comply with ATF rules and regulations, the ATF may limit our activities or growth, fine us, or, ultimately, put us out of business.

The manufacture, sale, and purchase of firearms are subject to extensive federal, state, and local governmental regulation. The primary federal laws are the National Firearms Act of 1934, or NFA, the Gun Control Act of 1968, or GCA, and the Firearms Owners' Protection Act of 1986. The NFA severely restricts the private ownership of fully automatic weapons and heavily regulates other firearms defined in that law and accompanying regulations, including firearm suppressors. The GCA places certain restrictions on interstate firearm sales, among other things. Most of our exported products are governed by the U.S. Department of Commerce and regulated by its Bureau of Industry and Security, or BIS, under the Export Administration Regulations. Certain of our exported products are governed by the U.S. Department of State and subject to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations. We are generally required to obtain U.S. government authorization for exports, including licensure or other similar authorization prior to engaging in international transactions. The U.S. government has discretion as to whether to grant a license. In addition, Congress may block a proposed sale of firearms that are export controlled by the Department of State valued at \$1 million or more. Consequently, we may not be able to obtain export licenses or complete profitable contracts as a result of political or other reasons that are beyond our control. For example, in 2024, new BIS rules took effect that negatively impacted our international sales – these rules were rescinded in 2025. Failure to receive required licenses or authorizations, or the termination or suspension of our export privileges, could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

In addition to federal requirements, state and local laws and regulations may place additional restrictions or prohibitions on firearm ownership and transfer. These laws and regulations vary significantly from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Some states or other governmental entities have enacted, and others are considering, laws restricting or prohibiting the ownership, use, sale, or importation of certain categories of firearms, firearm suppressors, ammunition, and ammunition feeding devices. For example, certain states have adopted restrictions on the sale of modern sporting rifles, and other states are considering adopting similar laws. Some states mandate, or are considering mandating, certain design features based on perceived safety or other grounds. California maintains a roster of handguns that are certified for sale in the state, and other states have adopted or are considering adopting similar rosters. Certain of our products have been removed from the California roster in the past (meaning that they can no longer lawfully be sold by retailers) and may be removed in the future. Finally, our ability to sell our products in international markets is impacted by local laws, rules, and regulations in those markets. For example, Canada has banned the sale, purchase, or transfer of various firearms within Canada, subject to certain exceptions. Such laws could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.



Existing industry protections may be repealed or affected by judicial rulings. For example, the Protection of Lawful Commerce in Arms Act of 2005, or the PLCAA, was enacted by Congress in 2005 to protect firearms manufacturers and dealers from liability when their legally manufactured and lawfully sold products are later used in criminal acts. The PLCAA (or state law equivalents of the PLCAA) could be repealed, amended, or affected by future judicial rulings and interpretations. If the PLCAA (or state law equivalents of the PLCAA) were repealed, amended, or reinterpreted, firearm manufacturers could face a significant increase in litigation, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

#### *Environmental Compliance.*

We are subject to numerous federal, state, and local laws that regulate or otherwise relate to the protection of the environment, including the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, CERCLA, and the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by RCRA. CERCLA and RCRA and related state laws subject us to the potential obligation to remove or mitigate the environmental effects of the disposal or release of certain pollutants at our manufacturing facilities and at third-party or formerly owned or leased sites at which contaminants generated by us may be located. We have incurred and expect to continue to incur expenditures to comply with these requirements. Further, we may become subject to governmental proceedings and orders pertaining to waste disposal, air emissions, and water discharges.

We have identified soil and groundwater contamination at our Springfield facility, which we continue to monitor and remediate, as appropriate. Environmental matters of this nature are inherently fact-specific and may involve changing regulatory requirements, evolving site conditions, allocation disputes among potentially responsible parties, and uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of any required remedial measures. Accordingly, our actual remediation costs, liabilities, or compliance obligations could exceed current expectations, and we could become subject to additional investigation, remediation, contribution claims, governmental orders, or other restrictions that materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Additionally, we may not have identified all existing contamination on our properties, and our operations may cause contamination in the future. As a result, we could incur additional costs to clean up contamination that exceed the amount of our reserves, and our reserves may increase from time to time. Furthermore, it is not possible to predict with certainty the impact on us of future environmental compliance requirements or the cost to satisfy future regulatory proceedings and claims.

We could also be adversely affected by future laws and regulations related to climate change, including laws related to greenhouse gas emissions. These laws and regulations could lead to increased environmental compliance costs and increased energy and raw materials costs, in addition to other impacts.

#### *Employment and Occupational Health and Safety Compliance.*

We are subject to a number of employment and occupational health and safety laws and regulations, including the Fair Labor Standards Act and the Occupational Safety and Health Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, that could significantly increase our operating costs and reduce our operational flexibility. In 2024, we settled a matter involving the alleged non-payment of wages and overtime in violation of the Massachusetts Wage Act and Massachusetts Minimum Fair Wage Law.

#### *Corruption Compliance.*

The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, or FCPA, and local anti-corruption laws, among other things, prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to government officials for the purpose of influencing official decisions. Our efforts to comply with the FCPA, or other applicable anti-corruption laws and regulations, may cause us to limit our international business activities, or result in reducing or impeding our sales growth in numerous foreign countries. Further, our internal control policies and procedures, or those of our vendors, may not adequately protect us from reckless or criminal acts committed or alleged to have been committed by our employees, agents, or vendors. Any such violations could lead to civil or criminal monetary and non-monetary penalties and/or could damage our reputation.

### *Privacy Compliance.*

Changing privacy laws in the United States, Europe, and elsewhere have created new individual privacy rights, imposed increased obligations on companies handling personal data, and increased potential exposure to fines, litigation, and penalties. In 2025, a purported class action matter was filed against us, alleging, among other things, violations of the California Invasion of Privacy Act.

Compliance with laws, regulations, and other requirements, including those discussed above, is costly and time consuming, and our failure to comply could cause us to incur fines and penalties, lead to restrictions on our ability to manufacture and sell our products and services, or otherwise negatively impact our ability to import or export the products that we sell. Allegations that we have failed to comply with these laws, regulations, and other requirements could also expose us to litigation and harm our reputation. In addition, these laws, regulations, and other requirements may change or be applied or interpreted in ways that will require us to modify our products, subject us to enforcement risk, expose us to reputational harm, or impose on, or require us to incur, additional costs, including substantial compliance costs, which may materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

### ***We face risks associated with international activities.***

Our foreign sales and purchases of certain components expose us to various economic, political, and other risks, including the following:

- compliance with U.S. and local laws and regulatory requirements, including adverse changes in those laws and requirements;
- transportation delays or interruptions;
- foreign exchange rate fluctuations;
- limitations on imports and exports;
- imposition of restrictions on currency conversion or the transfer of funds;
- the possibility of appropriation of our assets without just compensation;
- taxes, tariffs, and duties;
- the burdens and costs of compliance with a variety of foreign laws; and
- political or economic instability in countries in which we conduct business, including possible terrorist acts.

Any one or more of these risks could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

### ***We are exposed to protectionist trade restrictions, including tariffs and potential trade laws.***

We are subject to tariffs on certain of our products, and other of our products could become subject to tariffs in the future. Protectionist trade restrictions, such as changes in tariff structures, export or import compliance laws, or other trade policies in the United States or foreign countries could reduce our ability to sell our products in foreign markets, negatively impact the ability of foreign customers to purchase our products, adversely affect our ability to import products, components, and raw materials from foreign suppliers, and interfere with our supply chain. Tariffs that result in increased costs or adversely impact the availability of imported products, components, or raw materials used in the production of our products could materially and adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition. In particular, increased input costs may require us to increase the prices of our products, which may result in lower demand for our products or lower gross margins on such products if we are unable to increase the price of those products to our customers. In addition, the imposition of tariffs on products that we export to international markets could make those products more expensive compared to those of our competitors if we pass the additional costs on to our customers, which may also adversely impact our business.

The imposition of significant tariffs on imports from certain countries by the United States has heightened uncertainty in the global trade environment. For example, we have been negatively impacted by the imposition of higher tariffs as a result of recent changes in U.S. tariff policies, and we may continue to be negatively impacted by these policies in the future, as well as by any retaliatory tariffs introduced by the United States' trading partners. In February 2026, the U.S. Supreme Court issued a ruling limiting the authority of the United States to impose tariffs under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, creating uncertainty regarding tariffs previously assessed under that statute. The availability, timing, and amount of any tariff refunds remain uncertain and depend on further legal, regulatory, and administrative actions.

The tariff environment remains highly uncertain and subject to rapid change. In addition, uncertainty regarding the availability, timing, and amount of any refunds or other relief relating to previously paid duties may affect our cash flows and results in future periods. We cannot predict the scope, timing, or ultimate impact of these developments on our business.

***High levels of inflation have adversely affected us and may continue to adversely affect us.***

Many of the markets in which we sell our products, including our primary market in the United States, have experienced high levels of inflation. We believe high levels of inflation have depressed, and may continue to depress, consumer demand for our products as certain firearm consumers have traded down to purchase lower-priced firearms or delayed purchases due to cost concerns. Inflation can also adversely affect us by increasing material, labor, and other costs required to operate and grow our business, which we believe has reduced, and may continue to reduce, our profitability. For example, in response to inflationary pressures, we have experienced increases in the cost of certain of the components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies necessary for the production of our products, and such increases may continue to impact us in the future. Because we typically purchase these supplies based on short-term commitments from our suppliers, we are exposed to risks associated with significant levels of cost inflation. If we are unable to increase our prices to offset the effects of inflation, our business, operating results, and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected.

**Risks Relating to Manufacturing, the Relocation, Raw Materials and Component Supply, Product Development and Performance, Customer Demand, and Brand Recognition**

***We must continue to introduce new products that are successful in the marketplace.***

Our success depends on our ability to continue to conceive, design, produce or source, and market in a timely manner a continuing stream of innovative new products that appeal to consumers, achieve market acceptance, and drive customer satisfaction and loyalty. New product development can be a lengthy and costly process. Any new products that we develop and introduce to the marketplace may be unsuccessful in achieving customer or market acceptance or may achieve success that does not meet our expectations for a variety of reasons, including delays in introduction, unfavorable cost comparisons with alternative products, unfavorable customer or consumer acceptance, and unfavorable performance. Our business, operating results, and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected if we fail to introduce new products that consumers want to buy or we incur significant expenses related to proposed new products that prove to be unsuccessful for any reason.

Consumer preferences include the choice of sales channels. In 2025, we launched a direct-to-consumer e-commerce website for certain apparel and firearm accessories. Legal and regulatory restrictions apply to the sale of certain of the products offered (such as magazines) through our e-commerce website. For example, in January 2026, a new law took effect that imposes restrictions on the sale of firearm accessories to California residents. As a result of this or other laws and regulations, we may be unable to sell or may choose not to sell certain products through our e-commerce website, and any changes in applicable federal or state laws or regulations may impact our ability to sell our products through our e-commerce website. Our efforts to increase our sales on our e-commerce website may not be successful.



***We are subject to risks associated with the Relocation.***

In connection with the Relocation, we continue to be subject to a number of risks, including those associated with meeting the spending, headcount, and wage commitments required to receive and/or retain certain governmental incentives associated with the Relocation. In particular, the compliance period for the award we received from the State of Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development is defined as January 1, 2027, January 1, 2028, and January 1, 2029. If we fail to meet the performance requirements of the award, we may be required to repay all or a portion of the award amount. Any one or more of these risks could cause us to fail to realize the expected benefits of the Relocation.

***Our operating facilities are critical to our success, and we may incur business disruptions.***

We operate in only four facilities located in three locations, and our success depends on our ability to operate each facility efficiently.

We produce key components for most of our products at our Springfield facility, which also houses our principal research, development, engineering, and design functions. We frequently make changes in our manufacturing operations to modernize the facility and associated equipment and systems as a result of the age of the facility and the continued need to introduce efficiencies in manufacturing and other processes. We anticipate that we will continue to incur significant capital and other expenditures with respect to the facility, but we may not be successful in continuing to improve efficiencies. A disruption of the operation of this facility would adversely affect our ability to produce many of our products and serve our customers.

We house our management, administrative, assembly (except for revolvers, certain metal pistols, and lever-action rifles, which continue to be manufactured and assembled in the Springfield facility), distribution, and plastic injection molding functions at our Maryville facility. Our Maryville facility includes computer controlled and automated equipment, which is complex and may be subject to risks related to security or computer viruses, the proper operation of software and hardware, electronic or power interruptions, and other system failures.

We also depend on two facilities in Houlton, which are used primarily to machine our firearm parts and manufacture our handcuffs and restraints.

A disruption in the activities of these facilities could adversely affect our firearm manufacturing operations.

Our ability to successfully operate our facilities depends on numerous factors, including the proper design of the facilities, the ability to employ an adequate number of skilled workers to operate the facilities, the design and operation of computer controlled and automated systems, the design of software systems to operate the facilities, and the integration of the facilities into our ERP system. Difficulties or delays in performing any of these critical tasks could negatively impact our operating results, and a disruption of the operation of these facilities would adversely affect our ability to distribute our products to our customers.

The operations at our facilities may be interrupted or impaired by various operating risks, including risks associated with the following:

- catastrophic events, such as fires, floods, earthquakes, explosions, natural disasters, severe weather, (including hurricanes, tornados, and droughts), and pandemics, or other similar occurrences;
- interruptions in the delivery of raw materials or other manufacturing inputs;
- adverse government regulations;
- equipment breakdowns or failures;
- prolonged power failures;
- unscheduled maintenance outages;

- telecommunication and information system disruptions or failures due to any number of causes, including cyber-attacks;
- violations of permit or licensing requirements or revocation of permits or licenses;
- releases of pollutants and hazardous substances;
- disruptions in transportation infrastructure, including roads, bridges, railroad tracks, and tunnels;
- human errors;
- criminal acts;
- shortages of equipment and spare parts; and
- labor shortages and disputes.

Business disruptions may impair our production and distribution capabilities and materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition. Given the industry within which we operate and our brand, we may be more likely than other companies to be a target for malicious disruptive activities or physical attacks on our senior leadership team or facilities. The casualty and business interruption insurance that we maintain may not be adequate to protect us from the types and amounts of losses we may incur or from the adverse effects that may be caused by disruptions in our operations, such as the long-term loss of customers or an erosion of our brand image.

***We rely on our supply chain for our production, and any interruptions in these arrangements could disrupt our ability to fill our customers' orders.***

We utilize contract manufacturers for a portion of our production requirements, particularly during periods of high customer demand, in order to increase our manufacturing capacity and reduce our capital expenditures for facilities that may not always operate at peak capacity. Qualifying new contract manufacturers is time-consuming and may result in unforeseen disruptions in our operations. The loss of our relationships with our contract manufacturers or their inability to conduct their services for us as anticipated in terms of capacity, cost, quality, and timeliness could adversely affect our ability to fill customer orders in accordance with required delivery, quality, and performance requirements. If this were to occur, the resulting decline in net sales could harm our business.

The ability of our suppliers to effectively satisfy our production requirements could be impacted by their financial difficulty or various operating risks, including catastrophic events, pandemics such as COVID-19, terrorist attacks, natural disasters, interruptions in the delivery of raw materials or other manufacturing supplies, adverse government regulations, or equipment breakdowns or failures. The failure of any supplier to perform to our expectations could result in supply shortages or delays for certain products and product components and harm our business. If we experience significantly increased demand for our products, or if we need to replace an existing supplier, we may be unable to supplement or replace our production capacity on a timely basis or on terms that are acceptable to us, which may increase our costs, reduce our profitability, and harm our ability to deliver our products timely. For certain of our products, it may take a significant amount of time to identify and qualify a supplier that has the capability and resources to meet our product specifications in sufficient volume and satisfy our service and quality control standards. A number of factors related to our suppliers are beyond our control, including political and economic instability in the countries in which they operate, their financial and managerial instability, their failure to meet our standards or production deadlines, their lack of adequate quality control, problems they encounter with production capacity, their labor problems, the availability of raw materials, product quality issues, currency exchange rates, transport availability, cost, inflation, and other factors. Although we have insurance to cover potential loss from most of our suppliers for these events, we could experience losses in excess of our insured limits and any claims for various losses could be denied. In addition, failure to take adequate steps to mitigate the likelihood or potential impact of such events, or to effectively manage such events if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on us, as well as require additional resources to restore our supply chain.

The capacity of our contract manufacturers to produce our products also depends upon the cost and availability of raw materials. Our contract manufacturers and other suppliers may not be able to obtain sufficient supply of raw materials, which could result in delays in deliveries of our products by our manufacturers or increased costs. Any shortage of raw materials or inability of a manufacturer to produce or ship our products timely, or at all, could impair our ability to ship orders of our products in a cost-efficient, timely manner. As a result, we could experience cancellations of orders, refusals to accept deliveries, or reductions in our prices and margins, any of which could harm our financial performance, reputation, and operating results.

We have occasionally received, and may receive in the future, product deliveries from suppliers that fail to conform to our quality control standards. In such circumstances, our inability to utilize those products in production could have a negative effect on our net sales and increase our administrative and shipping costs if we are unable to obtain replacement products in a timely manner.

***We may be unable to forecast demand for our products accurately.***

We often schedule internal production and place orders for product components and raw materials with third-party suppliers before receiving firm orders from our customers. Demand for our products can vary significantly from period to period. If we fail to accurately forecast customer demand, we may experience excess inventory levels or a shortage of products to deliver to our customers. Factors that could affect our ability to accurately forecast demand for our products include the following:

- our failure to accurately forecast customer acceptance of new products;
- an increase or decrease in consumer demand for our products or our competitors' products;
- new product introductions by competitors;
- our relationships with customers;
- general market conditions and other factors, which may result in order cancellations or changes in the rate of reorders placed by customers;
- general market conditions, economic conditions, and consumer confidence levels, which could reduce demand for discretionary items, such as our products; and
- the domestic political environment, including debates over the regulation of various consumer products related to our industry.

Internal inventory levels in excess of customer demand may result in inventory write-downs and the sale of excess inventory at discounted prices, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. Inventory levels in excess of consumer demand within our distribution channel may also impact our ability to sell our internal inventory. For example, inventory levels in the distribution channel were elevated for much of fiscal 2023 as our customers adjusted to more normal levels of demand following the historic levels of demand for our products in parts of fiscal 2022 and 2021, which we believe resulted in lower than anticipated net sales of our internal inventory in fiscal 2023. If we underestimate demand for our products, we and our third-party suppliers may not be able to produce products to meet customer demand, and this could result in delays in the shipment of products and lost net sales, as well as damage to our reputation and customer relationships. Our business, operating results, and financial condition could be materially and adversely impacted if we are unable to forecast demand for our products accurately.

***We may fail to align our capacity with demand for our products.***

From time to time, we have been capacity constrained and have been unable to satisfy on a timely basis the demand for some of our products. We believe we have improved our manufacturing productivity by adding capacity, increasing daily production quantities, increasing operational availability of equipment, reducing machinery down time, extending machinery useful life, increasing manufacturing efficiency, and contracting with suppliers to obtain additional finished parts. Future significant increases in demand for our products, if any, may require us to further expand our manufacturing capacity, particularly through the purchase of additional

manufacturing equipment and the addition of manufacturing space, and we may not be able to increase our capacity in time to satisfy these increases. Capacity constraints may prevent us from satisfying customer orders and result in a loss of market share to competitors that are not capacity constrained. At other times, we may suffer excess capacity and increased overhead costs, particularly if we increase our capacity to meet actual or anticipated demand, which decreases or does not materialize. Our business, operating results, and financial condition could be materially and adversely impacted if we fail to align our capacity with demand for our products.

***Shortages of and price increases for components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies may delay or reduce our sales and increase our costs.***

Although we manufacture most of the components for our firearms, we purchase certain components and parts from third parties, including bolt carriers, rifle receivers, magazines, slides, small parts, barrels, and rifle stocks. We also purchase ammunition for product testing. Most of the major suppliers for our products are U.S.-based and provide materials, components, and parts, such as raw steel, polymer components, and metal-injected-molded components.

We have become increasingly dependent on a small number of key vendors that supply components and parts for our firearms. We also use numerous raw materials, including steel, wood, lead, brass, and plastics, that we purchase from third-party suppliers to produce and test our products. The price of these raw materials may fluctuate substantially depending on a variety of factors, including demand, weather, supply conditions, transportation costs, energy prices, work stoppages, government regulation, environmental protection, and other unpredictable factors. Inflationary pressures have resulted in increases in the cost of certain of the components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies necessary to produce our products, and such increases may continue to impact us in the future. In addition, uncertainties related to governmental fiscal policies, including increased duties, tariffs, or other trade restrictions, could result in an increase in the price of components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies we purchase from third-party suppliers. In an inflationary environment, we may be unable to raise the price of our products sufficiently to keep up with the rate of inflation, which would reduce our profitability and cash flows.

Our inability to obtain sufficient quantities of components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies from independent sources necessary to produce our products could result in reduced or delayed sales or lost orders, which could materially and adversely impact our operating results. Many of the components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies used to produce our products are available only from a limited number of suppliers. In most cases, we do not have long-term supply contracts with these suppliers. As a result, we could be subject to increased costs, supply interruptions, and difficulties in obtaining materials and finished products. Our suppliers also may encounter difficulties or increased costs in obtaining the materials necessary to produce the components and parts that we use in our products. The time lost in seeking and acquiring new sources of supply or our inability to locate alternative sources of supply of comparable quality at an acceptable price, or at all, could negatively impact our net sales and profitability.

***Our business is highly dependent upon our brand recognition and reputation.***

We believe that maintaining a high level of brand recognition and a strong reputation are critical to our success, particularly with respect to retaining existing customers and attracting new customers.

While we have historically relied on print and electronic media advertising to increase consumer awareness of our brands to increase purchasing intent and conversion, we increasingly rely on other forms of media advertising, including social media and digital marketing. Our future growth and profitability will depend in large part upon the effectiveness and efficiency of our advertising, marketing, public relations, and promotional programs. These brand promotion activities may not be effective, and their efficacy will depend on various factors, including our ability to:

- determine the appropriate creative message and media mix and markets for advertising, marketing, and promotional expenditures;
- select the appropriate markets, media, and specific media vehicles in which to advertise;
- identify the most effective and efficient level of spending in each market, media, and specific media vehicle; and
- effectively manage marketing costs, including creative and media expenses, in order to maintain acceptable customer acquisition costs.



Increases in the pricing of one or more of our marketing and advertising channels could increase our marketing and advertising expenses or cause us to choose less expensive, but possibly less effective, marketing and advertising channels. If we implement new marketing and advertising strategies, we may incur higher costs, which, in turn, could materially and adversely affect our operating results. Implementing new marketing and advertising strategies also could increase the risk of devoting significant capital and other resources to endeavors that do not prove to be cost effective. We also may incur marketing and advertising expenses in advance of the time we anticipate recognizing revenue associated with such expenses, and our marketing and advertising expenditures may not generate sufficient levels of brand awareness and conversion or result in increased net sales. Even if our marketing and advertising expenses result in increased net sales, the increase might not offset our related expenditures. If we are unable to maintain our marketing and advertising channels on cost-effective terms or replace or supplement existing marketing and advertising channels with similarly or more effective channels, our marketing and advertising expenses could increase substantially, our customer base could be adversely affected, and our business, operating results, financial condition, and reputation could suffer.

Consumers are increasingly using online platforms to learn about firearms. We plan to continue to expand our brand recognition and product loyalty through social media and our websites, with generation of original content. We are subject to de-platforming, whereby our ability to share information on social platforms or websites could be blocked, limiting our ability to reach our customers. In addition, we seek endorsements and support from particular sporting enthusiasts, athletes, or other celebrities for certain of our products and brands, and those products and brands may become personally associated with those individuals. As a result, sales of the endorsed products could be adversely affected if any of those individuals' images, reputations, or popularity were to be negatively impacted. Also, our internal policies and procedures may not adequately protect us from inappropriate acts committed or alleged to have been committed by our employees or social media partners, including endorsers/influencers, in which case we could be exposed to penalties and other sanctions by the Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, or other regulatory bodies.

***Poor product quality or performance, or defects in our products, could harm us.***

We believe that the value of our brand depends, in part, on the value consumers place on the quality of our products. Poor product quality or performance could adversely impact the value of our brand and materially and adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition. We have experienced manufacturing and design issues with respect to certain of our firearms and have initiated product recalls and safety alerts in the past and may experience similar issues in the future that may result in the initiation of product recalls and safety alerts in the future. Based on the volume of products we have shipped into the market, any future recalls, safety alerts, or product liability claims could result in us incurring significant warranty, support, and repair costs. Such incidents could harm our reputation, damage the value of our brands, and cause us to lose business, all of which could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

***We face intense competition.***

We operate in highly competitive consumer markets. Competition is primarily based on innovation, quality, reliability, durability, price, performance, consumer brand awareness, and customer service and support. Our inability to compete in one or more of these areas could materially and adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition. Our competitors include major domestic and international companies. Competitive conditions could result in pricing pressures, lower sales, reduced profitability, and lower market share. Some of our competitors may have greater financial, technical, marketing, distribution, and other resources and, in certain cases, may have lower cost structures than we have that may afford them competitive advantages. As a result, they may be able to devote greater resources to the promotion and sale of products, negotiate lower prices on raw materials and components, deliver competitive products at lower prices, and introduce new products and respond to customer requirements more effectively and quickly than we can.

Nearly all of our competitors are privately held, which may give them certain competitive advantages. For example, these competitors may be less focused on maintaining high levels of profitability, which may give them more flexibility to compete aggressively on price.

***We may be unsuccessful in making and integrating mergers, acquisitions, and investments, and completing divestitures.***

We may seek to acquire, invest in, or sell companies, assets, or businesses, or enter into joint ventures with third parties. We may not be able to identify suitable targets or purchasers or successfully complete suitable transactions in the future, and completed transactions may not be successful. These transactions create risks, including the following:

- disrupting our ongoing business, including distracting management from our existing businesses;
- integrating acquired businesses and personnel into our business, including integrating information technology systems and operations across different cultures and languages and addressing the economic, political, and regulatory risks associated with specific countries;
- working with partners or other ownership structures with shared decision-making authority;
- obtaining and verifying relevant information regarding a business prior to the consummation of the transaction, including the identification and assessment of liabilities, claims, or other circumstances that could result in litigation or regulatory risk exposure;
- obtaining required regulatory approvals and financing on favorable terms;
- retaining key employees, contractual relationships, and customers;
- the potential impairment of assets – for example, in fiscal 2024 we incurred a \$1.9 million impairment related to assets formerly utilized at the Columbia facility;
- incurring substantial indebtedness to finance an acquisition or investment;
- implementing controls, procedures, and policies at companies we acquire; and
- the dilution of interests of holders of our common stock through the issuance of equity securities.

Mergers, acquisitions, investments, and divestitures may not be successful and may materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

***We may have difficulty collecting amounts owed to us.***

Certain of our customers have experienced, and may in the future experience, credit-related issues. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of customers, but these evaluations may not be completely effective. We generally grant payment terms to most customers ranging from 20 to 60 days and do not generally require collateral. Should more customers than we anticipate experience liquidity issues, or if payment is not received on a timely basis, we may have difficulty collecting amounts owed to us by such customers and our business, operating results, and financial condition could be materially and adversely impacted.

For fiscal 2026, sales to two of our customers represented 24.7% of our total net sales, and as of April 30, 2026, these two customers accounted for 30.2% of our total accounts receivable. No other customer represented more than 10% of our fiscal 2026 net sales or accounted for more than 10% of our accounts receivable as of April 30, 2026. For fiscal 2025, sales to one of our customers represented 14.6% of our total net sales, and, as of April 30, 2025, this customer accounted for 36.1% of our total accounts receivable.

***Liability insurance coverage is expensive and may be difficult to obtain at commercially reasonable rates, or at all.***

Our insurance policies are subject to periodic review by our insurers and may not be renewed at all or on similar or favorable terms. Because we manufacture and sell firearms, certain insurance carriers have decided in the past, and may decide in the future, not to insure us. In the past, insurance carriers have chosen either to cancel our insurance coverage or not to submit proposals to insure us in areas such as auto, general liability, and products liability insurance. In addition, if we or other firearm manufacturers sustain significant losses or make significant insurance claims, our ability to obtain future insurance coverage at commercially reasonable rates could be

materially and adversely affected. For example, our ability to obtain liability insurance on commercially reasonable terms has been adversely impacted by the \$73 million settlement that was announced in 2022 between insurance carriers representing Remington Outdoor Company and plaintiffs in the *Soto v. Bushmaster Firearms International, LLC* case. Our liability insurance costs were \$8.4 million, \$7.8 million, and \$8.4 million in fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

An inability to obtain liability insurance, significant increases in the cost of the liability insurance we obtain, or losses in excess of our liability insurance coverage, could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. In fiscal 2020, we established a wholly owned captive insurance company to help mitigate these risks, but our funding of the insurance company may not adequately cover the cost of claims against us, if any.

### **Risks Relating to Legal Proceedings, Product Recalls, and Other Product Liabilities**

#### ***We are subject to lawsuits and governmental investigations and inquiries.***

We are vigorously defending ourselves in a number of lawsuits. As a result of these or future lawsuits, we may have to pay significant damages or amounts in settlement above insurance coverage. An unfavorable outcome or prolonged litigation could materially and adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition. Defending litigation of this nature is also expensive and time consuming and may divert the resources, time, and attention of our management.

Our products expose us to potential product liability, warranty liability, and personal injury claims, as well as litigation relating to the use or misuse of our products. These include allegations of defects in manufacturing and design, failure to warn of inherent dangers in the product itself or activities associated with the product, product performance issues, and negligence and strict liability. In addition, we could be subject to future litigation arising out of the criminal misuse of our firearms. If successful, such claims could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. Although we maintain product liability insurance in amounts that we believe are reasonable, we may not be able to maintain such insurance on acceptable terms, if at all, and product liability claims may exceed the amount of insurance coverage available to us. Because we manufacture and sell firearms, insurance carriers may decide not to insure our products or our company in the future. In addition, our reputation may be adversely affected by such claims, whether or not successful, including potential negative publicity about our products. Due to the nature of our products, we anticipate that we will continue to be involved in litigation, including product liability cases and claims in the future.

We have been and may continue to be subject to governmental investigations and inquiries. Such investigations and inquiries could subject us to various sanctions, including significant civil and criminal penalties, the indictment of our company or various of our officers and employees, our being prevented from bidding on domestic military and government contracts, restriction by the U.S. Government, including by the U.S. Department of State or U.S. Department of Commerce, on exporting our products, private civil litigation arising out of the outcome of the investigations or inquiries, the diversion of time and attention of our management from normal business operations, and a negative impact on the perception of our company by investors, customers, and others. For example, in 2020 the office of the attorney general of New Jersey issued us a subpoena requesting certain business records as part of an investigation into potential violations of the New Jersey Consumer Fraud Act; in 2022, certain gun control activists submitted a petition to the FTC suggesting that the FTC investigate and regulate our industry's alleged unfair and deceptive advertising; and in 2022, the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Oversight and Reform issued us a subpoena requesting certain business records as part of an investigation into certain firearm manufacturers, including us. Responding to inquiries and investigations, including through litigation, is time consuming and costly, may disrupt our ongoing business and distract management from operating our business, and may expose us to litigation, including claims raised by private plaintiffs.

#### ***Our business involves the potential for product recalls and product liability and other claims against us.***

As a distributor of non-firearm consumer products, such as handcuffs, we are subject to the U.S. Consumer Products Safety Act of 1972, as amended by the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008, which empowers the Consumer Products Safety Commission to exclude from the market products that are found to be

unsafe or hazardous, and similar laws under foreign jurisdictions. Under certain circumstances, the Consumer Products Safety Commission or comparable foreign agencies could require us to repurchase or recall one or more of our products. Additionally, other laws and agencies regulate certain consumer products sold by us, and more restrictive laws and regulations may be adopted in the future. Any repurchase or recall of our products could be costly and damage our reputation. If we were required to remove, or we voluntarily remove, our products from the market, our reputation could be tarnished, and we might have large quantities of finished products that we could not sell. We also face exposure to product liability claims if one of our products is alleged to have resulted in property damage, bodily injury, or other adverse effects. In addition to the risk of substantial monetary judgments, fines, or penalties that may result from any governmental investigations, product liability claims, or regulatory actions, such events could result in negative publicity that could harm our reputation, adversely impact the value of our brands, and result in an increase in the cost of producing our products. Similar to product liability claims, we face exposure to class action lawsuits related to the performance, safety, or advertising of our products. Such class action lawsuits could result in substantial monetary judgments, injunctions related to the marketing and sale of products, and potentially harm our reputation.

In fiscal 2020, we formed a wholly owned captive insurance company, which provides product liability insurance to us and our subsidiaries. The product liability insurance that we carry is, in most cases, subject to large self-insured retentions for which we are responsible, and we may not be able to maintain such insurance on acceptable terms, if at all. Further, product liability claims may exceed the amount of insurance coverage. As a result, product recalls or product liability claims could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. In addition, we face other types of litigation arising out of alleged defects in our products or otherwise, such as class action lawsuits. Our insurance may not cover certain claims involving alleged defects in our products that do not involve personal injury or property damage.

Our product liability insurance program is an occurrence-based program based on our current and historical claims experience and the availability and cost of insurance. Our future product liability experience may not be consistent with our past experience and future claims and awards may substantially impact the costs of our insurance programs in the future.

***We produce or source and sell products that create exposure to potential product liability, warranty liability, and personal injury claims and litigation.***

Some of our products involve or are used in applications and situations that involve risk of personal injury and death. Our products expose us to potential product liability, warranty liability, personal injury claims, and litigation relating to the use or misuse of our products, including allegations of defects in manufacturing, defects in design, a failure to warn of dangers inherent in the product or activities associated with the product, negligence, and strict liability. If successful, such claims could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition. In addition, defects in our products could reduce demand for our products and result in a decrease in sales and market acceptance and damage to our reputation.

Components used in our products may contain undetected defects that are subsequently discovered at any point in the life of the product. In addition, we obtain many of our finished products and product components from third-party suppliers and may not be able to detect defects in such products or components until after they are sold. Defects in our products may result in a loss of sales, recall expenses, delay in market acceptance, damage to our reputation, and increased warranty costs, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

## **Risks Relating to Intellectual Property, Information Systems, and Cybersecurity**

***We may be unable to protect our intellectual property or obtain the right to use intellectual property from third parties.***

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to protect our intellectual property. We rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trade secrets, trademarks, trade dress, customer records, monitoring, brand protection services, confidentiality agreements, and other contractual provisions to protect our intellectual property, but these measures may provide only limited protection. Our failure to enforce and protect our intellectual property rights or obtain the



right to use necessary intellectual property from third parties may lead to our loss of trademark and service mark rights, brand loyalty, and notoriety among our customers and prospective customers. The scope of any intellectual property to which we have or may obtain rights may not prevent others from developing and selling competing products. In addition, our intellectual property may be held invalid upon challenge, or others may claim rights in, or ownership of, our intellectual property. Moreover, we may become subject to litigation with parties that claim, among other things, that we infringed their patents or other intellectual property rights. The defense and prosecution of patent and other intellectual property claims are costly and time-consuming and could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Patents may not be issued for the patent applications that we have filed or may file in the future. Our issued patents may be challenged, invalidated, or circumvented, and claims of our patents may not be of sufficient scope or strength, or issued in the proper geographic regions, to provide meaningful protection or any commercial advantage. We have registered certain of our trademarks and trade dress in the United States and other countries and have recorded certain of our registered trademarks with customs officials. We may be unable to enforce existing, or obtain new, registrations of trademarks in key markets. Our failure to obtain or enforce such registrations could compromise our ability to protect our trademarks and brands fully and could increase the risk of challenges from third parties to our use of our trademarks and brands.

In addition to intellectual property that we own, some of our products and services may use or include intellectual property owned by third parties. As a result, it may be necessary in the future to seek or renew licenses relating to various aspects of our products, processes, and services. We may be unable to obtain or renew such licenses on reasonable terms or at all. In the past, we did not consistently require our employees and consultants to enter into confidentiality agreements, employment agreements, or proprietary information and invention agreements. Therefore, our former employees and consultants, and certain of our current employees, may try to claim some ownership interest in our intellectual property and may use our intellectual property competitively and without appropriate limitations. In addition, our acquired businesses may not have consistently required their employees and consultants to enter into confidentiality agreements, employment agreements, or proprietary information and invention agreements. Claims by such individuals may affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

***We may incur substantial expenses and devote significant resources in prosecuting others for their unauthorized use of our intellectual property rights.***

We may become involved in litigation regarding patents and other intellectual property rights. Other companies, including our competitors, may develop intellectual property that is similar or superior to our intellectual property, duplicate our intellectual property, or design around our patents and may have or obtain patents or other proprietary rights that would prevent, limit, or interfere with our ability to make, use, or sell our products. Effective intellectual property protection may be unavailable or limited in some foreign countries in which we sell products or from which competing products may be sold. Unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or otherwise use aspects of our intellectual property and products that we regard as proprietary. We may incur substantial expense and devote significant resources to prosecute others for their unauthorized use of our intellectual property rights or to defend against claims that we infringe the intellectual property rights of others.

Any such litigation, whether successful or unsuccessful, could be costly and divert valuable resources, which could materially and adversely impact our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

***Interruptions in the proper functioning of our information systems or other issues with our ERP systems could disrupt our operations.***

We rely on our information systems to manage our business, data, communications, supply chain, ordering, pricing, billing, inventory replenishment, accounting functions, and other processes. Our systems are subject to damage or interruption from various sources, including computer and telecommunications failures, computer viruses, cybersecurity breaches, attacks by hackers and other breaches, introduction of malware or ransomware, phishing attacks, denial of service attacks, blocking of unauthorized service attacks, vandalism, severe weather conditions, power outages, catastrophic events, terrorism, and human error, and our disaster recovery planning cannot account for all eventualities. If our systems are damaged, fail to function properly, or otherwise become compromised or unavailable, we may incur substantial costs to repair or replace them, and we may experience loss of critical data and interruptions or delays in our ability to perform critical functions, which could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Our information technology systems require periodic modifications, upgrades, and replacement that subject us to costs and risks, including potential disruption to our internal control structure, substantial capital expenditures, additional administration and operating expenses, retention of sufficiently skilled personnel or outside firms to implement and operate existing or new systems, and other risks and costs of delays or difficulties in transitioning to new or modified systems or of integrating new or modified systems into our current systems. In addition, challenges implementing new or modified technology systems may cause disruptions in our business operations and have an adverse effect on our business operations if not anticipated and appropriately mitigated.

We operate our business utilizing SAP, which is a fully integrated ERP system. We continue to implement various modules and additional usages of SAP, including in connection with the Relocation. Any new implementations or usages of SAP could result in a significant disruption to our business, and any disruption could materially and adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition. In addition, utilizing SAP has required and will continue to require significant resources and refinement to fully realize the expected benefits of the system.

***We are subject to cybersecurity risks, including risks related to customer, employee, vendor, and other company data.***

We use information technologies to securely manage operations and various business functions. We rely on various technologies, some of which are managed by third parties, to process, transmit, and store electronic information. In addition, we facilitate a variety of business processes and activities, including reporting on our business and interacting with customers, vendors, and employees. We also collect and store data, including proprietary business information, and may have access to confidential or personal information that is subject to privacy and security laws, regulations, and customer-imposed controls. Our systems are subject to recurring attempts by third parties to access information, manipulate data, or disrupt our operations. Despite our security design and controls and those of our third-party providers, we have in the past experienced, and may in the future become subject to, system damage, disruptions, or shutdowns due to any number of causes, including cyber-attacks, data breaches, employee error or malfeasance, power outages, telecommunication or utility failures, systems failures, service provider failures, natural disasters, or other catastrophic events.

Cybersecurity-related vulnerabilities may remain undetected for an extended period of time. We maintain contingency plans and processes to prevent or mitigate the impact of events arising from these vulnerabilities; however, these events could result in operational disruptions or the misappropriation of sensitive data and, depending on their nature and scope, could lead to the compromise of confidential information, improper use of our systems and networks, manipulation and destruction of data, defective products, production downtimes, operational disruptions, and exposure to liability. Such disruptions or misappropriations and the resulting repercussions, including reputational damage and legal claims or proceedings, may materially and adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition.

## **Risks Relating to Certain Business Matters and Securities Markets**

***Our operating results may involve significant fluctuations.***

Various factors contribute to significant periodic and seasonal fluctuations in our operating results. These factors may include the following:

- market acceptance of our products, including new products;
- market acceptance and new product introductions by our competitors;
- the timing of large domestic and international orders;
- cancellation of existing orders;
- changes in our sales mix;
- the cost of new product introductions;

- problems with our supply chain;
- the volume of customer orders relative to our capacity;
- timing of expenditures in anticipation of future customer orders;
- effectiveness in managing production processes and costs;
- transportation disruptions;
- changes in cost and availability of labor and finished products, product components, and raw materials;
- ability to manage inventory and inventory obsolescence;
- pricing and other competitive pressures;
- the effects of climate change;
- changes or anticipated changes in economic, political, social, legislative, regulatory, inflationary, and health factors;
- a material change in federal or state income tax regulations;
- the outcome of any litigation;
- adverse publicity surrounding our products, the safety of our products, or the use of our products;
- changes in the amount or timing of our operating expenses; and
- changes in laws and regulations that may affect the marketability of our products.

As a result of these and other factors, we believe that period-to-period comparisons of our operating results may not be meaningful in the short term and our performance in a particular period may not be indicative of our performance in any future period.

***The trading price of our common stock has fluctuated widely in the past and may fluctuate widely in the future.***

The trading price of our common stock has fluctuated widely in the past and may fluctuate widely in the future. Many factors could affect the trading price of our common stock, including the following:

- variations in our operating results;
- the relatively small public float of our common stock;
- introductions of new products and services by us or our competitors;
- the performance of our customers;
- changes in the estimates of our operating performance or changes in recommendations by any securities analysts that follow our stock;
- general economic, social, political, and market conditions and consumer spending patterns;
- governmental policies and regulations;
- investor reaction to news events;
- lack of investor interest in a firearm business;
- the general performance of the markets in which we participate; and
- factors relating to suppliers and competitors.

In addition, market demand for small-capitalization stocks like ours, and price and volume fluctuations in the stock market unrelated to our performance, could result in significant fluctuations in the market price of our common stock. The performance of our common stock could adversely affect our ability to raise equity in the public markets and adversely affect the growth of our business.

***Actions of stockholder activists could cause us to incur substantial costs and divert management's attention and our resources.***

We have been, and may be in the future, subject to informal private or public inquiries and formal proxy proposals by stockholder activists urging us to take certain corporate actions. Responding to inquiries or proposals can be costly, time-consuming, and disruptive to our operations and could divert the attention of our resources, including those of our management team and other employees. In addition, certain stockholder inquiries and proposals could create perceived uncertainties or concerns as to our future operating environment, legislative environment, strategy direction, or leadership, and could (i) result in the loss of potential business opportunities; (ii) harm our ability to attract or retain investors, customers, and employees; (iii) harm or disrupt our business and financial relationships; (iv) result in consumer boycotts of our products; and (v) cause the trading price of our common stock to experience periods of decline, volatility, or stagnation. Stockholder activists have pressured and may continue to pressure us to adopt actions that are not in the best interests of our company or our stockholders, inconsistent with the legal operation of our business, or contrary to the beliefs of our core consumers, and our reputation could be damaged if our core consumers believe we have adopted the gun control agenda of certain activists. In February 2025, certain stockholder activists filed a stockholder derivative suit against our directors and certain of our officers. Responding to the stockholder activists' claims has been, and may continue to be, costly and time-consuming. Finally, the actions of stockholder activists may strengthen our competitors, particularly those that are privately held and not subject to these types of gun control focused stockholder activism.

The actions of stockholder activists could materially and adversely impact our business, operating results, and financial condition.

***Our ability to operate our business efficiently may be adversely impacted if service providers and other businesses that permit firearm-related activities refuse to work with us.***

Gun control activists have sought to engineer boycotts of firearm products by service providers to our industry, certain of which discriminate against companies involved with the firearm industry. For example, some financial institutions and insurance companies no longer provide certain services to firearm manufacturers. Gun control activists have also targeted credit card companies, transportation companies, and social media companies, among others. Further, certain law firms refuse to provide services to firearm manufacturers. For example, in 2022, we were notified by a law firm with which we had maintained a long-term relationship that it would no longer provide legal services to us. If additional service providers refuse to work with us, we would need to engage alternative service providers, which may adversely impact the delivery of important services to us and increase our costs. Further, we may be unable to locate suitable alternative service providers. The refusal of service providers and other businesses that permit firearm-related activities to work with us could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

***We operate in a challenging market for talent and may fail to attract, motivate, train, and retain qualified personnel, including key personnel.***

Our success depends on our ability to attract, motivate, train, and retain employees with the skills necessary to understand and adapt to our customers' continuously developing needs. The increasing demand for qualified personnel makes it more difficult for us to attract and retain employees with requisite skill sets, particularly employees with specialized technical and trade experience. Changing demographics and labor work force trends also may result in a loss of knowledge and skills as workers with more tenure and experience retire. The market for both hourly workers and professional workers has been particularly challenging in recent years, and we have incurred higher labor costs as a result. In addition to challenges associated with a competitive labor market, we may also struggle to identify qualified candidates who are comfortable or enthusiastic to work for a firearm business. If we fail to attract, motivate, train, and retain qualified personnel, or if we experience excessive turnover, we may experience declining sales, manufacturing delays or other operating inefficiencies, increased recruiting, training, and relocation costs, or other difficulties, and our business, financial condition, and results of operations may be materially and adversely impacted.



We rely on key executive and management personnel to manage our business efficiently and effectively. The loss of these employees, particularly during a challenging market for attracting and retaining employees, could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

***Nevada law could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us and discourage a takeover.***

We are incorporated in Nevada. Certain provisions of Nevada law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us and make a takeover more difficult to complete, even if such a transaction were in our stockholders' interest or might result in a premium over the trading price for the shares held by our stockholders.

***Our use of artificial intelligence, or AI, may adversely impact our business.***

Our use of AI technology may adversely impact our business (i) by potentially posing risks to our confidential or proprietary information; (ii) by potentially giving rise to legal actions or reputational damage; (iii) if employees misuse AI; or (iv) if we fail to timely and appropriately adopt AI to remain competitive. Our workforce may use AI technology, such as generative AI, which may result in the exposure of our confidential or proprietary information to unauthorized third parties, the misuse of our intellectual property, and claims against us alleging violation of third-party intellectual property rights. Our use of AI technology may also result in inaccurate results and biases that could cause mistakes in our decision-making or other business activities. Further, our training and enforcement of procedures governing the use of AI may not be adequate to safeguard against the unauthorized use of AI technology.

***We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the past and may identify material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the future that could result in material misstatements in our financial statements.***

In fiscal 2025, we identified a material weakness in our control over financial reporting that was remediated in fiscal 2026, and in fiscal 2020 we identified a material weakness in our control over financial reporting that was remediated in fiscal 2021. A material weakness is defined as a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of a company's annual or interim financial statements might not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. If our remedial measures related to the material weaknesses that we identified in recent fiscal years are insufficient to address the material weaknesses we identified in recent years, or if additional material weaknesses in our internal control are discovered or occur in the future, our financial statements may contain material misstatements and we could be required to restate our financial statements.

**Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

Not applicable.

**Item 1C. Cybersecurity**

***Risk Management and Strategy***

We have implemented and maintain various information security processes designed to identify, assess, and manage material risks from cybersecurity threats. We identify and assess risks from cybersecurity threats by monitoring and evaluating our threat environment and our risk profile using various methods, including conducting scans of the threat environment and conducting threat and vulnerability assessments. Depending on the environment, we implement and maintain various technical, physical, and organizational measures, processes, standards, and policies designed to manage and mitigate material risks from cybersecurity threats, including risk assessments, incident detection and response, end-point detection and response, network security controls, access controls, physical security, systems monitoring, a vendor risk management program, and penetration testing. We work with third parties (including professional services firms, threat intelligence service providers, and penetration testing firms) from time to time that assist us to identify, assess, and manage cybersecurity risks.

Our information security team reviews enterprise level cybersecurity risks at least annually, and key cybersecurity risks are identified, tracked, monitored, and addressed in alignment with our overall enterprise risk management program.

We utilize third-party service providers to perform certain business functions. We seek to engage reliable and reputable service providers that maintain cybersecurity programs. Depending on the nature of the services provided, the sensitivity and quantity of information processed, and the identity of the service provider, we may review the cybersecurity practices of such provider, contractually impose obligations on the provider, conduct information security risk assessments, and conduct periodic reassessments during their engagement.

We describe whether and how risks from identified cybersecurity threats have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect us, including our business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition, under the heading “We are subject to cybersecurity risks, including risks related to customer, employee, vendor, and other company data” included as part of our risk factor disclosures at Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### ***Governance***

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing risks from cybersecurity threats, in accordance with its charter. The Audit Committee holds quarterly meetings and receives periodic reports from our Vice President – Information Technology, who serves as our Chief Information Officer, concerning our significant cybersecurity threats and risks, and the processes we have implemented to address them.

Management plays an important role in assessing and managing our material risks from cybersecurity threats. Our Chief Information Officer – which is the management position responsible for assessing and managing material risks from cybersecurity threats – is responsible for developing and implementing our information security program and reporting on cybersecurity matters to the Audit Committee. He has over a decade of experience leading cybersecurity oversight, and leads other members of our information security team, who have professional cybersecurity experience, training, or certifications.

We maintain a cyber incident response plan that is designed to provide a framework that will allow us to respond effectively to a cybersecurity incident. A cyber emergency response team, which includes members of our executive leadership team, manages this plan. This team meets periodically to discuss cybersecurity threat trends and related information. Our incident response processes are designed to escalate certain cybersecurity incidents to our cyber emergency response team and include reporting to the Audit Committee for certain cybersecurity incidents.

We view cybersecurity threats as a shared responsibility. All new employees with company email addresses receive cybersecurity training as part of their onboarding, as well as annual training. We also periodically publish a cybersecurity newsletter to these employees related to topics such as phishing, social engineering, and insider-threat awareness.

**Item 2. Properties**

The following table sets forth information regarding our principal operating properties and other significant properties as of April 30, 2026. In general, our operating properties are well maintained, suitably equipped, and in good operating condition.

| Location      | Facility                  | Ownership Status                                                                   |
|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maine         |                           |                                                                                    |
| Houlton       | Plant                     | Owned                                                                              |
| Massachusetts |                           |                                                                                    |
| Springfield   | Plant                     | Owned                                                                              |
| Missouri      |                           |                                                                                    |
| Columbia      | Office & Warehouse        | Leased — Assigned to a third party                                                 |
| Tennessee     |                           |                                                                                    |
| Maryville     | Executive Offices & Plant | Owned — Subject to the terms of certain real property and tax incentive agreements |

**Item 3. Legal Proceedings**

Information regarding our material legal proceedings, including certain environmental matters, is discussed in Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

## **PART II**

### **Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

#### **Market Information**

Our common stock trades on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "SWBI." Our common stock was previously traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "AOBC" from January 1, 2017 to June 1, 2020 and under the symbol "SWHC" from July 20, 2006 to January 1, 2017. The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on any matter to be voted upon by our stockholders. All shares of common stock rank equally as to voting and all other matters. The shares of common stock have no preemptive or conversion rights, no redemption or sinking fund provisions, are not liable for further call or assessment, and are not entitled to cumulative voting rights.

#### **Holders**

On June 15, 2026, there were 872 record holders of our common stock. A substantially greater number of holders of common stock are "street name" or beneficial holders, whose shares are held of record by banks, brokers, and other financial institutions.

#### **Dividend Policy**

We have paid dividends on a quarterly basis since August 2020. Quarterly dividends, when declared, are paid approximately four weeks after earnings are announced. Payment of any cash dividends depends on our financial condition, operating results, and capital requirements as well as other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors. We paid dividends totaling \$23.2 million and \$23.1 million during fiscal 2026 and 2025, respectively.

#### **Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans**

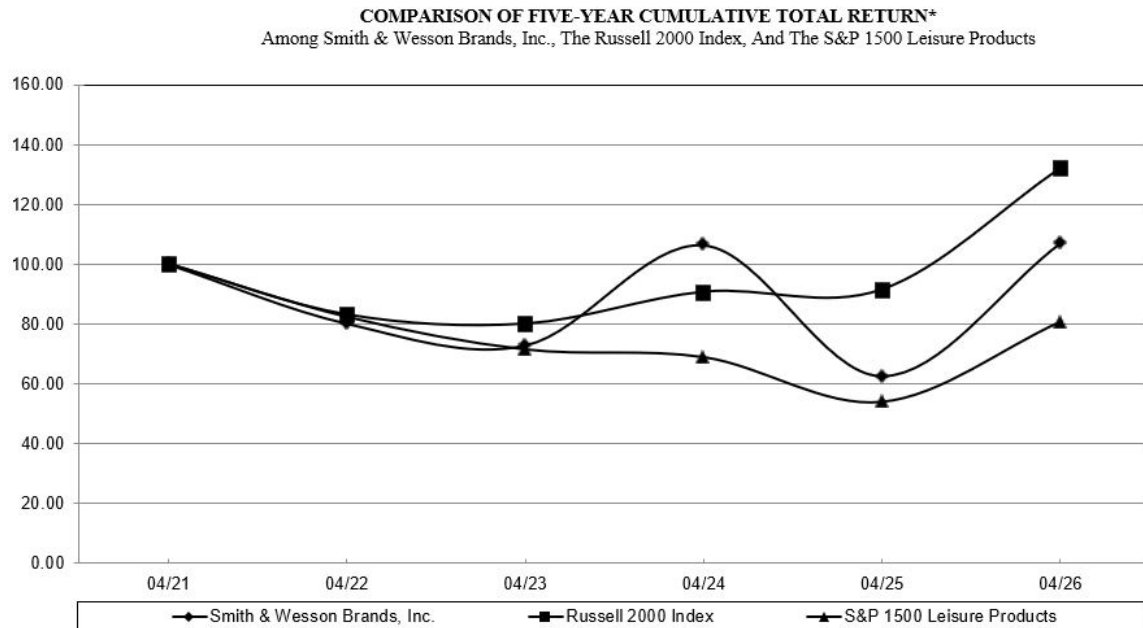
For equity compensation plan information, refer to Item 12 (Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters) in Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Performance Graph**

The following line graph compares cumulative total stockholder returns for the five years ended April 30, 2026 for (i) our common stock, (ii) the Russell 2000 Index, and (iii) the S&P Composite 1500 Leisure Products Index (S&P 1500 Leisure Products on the graph below). The graph assumes an investment of \$100 on April 30, 2021, with dividends reinvested. The performance shown is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

## COMPARISON OF FIVE-YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\*

Among Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., The Russell 2000 Index,  
And Peer Group



\* \$100 invested on April 30, 2021 in stock or index — including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal year ending April 30.

The performance graph above shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. The performance graph above will not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing of our company under the Securities Act.

### Repurchases of Common Stock

During the quarter ended April 30, 2026, there were no purchases of our common stock by us nor any affiliated purchasers within the meaning of Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act.

### Item 6. *RESERVED*



## **Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*You should read the following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors, including those set forth under Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.*

*This section generally discusses year-to-year comparisons between fiscal 2026 and fiscal 2025. A discussion of our results of operations, liquidity, and capital resources for fiscal 2025 compared with fiscal 2024 is not included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and can be found in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2025, filed with the SEC on June 20, 2025.*

### **2026 Highlights**

Our operating results for fiscal 2026 included the following:

- Net sales of \$523.8 million represented an increase of \$49.2 million, or 10.4%, over the prior fiscal year.
- Gross profit increased \$13.9 million, or 10.9%, over the prior fiscal year, primarily because of higher sales volume. Gross margin increased by ten basis points from the prior fiscal year primarily due to lower promotional costs and lower federal firearms excise taxes, partially offset by unfavorable fixed-cost absorption and a 100-basis point impact from higher tariffs.
- Net income was \$18.5 million, or \$0.41 per diluted share, compared with net income of \$13.4 million, or \$0.30 per diluted share, for the prior fiscal year.
- During fiscal 2026, we paid \$23.2 million in dividends compared with \$23.1 million in fiscal 2025.
- During fiscal 2026, we repaid \$60.0 million on our revolving credit facility.

### **Key Performance Indicators**

We evaluate the performance of our business based upon operating profit and net income, which includes net sales, cost of sales, selling and administrative expenses, and certain components of other income and expense. We also track our return on invested capital, and we use adjusted EBITDAS (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and stock-based compensation expense, excluding certain non-operational items), which is a non-GAAP financial metric, as a supplemental measure of our performance in order to provide investors with an improved understanding of underlying performance trends. We evaluate the performance of our products using measurements such as gross margin per unit produced, units produced per day, revenue by trade channel, and incoming orders per day.

### **External Factors that Impact the Firearm Industry**

The firearm industry has been subject to many external factors in the past that have significantly increased the volatility of revenue generated by companies within the industry. These factors include, among others, fears surrounding crime and terrorism; significant news events; potential restrictions on the sale or makeup of firearms; actual and potential legislative, judicial, and regulatory actions; economic changes; and changes in the social and political environment, including congressional and presidential elections. See Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, for further discussion of external factors that impact the firearm industry. Although these external factors have created demand surges and volatility in the firearm market, and often make it difficult to predict demand, we believe that those external factors have also likely contributed to a long-term increase in consumer interest in firearms. We estimate that the annual domestic non-military firearm market is approximately \$2.7 billion for handguns and \$1.7 billion for long guns, excluding shotguns, based on the latest data for industry shipments as calculated by the National Shooting Sports Foundation, or NSSF, utilizing Firearms and Ammunition Excise Tax data for calendar year 2024.

According to calendar 2025 reports by the ATF, the U.S. firearm manufacturing industry grew at a 6.2% compound annual growth rate in units from 2019 through 2024, although there has been wide variation among years (e.g., 2019 to 2020 grew 58.0%). We believe that this expanding base of consumers combined with our strong brand reputation and attractive price points lend support to our goal of continuing to increase our market share.

## Results of Operations

### *Net Sales and Gross Profit*

The following table sets forth certain information regarding net sales and gross profit for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                               | 2026       | 2025       | \$ Change | % Change | 2024       |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Handguns                      | \$ 394,404 | \$ 331,936 | \$ 62,468 | 18.8%    | \$ 381,898 |
| Long guns                     | 90,481     | 103,956    | (13,475)  | (13.0)%  | 116,491    |
| Other products & services     | 38,960     | 38,769     | 191       | 0.5%     | 37,444     |
| Total net sales               | \$ 523,845 | \$ 474,661 | \$ 49,184 | 10.4%    | \$ 535,833 |
| Cost of sales                 | 382,742    | 347,478    | 35,264    | 10.1%    | 377,740    |
| Gross profit                  | \$ 141,103 | \$ 127,183 | \$ 13,920 | 10.9%    | \$ 158,093 |
| % of net sales (gross margin) | 26.9%      | 26.8%      |           |          | 29.5%      |

The following table sets forth certain information regarding units shipped by trade channel for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (units in thousands):

| <u>Total Units Shipped</u>                  | 2026 | 2025 | # Change | % Change | 2024 |
|---------------------------------------------|------|------|----------|----------|------|
| Handguns                                    | 935  | 798  | 137      | 17.2%    | 836  |
| Long guns                                   | 162  | 175  | (13)     | (7.4)%   | 228  |
| <u>Sporting Goods Channel Units Shipped</u> | 2026 | 2025 | # Change | % Change | 2024 |
| Handguns                                    | 890  | 748  | 142      | 19.0%    | 775  |
| Long guns                                   | 149  | 158  | (9)      | (5.7)%   | 210  |
| <u>Professional Channel Units Shipped</u>   | 2026 | 2025 | # Change | % Change | 2024 |
| Handguns                                    | 45   | 50   | (5)      | (10.0)%  | 61   |
| Long guns                                   | 13   | 17   | (4)      | (23.5)%  | 18   |

Sales of our handguns increased \$62.5 million, or 18.8%, over fiscal 2025, primarily as a result of increased shipments of newly introduced products (defined as any new SKU not shipped in the prior year), higher consumer demand, and a 2% to 3% price increase on select products that became effective on January 1, 2026. Shipments of new products represented 43.6% of handgun sales in the period. Handgun unit shipments into the sporting goods channel increased 19.0% over fiscal 2025, while overall consumer demand decreased 0.2% (as indicated by adjusted background checks for handguns reported to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, or NICS).

Sales of our long guns decreased \$13.5 million, or 13.0%, from fiscal 2025, primarily as a result of the timing of new product launches in fiscal 2025, which were at higher selling prices, combined with lower consumer demand during fiscal 2026. Shipments of new products represented 30.6% of long gun sales in the period. Long gun unit shipments into the sporting goods channel decreased 5.7% from fiscal 2025, while overall consumer demand for long guns decreased 4.6% (as indicated by NICS).

Other products and services sales increased \$191,000, or 0.5%, over fiscal 2025, as higher e-commerce and suppressor sales offset lower business-to-business sales. Lower business-to-business sales resulted from the closure of our Deep River facility in fiscal 2025 as part of the Relocation.

New products represented 38.1% of net sales for the year ended April 30, 2026 and included four new pistols, four new long guns, and many new product line extensions.

Gross margin for fiscal 2026 was 26.9% compared with 26.8% for fiscal 2025, primarily due to lower promotional costs and lower federal firearms excise taxes as a result of the favorable completion of a recent audit, partially offset by unfavorable fixed-cost absorption from lower production volumes combined with higher tariffs on imported materials and components. We estimate that higher tariffs negatively impacted gross margin by approximately 100 basis points when compared to the comparable period last year.

Inventory balances declined \$33.6 million between April 30, 2025 and April 30, 2026 as a result of our proactive inventory management and production planning efforts intended to optimize inventory levels and cash flows. While inventory levels, both internally and in the distribution channel, in excess of demand may negatively impact future operating results, it is difficult to forecast the potential impact of distributor inventories on future revenue and income as demand is impacted by many factors, including seasonality, new product introductions, news events, political events, and consumer tastes. We expect our inventory levels to increase modestly during fiscal 2027.

### ***Operating Expenses***

The following table sets forth certain information regarding operating expenses for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                                         | <u>2026</u> | <u>2025</u> | <u>\$ Change</u> | <u>% Change</u> | <u>2024</u> |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Research and development                | \$ 10,304   | \$ 9,567    | \$ 737           | 7.7%            | \$ 7,258    |
| Selling, marketing, and distribution    | 41,598      | 41,314      | 284              | 0.7%            | 40,611      |
| General and administrative              | 59,999      | 54,933      | 5,066            | 9.2%            | 63,133      |
| Gain on sale/disposition of assets, net | (9)         | (2,515)     | 2,506            | -99.6%          | (11)        |
| Total operating expenses                | \$ 111,892  | \$ 103,299  | \$ 8,593         | 8.3%            | \$ 110,991  |
| % of net sales                          | 21.4%       | 21.8%       |                  |                 | 20.7%       |

Research and development expenses increased \$737,000 because of higher tooling-related costs, partially offset by materials and testing costs, which were elevated in the prior year. Selling, marketing, and distribution expenses increased \$284,000, primarily as a result of higher profit-related compensation expenses and one-time costs related to the grand opening event for the Academy, partially offset by lower promotional costs. General and administrative expenses increased \$5.1 million over the prior year, primarily as a result of higher profit-related and stock-based compensation expenses, and higher legal expenses. During fiscal 2025, we sold certain real estate located adjacent to our former distribution center located in Columbia, Missouri for \$2.3 million, net of transaction costs, and recognized a \$2.3 million pre-tax gain on sale.

### ***Operating Income***

The following table sets forth certain information regarding operating income for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                                   | <u>2026</u> | <u>2025</u> | <u>\$ Change</u> | <u>% Change</u> | <u>2024</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Operating income                  | \$ 29,211   | \$ 23,884   | \$ 5,327         | 22.3%           | \$ 47,102   |
| % of net sales (operating margin) | 5.6%        | 5.0%        |                  |                 | 8.8%        |

Operating income for fiscal 2026 increased \$5.3 million, or 22.3%, over the prior fiscal year, primarily for the reasons outlined above.

**Other Income/(Expense), net**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding other income for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                             | 2026   | 2025    | \$ Change | % Change | 2024     |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Other income/(expense), net | \$ 669 | \$ (17) | \$ 686    | NM       | \$ 6,672 |

Other income for fiscal 2026 increased \$686,000, primarily as a result of investment income on our marketable securities.

**Interest Expense, net**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding interest expense for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                       | 2026       | 2025       | \$ Change | % Change | 2024       |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Interest expense, net | \$ (4,810) | \$ (4,622) | \$ 188    | 4.1%     | \$ (2,055) |

Interest expense increased by \$188,000, primarily as a result of lower average cash balances, partially offset by lower average interest rates on debt and lower average debt balances during fiscal 2026 compared with fiscal 2025.

**Income Tax Expense**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding income tax expense for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                                                  | 2026     | 2025     | \$ Change | % Change | 2024      |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Income tax expense                               | \$ 6,589 | \$ 5,820 | \$ 769    | 13.2%    | \$ 10,356 |
| % of income from operations (effective tax rate) | 26.3%    | 30.2%    |           | -3.9%    |           |

We recorded income tax expense of \$6.6 million for fiscal 2026, \$769,000 higher than the prior fiscal year, primarily because of increased profitability. Our effective tax rates were 26.3% and 30.2% for fiscal 2026 and 2025, respectively. The 2026 rate was impacted favorably as a result of a decrease in state taxable income from the prior year and favorable return to provision adjustments.

**Net Income**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding net income and the related per share data for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

|                       | 2026      | 2025      | \$ Change | % Change | 2024      |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Net income            | \$ 18,481 | \$ 13,425 | \$ 5,056  | 37.7%    | \$ 41,363 |
| Net income per share: |           |           |           |          |           |
| Basic                 | \$ 0.42   | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.12   | 40.0%    | \$ 0.90   |
| Diluted               | \$ 0.41   | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.11   | 36.7%    | \$ 0.89   |

Net income increased \$5.1 million, or \$0.11 per diluted share, over fiscal 2025 primarily for reasons outlined above.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal cash requirements are to finance the growth of our operations, including working capital and capital expenditures, and return capital to our stockholders. Capital expenditures for new product development and repair and replacement of equipment represent important cash needs.

The following table sets forth certain cash flow information for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (dollars in thousands):

|                      | 2026            | 2025               | \$ Change        | 2024            |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Operating activities | \$ 114,195      | \$ (7,223)         | \$ 121,418       | \$ 106,739      |
| Investing activities | (28,240)        | (19,173)           | (9,067)          | (81,490)        |
| Financing activities | (82,996)        | (9,212)            | (73,784)         | (17,966)        |
| Total cash flow      | <u>\$ 2,959</u> | <u>\$ (35,608)</u> | <u>\$ 38,567</u> | <u>\$ 7,283</u> |

### Operating Activities

Operating activities generally represent the principal source of our cash flow.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$114.2 million in fiscal 2026 compared with \$7.2 million of cash used in fiscal 2025. Cash provided by operating activities in fiscal 2026 was favorably impacted by a \$33.6 million decrease in inventory compared with a \$29.3 million increase in inventory in fiscal 2025, a \$5.4 million increase in accounts payable compared with a \$14.8 million decrease in accounts payable in fiscal 2025, a \$6.1 million increase in accrued payroll and incentives compared with an \$8.1 million decrease in accrued payroll and incentives in fiscal 2025, a \$15.8 million decrease in accounts receivable compared with a \$3.2 million decrease in accounts receivable in fiscal 2025, a \$519,000 increase in accrued profit sharing compared with a \$4.5 million decrease in accrued profit sharing in fiscal 2025, and higher net income. Cash provided by operating activities in fiscal 2026 was unfavorably impacted by a \$3.0 million decrease in accrued expenses and deferred revenue compared with a \$268,000 decrease in accrued expenses and deferred revenue in fiscal 2025.

### Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities increased \$9.1 million for the fiscal 2026 compared with fiscal 2025, primarily as a result of \$4.6 million of purchases of marketable securities during fiscal 2026, a \$2.1 million increase in capital expenditures related to the Academy, and \$2.3 million of proceeds included in fiscal 2025 related to the sale of certain real estate located adjacent to our former distribution center located in Columbia, Missouri.

We currently expect to spend \$40.0 to \$45.0 million on capital expenditures in fiscal 2027.

### Financing Activities

Cash used by financing activities was \$83.0 million for fiscal 2026 compared with \$9.2 million for fiscal 2025. Cash used by financing activities during fiscal 2026 was primarily the result of \$60.0 million in net repayments under our revolving line of credit and \$23.2 million in dividend distributions. Cash used in financing activities for fiscal 2025 was primarily the result of \$40.0 million of net borrowings, \$25.5 million of stock repurchases, and \$23.1 million in dividend distributions. We had no stock repurchases during fiscal 2026.

**Credit Facilities** — We entered into the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement on October 3, 2024. The Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit of \$175.0 million at any one time, or the Revolving Line. The Revolving Line bears interest at either the Base Rate (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) or the Adjusted Term SOFR rate (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement), plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio. The Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also provides a swingline facility in the maximum amount of \$5.0 million at any one time (subject to availability under the Revolving Line). Each Swingline Loan (as defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) bears interest at the Base Rate, plus an applicable margin based on our



Adjusted Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement). Subject to the satisfaction of certain terms and conditions described in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, we have an option to increase the Revolving Line by an aggregate amount not exceeding \$50.0 million. The Revolving Line matures on the earlier of October 3, 2029 or the date that is six months in advance of the earliest maturity of any Permitted Notes (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) under the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

As of April 30, 2026, we had \$20.0 million of borrowings outstanding on the Revolving Line, bearing interest at an average rate of 5.72%, which was equal to the Adjusted Term SOFR rate plus an applicable margin.

The credit agreement for the Revolving Line contains financial covenants relating to maintaining a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum debt service coverage ratio. We were in compliance with all debt covenants as of April 30, 2026.

*Share Repurchase Programs* – On September 19, 2023, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of our common stock, subject to certain conditions, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions through September 19, 2024, or the 2023 Authorization. During fiscal 2025, we purchased 1,531,763 shares of our common stock for \$21.4 million under the 2023 Authorization. The 2023 Authorization expired on September 19, 2024. On September 5, 2024, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of our common stock, subject to certain conditions, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions from September 20, 2024 through September 20, 2025, or the 2024 Authorization. As of April 30, 2026, we had repurchased 312,310 shares of our common stock for \$4.1 million under the 2024 Authorization. On September 15, 2025, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of our common stock, subject to certain conditions, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions from September 21, 2025 through September 21, 2026, or the 2025 Authorization. As of April 30, 2026, we had not repurchased any shares of our common stock under the 2025 Authorization.

*Finance Lease* – We are a party to a material finance lease, which is a \$46.2 million lease that has an effective interest rate of approximately 5.0% and is payable in 240 monthly installments through fiscal 2039, as well as a related payment and performance guaranty, dated October 26, 2017, in favor of the Original Missouri Landlord. The building is pledged to secure the amounts outstanding. As part of the Relocation, on January 31, 2023, we entered into the Assignment and Assumption Agreement and the Amended and Restated Guaranty. Because of the Amended and Restated Guaranty, we continue to account for this lease as we have since prior to the Relocation. During fiscal 2025 and 2026, AOUT made payments pursuant to this lease directly to the landlord and we neither received nor paid any cash related to this arrangement. See Note 3 — *Leases* for additional information.

As of April 30, 2026, we had \$28.2 million in cash and cash equivalents on hand.

Based upon our current working capital position, current operating plans, and expected business conditions, we believe that our existing capital resources and credit facilities will be adequate to fund our operations for at least the next 12 months.

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including net sales, the timing and extent of spending to support product development efforts, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing of introductions of new products and enhancements to existing products, and the costs to ensure access to adequate manufacturing capacity. Future equity or debt financing may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. If sufficient funds are not available or are not available on acceptable terms, our ability to take advantage of unexpected business opportunities or to respond to competitive pressures could be limited or severely constrained.

## **Inflation**

During fiscal 2026, 2025 and 2024 inflationary pressures resulted in increases in the cost of certain of the components, parts, raw materials, and other supplies necessary for the production of our products, as well as labor costs. We expect that inflation will continue to impact us during fiscal 2027.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires that we make accounting estimates, judgments, and assumptions that can have a meaningful effect on the reporting of consolidated financial statements. See Note 2 — *Significant Accounting Policies* for additional information.

Critical accounting estimates are defined as those reflective of significant judgments, estimates, and uncertainties, which may result in materially different results under different assumptions and conditions. We believe the following are our critical accounting estimates:

### ***Inventories***

**Description:** We value inventories at the lower of cost, using the first-in, first-out, or FIFO, method, or net realizable value.

**Judgments and Uncertainties:** An allowance for potential non-saleable inventory as a result of excess stock or obsolescence is based upon a detailed review of inventory, past history, and expected future usage.

**Sensitivity of Estimate to Change:** The assumptions used to assess inventory valuation consider historical activity. Changes in these estimates can have a significant impact on the assessment of excess and obsolete inventory, which could result in material losses.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

The nature and impact of recent accounting pronouncements is discussed in Note 2 — *Significant Accounting Policies* to our consolidated financial statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any transactions, arrangements, or other relationships with unconsolidated entities that are reasonably likely to affect our liquidity or capital resources. We have no special purpose or limited purpose entities that provide off-balance sheet financing, liquidity, or market or credit risk support or that engage in leasing, hedging, research and development services, or other relationships that expose us to liability that is not reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

## **Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

We do not enter into any market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes. Our principal market risk relates to the variable interest rate associated with our credit agreement, which consists of a \$175.0 million revolving line of credit that bears interest at either the Base Rate or Adjusted Term SOFR rate, plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio. For more information regarding our financing arrangements, see Note 4 — *Notes and Loans Payable*. As of April 30, 2026, we had \$20.0 million of borrowings outstanding on the Revolving Line, which bore an interest rate of 5.72%, which is equal to Adjusted Term SOFR rate plus an applicable margin.

## **Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

Reference is made to our consolidated financial statements, the notes thereto, and the report thereon, commencing on page F-1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, which financial statements, notes, and report are incorporated herein by reference.

## **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

Not applicable.

## **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of April 30, 2026, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### **Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act.

A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies may deteriorate.

Management, with participation of the CEO and CFO, under the oversight of our Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2026, using the framework established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013), issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO Framework). Based on that evaluation, management believes that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of April 30, 2026.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2026 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, which also audited our consolidated financial statements for fiscal 2026. KPMG LLP's report on our internal control over financial reporting is included herein.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 2026 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Item 9B. Other Information

### Director and Executive Officer Trading

A portion of our directors' and officers' compensation is in the form of equity awards and, from time to time, they may engage in open-market transactions with respect to our securities for diversification or other personal reasons. All such transactions in our securities by directors and officers must comply with our Policy on Inside Information and Insider Trading, which requires that transactions be in accordance with applicable U.S. federal securities laws that prohibit trading while in possession of material nonpublic information.

Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act provides an affirmative defense that enables directors and officers to prearrange transactions in the Company's securities in a manner that avoids concerns about initiating transactions while in possession of material nonpublic information. The following table describes the contracts, instructions or written plans for the purchase or sale of securities adopted by our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended April 30, 2026, that are intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c). No other Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements" (as defined by S-K Item 408(c)) were entered into or terminated by our directors or officers during such period.

| <u>Name</u>   | <u>Title</u>                 | <u>Action</u>                | <u>Date Adopted</u> | <u>Termination Date</u> |
|---------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Mark P. Smith | President, CEO, and Director | Adoption of Rule 10b5-1 Plan | March 24, 2026      | March 24, 2027          |

### Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

## **PART III**

### **Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance**

The information required by this Item relating to our directors and corporate governance is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The information required by this Item relating to our executive officers is included in Item 1, “Business — Information about our Executive Officers” of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We have adopted our Policy on Inside Information and Insider Trading governing the purchase, sale, and/or other disposition of our securities by our directors, officers, employees, and other covered persons. We believe this policy is reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations, and the exchange listing standards applicable to us. A copy of this policy is filed as Exhibit 19.1 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### **Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### **Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence**

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### **Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services**

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.



## PART IV

### Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

#### (a) Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules

- (1) Consolidated Financial Statements are listed in the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.
- (2) All schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the SEC have been omitted because of the absence of the conditions under which they are required or because the information required is shown in the financial statements or notes above.

#### (b) Exhibits

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2.13***        | Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between the Registrant and American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (1)      |
| 3.1            | Amended and Restated Bylaws (2)                                                                                                              |
| 3.4            | Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (3)                                                                                    |
| 3.9            | Certificate of Withdrawal of Certificate of Designation (4)                                                                                  |
| 4.1            | Form of Common Stock Certificate (5)                                                                                                         |
| 4.2            | Description of Securities (6)                                                                                                                |
| 10.51**        | Agreement with Respect to Defense of Smith & Wesson: Firearms Litigation, dated as of November 11, 2004 (7)                                  |
| 10.107*        | Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. Executive Severance Pay Plan (8)                                                                                 |
| 10.108*        | Adoption Agreement to the Smith & Wesson Nonqualified Supplemental Deferred Compensation Plan (9)                                            |
| 10.109*        | Smith & Wesson Nonqualified Supplemental Deferred Compensation Plan Document (9)                                                             |
| 10.110(a)*     | 2013 Incentive Stock Plan (10)                                                                                                               |
| 10.110(b)*     | 2022 Incentive Stock Plan (11)                                                                                                               |
| 10.111(a)*     | Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan for awards made beginning in April 2015 (12) |
| 10.111(b)*     | Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan for awards made beginning in April 2020 (6)  |
| 10.111(c)*     | Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan for awards made beginning in April 2023 (13) |
| 10.112(a)*     | Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan for awards made in 2020 (6)                 |
| 10.112(b)*     | Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan for awards made beginning in 2021 (6)       |
| 10.112(c)*     | Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan for awards made beginning in 2023 (13)      |

- 10.113(a) Lease Agreement, dated October 26, 2017, by and between Ryan Boone County, LLC and Smith & Wesson Corp. (14)
- 10.113(b) Assignment and Assumption of Lease Agreement, dated January 31, 2023, between Smith & Wesson Sales Company and American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (15)
- 10.114(a) Guaranty, dated October 26, 2017, entered into by the Registrant (14)
- 10.114(b) Amended and Restated Guaranty, dated January 31, 2023 (15)
- 10.115(a)\* Employment Agreement, executed April 4, 2020 and effective as of January 15, 2020, by and between Mark P. Smith and the Registrant (16)
- 10.115(b)\* Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, executed June 18, 2025 and effective as of June 18, 2025, by and between Mark P. Smith and the Registrant (17)
- 10.116 Transition Services Agreement dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between the Registrant and American Outdoor Brands, Inc (1)
- 10.117 Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between the Registrant and American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (1)
- 10.118 Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between the Registrant and American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (1)
- 10.119(a)\*\*\* Trademark License Agreement, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Inc. and AOB Products Company (1)
- 10.119(b)\*\*\* Amended and Restated Trademark License Agreement, dated as of April 11, 2024, by and between Smith & Wesson Inc. and AOB Products Company (18)
- 10.120\*\*\* Sublease, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and between the Smith & Wesson Sales Company and American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (1)
- 10.121(a)\*\*\* Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and among the Registrant, Smith & Wesson Sales Company, Smith & Wesson, Inc., the Guarantors, the Lenders, and TD Bank, N.A. (1)
- 10.121(b)\*\*\* First Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 28, 2023, by and among the Registrant, Smith & Wesson Sales Company, Smith & Wesson, Inc., the Guarantors, the Lenders, and TD Bank, N.A. (9)
- 10.121(c)\*\*\* Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of October 3, 2024, by and among the Registrant, Smith & Wesson Sales Company, Smith & Wesson, Inc., the Guarantors, the Lenders, and TD Bank, N.A. (20)
- 10.121(d)\*\*\* First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated August 15, 2025, by and among the Registrant, Smith & Wesson Sales Company, Smith & Wesson, Inc., the Guarantors, the Lenders, and TD Bank, N.A. (21)
- 10.122 Project Agreement, dated September 30, 2021, by and among The Industrial Development Board of Blount County and the cities of Alcoa and Maryville, Tennessee, a public, nonprofit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Tennessee and the Registrant (22)
- 10.123\* 2021 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (23)
- 10.124\*\*\* Standard Design-Build Agreement and General Conditions, dated February 2, 2023, between Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc and The Christman Company (portions of the exhibit have been omitted) (15)

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10.125    | Accountability Agreement, dated June 2, 2022, by and among Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development, a department of the State of Tennessee, Blount Partnership, and Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 10.126*   | Form of Indemnity Agreement entered into with the following directors and executive officers: as of August 9, 2022 with Anita D. Britt, Fred M. Diaz, Kevin A. Maxwell, Deana L. McPherson, Barry M. Monheit, and Robert L. Scott; as of August 24, 2022 with Susan J. Cupero; as of August 25, 2022 with Denis G. Suggs and Mark P. Smith; and as of July 17, 2023 with Michelle J. Lohmeier (11) |
| 10.127(a) | Form of Dividend Equivalent Award Agreement (24)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 10.127(b) | Form of Amended and Restated Dividend Equivalent Award Agreement                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 10.128*   | Agreement and Release, dated April 28, 2025 (25)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 19.1      | Policy on Inside Information and Insider Trading                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 21.1      | Subsidiaries of the Registrant                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 23.1      | Consent of KPMG LLP, an Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 23.2      | Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, an Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 31.1      | Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 31.2      | Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 32.1      | Section 1350 Certification of Principal Executive Officer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 32.2      | Section 1350 Certification of Principal Financial Officer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 97.1      | Executive Officer Clawback Policy                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 101.INS   | Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 101.SCH   | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 104       | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

\* Management contract or compensatory arrangement.

\*\* An application has been submitted to the SEC for confidential treatment, pursuant to Rule 24b-2 of the Exchange Act, of portions of this exhibit. These portions have been omitted from this exhibit.

\*\*\* Certain schedules and exhibits have been omitted from this filing pursuant to Item 601(a) (5) of the Regulation S-K. We agree to furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted schedule or exhibit to the SEC upon request.

- (1) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 26, 2020.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 22, 2024.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 2, 2017.
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 1, 2013.
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 19, 2020.
- (6) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 17, 2021.
- (7) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on March 10, 2005.
- (8) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 9, 2020.
- (9) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 20, 2013.
- (10) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form S-8 filed with the SEC on December 20, 2013.
- (11) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on September 8, 2022.
- (12) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 22, 2015.
- (13) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 22, 2023.

- (14) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 31, 2017.
- (15) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 3, 2023.
- (16) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 9, 2020.
- (17) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 20, 2025.
- (18) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 20, 2024.
- (19) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 2, 2023.
- (20) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 4, 2024.
- (21) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 18, 2025.
- (22) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 30, 2021.
- (23) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form S-8 filed with the SEC on March 30, 2022.
- (24) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on December 7, 2023.
- (25) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 2, 2025.

**Item 16. Form 10-K Summary**

Not applicable.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC.

/s/ Mark P. Smith

Mark P. Smith

*President and Chief Executive Officer*

Date: June 17, 2026

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

| Signature                                               | Capacity                                                                                                                                 | Date          |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <u>/s/ Mark P. Smith</u><br>Mark P. Smith               | President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director<br>(Principal Executive Officer)                                                        | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Deana L. McPherson</u><br>Deana L. McPherson     | Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,<br>Treasurer, and Assistant Secretary<br>(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Robert L. Scott</u><br>Robert L. Scott           | Chairman of the Board                                                                                                                    | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Anita D. Britt</u><br>Anita D. Britt             | Director                                                                                                                                 | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Fred M. Diaz</u><br>Fred M. Diaz                 | Director                                                                                                                                 | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Michelle J. Lohmeier</u><br>Michelle J. Lohmeier | Director                                                                                                                                 | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Barry M. Monheit</u><br>Barry M. Monheit         | Director                                                                                                                                 | June 17, 2026 |
| <u>/s/ Denis G. Suggs</u><br>Denis G. Suggs             | Director                                                                                                                                 | June 17, 2026 |

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**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors  
Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc.:

### *Opinions on the Consolidated Financial Statements and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of April 30, 2026 and 2025, the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended April 30, 2026, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2026, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of April 30, 2026 and 2025, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended April 30, 2026, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2026 based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

### *Basis for Opinions*

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

### *Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance

with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### *Critical Audit Matters*

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2024.

Nashville, Tennessee  
June 17, 2026

## **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the stockholders and the Board of Directors of Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc.

### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows, for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements") of Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. (the "Company"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the results of the Company's operations and its cash flows for the year ended April 30, 2024, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Nashville, Tennessee

June 20, 2024 (June 20, 2025, as to the retrospective application of ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, as presented in Note 16)

We began serving as the Company's auditor in 2014. In 2024 we became the predecessor auditor.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

|                                                                                                                                                                                                             | As of:                                          |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                             | April 30, 2026                                  | April 30, 2025 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                             | (In thousands, except par value and share data) |                |
| ASSETS                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                 |                |
| Current assets:                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                 |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                                                                                                   | \$ 28,190                                       | \$ 25,231      |
| Marketable securities                                                                                                                                                                                       | 5,162                                           | —              |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowances for credit losses of \$5 on April 30, 2026 and April 30, 2025                                                                                                        | 40,014                                          | 55,868         |
| Inventories                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 156,250                                         | 189,840        |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets                                                                                                                                                                   | 7,170                                           | 6,260          |
| Income tax receivable                                                                                                                                                                                       | 4,617                                           | 66             |
| Total current assets                                                                                                                                                                                        | 241,403                                         | 277,265        |
| Property, plant, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$397,668 on April 30, 2026 and \$368,811 on April 30, 2025                                                             | 238,643                                         | 242,648        |
| Intangibles, net                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1,956                                           | 2,409          |
| Goodwill                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 19,024                                          | 19,024         |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                                                                                                                                       | 4,347                                           | 10,260         |
| Other assets                                                                                                                                                                                                | 7,393                                           | 8,006          |
| Total assets                                                                                                                                                                                                | \$ 512,766                                      | \$ 559,612     |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                 |                |
| Current liabilities:                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                 |                |
| Accounts payable                                                                                                                                                                                            | \$ 34,570                                       | \$ 26,887      |
| Accrued expenses and deferred revenue                                                                                                                                                                       | 19,146                                          | 24,678         |
| Accrued payroll and incentives                                                                                                                                                                              | 15,196                                          | 9,060          |
| Accrued profit sharing                                                                                                                                                                                      | 5,155                                           | 4,636          |
| Accrued warranty                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1,300                                           | 1,379          |
| Total current liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                   | 75,367                                          | 66,640         |
| Notes and loans payable (Note 4)                                                                                                                                                                            | 19,121                                          | 79,096         |
| Finance lease payable, net of current portion                                                                                                                                                               | 32,163                                          | 33,703         |
| Other non-current liabilities                                                                                                                                                                               | 9,556                                           | 7,719          |
| Total liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                           | 136,207                                         | 187,158        |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                 |                |
| Stockholders' equity:                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                 |                |
| Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding                                                                                                           | —                                               | —              |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 44,605,993 shares issued and outstanding on April 30, 2026 and 75,789,455 shares issued and 44,111,461 shares outstanding on April 30, 2025 | 45                                              | 76             |
| Additional paid-in capital                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2,776                                           | 298,075        |
| Retained earnings                                                                                                                                                                                           | 373,738                                         | 532,615        |
| Treasury stock, at cost (no shares on April 30, 2026 and 31,677,994 shares on April 30, 2025)                                                                                                               | —                                               | (458,312)      |
| Total stockholders' equity                                                                                                                                                                                  | 376,559                                         | 372,454        |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity                                                                                                                                                                  | \$ 512,766                                      | \$ 559,612     |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

|                                                       | <b>For the Year Ended April 30,</b>   |             |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                       | <b>2026</b>                           | <b>2025</b> | <b>2024</b> |
|                                                       | (In thousands, except per share data) |             |             |
| Net sales                                             | \$ 523,845                            | \$ 474,661  | \$ 535,833  |
| Cost of sales                                         | 382,742                               | 347,478     | 377,740     |
| Gross profit                                          | 141,103                               | 127,183     | 158,093     |
| Operating expenses:                                   |                                       |             |             |
| Research and development                              | 10,304                                | 9,567       | 7,258       |
| Selling, marketing, and distribution                  | 41,598                                | 41,314      | 40,611      |
| General and administrative                            | 59,999                                | 54,933      | 63,133      |
| Gain on sale/disposition of assets, net               | (9)                                   | (2,515)     | (11)        |
| Total operating expenses                              | 111,892                               | 103,299     | 110,991     |
| Operating income                                      | 29,211                                | 23,884      | 47,102      |
| Other expense, net:                                   |                                       |             |             |
| Other income/(expense), net                           | 669                                   | (17)        | 6,672       |
| Interest expense, net                                 | (4,810)                               | (4,622)     | (2,055)     |
| Total other (expense)/income, net                     | (4,141)                               | (4,639)     | 4,617       |
| Income before income taxes                            | 25,070                                | 19,245      | 51,719      |
| Income tax expense                                    | 6,589                                 | 5,820       | 10,356      |
| Net income                                            | \$ 18,481                             | \$ 13,425   | \$ 41,363   |
| Net income per share:                                 |                                       |             |             |
| Basic - net income                                    | \$ 0.42                               | \$ 0.30     | \$ 0.90     |
| Diluted - net income                                  | \$ 0.41                               | \$ 0.30     | \$ 0.89     |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: |                                       |             |             |
| Basic                                                 | 44,420                                | 44,484      | 45,813      |
| Diluted                                               | 44,933                                | 44,932      | 46,248      |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

| (In thousands, except per share data)                                                  | Common Stock |        | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Treasury Stock |              | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                                                                                        | Shares       | Amount |                            |                   |                                        | Shares         | Amount       |                            |
| Balance at April 30, 2023                                                              | 75,029       | \$ 75  | \$ 283,666                 | \$ 523,184        | \$ 73                                  | 29,040         | \$ (422,375) | \$ 384,623                 |
| Stock-based compensation                                                               | —            | —      | 5,683                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | 5,683                      |
| Shares issued under employee stock purchase plan                                       | 151          | —      | 1,484                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | 1,484                      |
| Issuance of common stock under restricted stock unit awards, net of shares surrendered | 215          | —      | (839)                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | (839)                      |
| Repurchase of treasury stock, including excise tax                                     | —            | —      | —                          | —                 | —                                      | 794            | (10,267)     | (10,267)                   |
| Dividends issued, including accruals (\$0.48 per common share)                         | —            | —      | —                          | (22,133)          | —                                      | —              | —            | (22,133)                   |
| Net income                                                                             | —            | —      | —                          | 41,363            | —                                      | —              | —            | 41,363                     |
| Balance at April 30, 2024                                                              | 75,395       | \$ 75  | \$ 289,994                 | \$ 542,414        | \$ 73                                  | 29,834         | \$ (432,642) | \$ 399,914                 |
| Stock-based compensation                                                               | —            | —      | 7,609                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | 7,609                      |
| Shares issued under employee stock purchase plan                                       | 175          | —      | 1,598                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | 1,598                      |
| Issuance of common stock under restricted stock unit awards, net of shares surrendered | 219          | 1      | (1,126)                    | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | (1,125)                    |
| Repurchase of treasury stock, including excise tax                                     | —            | —      | —                          | —                 | —                                      | 1,844          | (25,670)     | (25,670)                   |
| Dividends issued, including accruals (\$0.52 per common share)                         | —            | —      | —                          | (23,224)          | —                                      | —              | —            | (23,224)                   |
| Net income                                                                             | —            | —      | —                          | 13,425            | —                                      | —              | —            | 13,425                     |
| Other                                                                                  | —            | —      | —                          | —                 | (73)                                   | —              | —            | (73)                       |
| Balance at April 30, 2025                                                              | 75,789       | \$ 76  | \$ 298,075                 | \$ 532,615        | \$ —                                   | 31,678         | \$ (458,312) | \$ 372,454                 |
| Stock-based compensation                                                               | —            | —      | 8,350                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | 8,350                      |
| Shares issued under employee stock purchase plan                                       | 199          | —      | 1,577                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | 1,577                      |
| Issuance of common stock under restricted stock unit awards, net of shares surrendered | 296          | 1      | (930)                      | —                 | —                                      | —              | —            | (929)                      |
| Retirement of common stock held in treasury                                            | (31,678)     | (32)   | (304,296)                  | (153,984)         | —                                      | (31,678)       | 458,312      | —                          |
| Dividends issued, including accruals (\$0.52 per common share)                         | —            | —      | —                          | (23,374)          | —                                      | —              | —            | (23,374)                   |
| Net income                                                                             | —            | —      | —                          | 18,481            | —                                      | —              | —            | 18,481                     |
| Balance at April 30, 2026                                                              | 44,606       | \$ 45  | \$ 2,776                   | \$ 373,738        | \$ —                                   | —              | \$ —         | \$ 376,559                 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

|                                                                                             | <b>For the Year Ended April 30,</b> |                  |                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                                                                             | <b>2026</b>                         | <b>2025</b>      | <b>2024</b>      |
|                                                                                             | (In thousands)                      |                  |                  |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>                                                |                                     |                  |                  |
| Net income                                                                                  | \$ 18,481                           | \$ 13,425        | \$ 41,363        |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: |                                     |                  |                  |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                               | 31,311                              | 31,845           | 32,558           |
| Gain on sale/disposition of assets                                                          | (9)                                 | (2,515)          | (5,595)          |
| Recoveries on notes and accounts receivable                                                 | —                                   | —                | (23)             |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                       | 5,913                               | (3,032)          | 857              |
| Stock-based compensation expense                                                            | 8,350                               | 7,609            | 5,683            |
| Non-cash sublease income                                                                    | (1,797)                             | (1,724)          | —                |
| Other, net                                                                                  | (528)                               | (73)             | —                |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                                                |                                     |                  |                  |
| Accounts receivable                                                                         | 15,854                              | 3,203            | (3,896)          |
| Inventories                                                                                 | 33,590                              | (29,340)         | 16,618           |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets                                                   | (910)                               | (1,287)          | (57)             |
| Income taxes                                                                                | (4,551)                             | 1,882            | (2,602)          |
| Accounts payable                                                                            | 5,367                               | (14,771)         | 18,341           |
| Accrued payroll and incentives                                                              | 6,136                               | (8,087)          | (1,418)          |
| Accrued profit sharing                                                                      | 519                                 | (4,462)          | 895              |
| Accrued expenses and deferred revenue                                                       | (3,008)                             | (268)            | 3,995            |
| Accrued warranty                                                                            | (79)                                | (434)            | 142              |
| Other assets                                                                                | (136)                               | 938              | (267)            |
| Other non-current liabilities                                                               | (308)                               | (132)            | 145              |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities                                         | <u>114,195</u>                      | <u>(7,223)</u>   | <u>106,739</u>   |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>                                                |                                     |                  |                  |
| Purchases of marketable securities                                                          | (4,634)                             | —                | —                |
| Payments to acquire patents and software                                                    | (93)                                | (187)            | (186)            |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible assets                                                     | —                                   | —                | 6,500            |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment                                                | 235                                 | 2,619            | 2,955            |
| Payments to acquire property and equipment                                                  | (23,748)                            | (21,605)         | (90,759)         |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                                       | <u>(28,240)</u>                     | <u>(19,173)</u>  | <u>(81,490)</u>  |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>                                                |                                     |                  |                  |
| Proceeds from loans and notes payable                                                       | 25,000                              | 75,000           | 50,000           |
| Payments on loans and notes payable                                                         | (85,000)                            | (35,000)         | (35,000)         |
| Cash paid for debt issuance costs                                                           | (219)                               | (941)            | —                |
| Payments on finance lease obligation                                                        | (195)                               | (179)            | (1,378)          |
| Payments to acquire treasury stock                                                          | —                                   | (25,468)         | (10,213)         |
| Dividend distribution                                                                       | (23,229)                            | (23,096)         | (22,020)         |
| Proceeds to acquire common stock from employee stock purchase plan                          | 1,577                               | 1,598            | 1,484            |
| Payment of employee withholding tax related to restricted stock units                       | (930)                               | (1,126)          | (839)            |
| Net cash used in financing activities                                                       | <u>(82,996)</u>                     | <u>(9,212)</u>   | <u>(17,966)</u>  |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                        | 2,959                               | (35,608)         | 7,283            |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                                              | 25,231                              | 60,839           | 53,556           |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                                                    | <u>\$ 28,190</u>                    | <u>\$ 25,231</u> | <u>\$ 60,839</u> |
| <b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information</b>                                     |                                     |                  |                  |
| Cash paid for:                                                                              |                                     |                  |                  |
| Interest, net of amounts capitalized                                                        | \$ 5,375                            | \$ 5,193         | \$ 4,745         |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - (Continued)**

Supplemental Disclosure of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:

|                                                                      | <b>For the Year Ended April 30,</b> |             |             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                                      | <b>2026</b>                         | <b>2025</b> | <b>2024</b> |
|                                                                      | (In thousands)                      |             |             |
| Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable     | \$ 4,605                            | \$ 2,289    | \$ 2,462    |
| Capital lease included in accrued expenses and finance lease payable | 580                                 | 442         | 612         |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Organization

We are one of the world's leading manufacturers and designers of firearms. We manufacture a wide array of handguns (including revolvers and pistols), long guns (including modern sporting rifles, pistol caliber carbines, and lever-action rifles), handcuffs, firearm suppressors, and other firearm-related products for sale to a wide variety of customers, including firearm enthusiasts, collectors, hunters, sportsmen, competitive shooters, individuals desiring home and personal protection, law enforcement and security agencies and officers, and military agencies in the United States and throughout the world. We sell our products under the Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands. We manufacture our products at our facilities in Maryville, Tennessee; Springfield, Massachusetts; and Houlton, Maine. We also sell our manufacturing services under our Smith & Wesson and Smith & Wesson Precision Components brands to other businesses to attempt to level-load our factories. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025, or fiscal 2025, we discontinued operations at our Deep River, Connecticut facility and vacated the premises. See Note 14 — *Commitments and Contingencies* for more information.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

*Use of Estimates* — The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the financial statement dates and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Our significant estimates include the accrual for warranty, reserves for excess and obsolete inventory, rebates and other promotions, valuation of intangible assets, and costs associated with the Relocation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

*Principles of Consolidation* — The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including Smith & Wesson Inc., Smith & Wesson Sales Company, and Smith & Wesson Online, LLC. In our opinion, all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments necessary to fairly present the financial position, results of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows at April 30, 2026 and 2025 and for the periods presented, have been included. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

*Reclassifications* — We have reclassified certain amounts relating to prior period results to conform to current period presentation. These reclassifications have not changed the results of operations of prior periods.

*Fair Value of Financial Instruments* — Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities, which represent financial instruments not held for trading purposes, approximate the carrying values of such amounts because of their short-term nature or market rates of interest.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents* — We consider all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less at the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents. We maintain our cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. We have not experienced any losses in such accounts. As of April 30, 2026, all of our accounts exceeded federally insured limits.

*Trade Receivables* — We extend credit to our domestic customers and some foreign distributors based on their financial condition. We sometimes offer discounts for early payment on invoices. When we believe the extension of credit is not advisable, we rely on either a prepayment or a letter of credit. We write off balances deemed uncollectible by us against our allowance for credit losses. We estimate our allowance for credit losses through current past due balances, knowledge of our customers' financial situations, and past payment history.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

*Concentrations of Credit Risk* — Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash, cash equivalents, and trade receivables. We place our cash and cash equivalents in overnight U.S. government securities or money market mutual funds. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited by the large number of customers comprising our customer base and their geographic and business dispersion. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition and generally do not require collateral.

For fiscal 2026, sales to two of our customers represented 24.7% of our total net sales, and, as of April 30, 2026, two customers accounted for 30.2% of our total accounts receivable. No other customer represented more than 10% of our fiscal 2026 net sales or accounted for more than 10% of our accounts receivable as of April 30, 2026. For fiscal 2025, sales to one of our customers represented 14.6% of our total net sales, and, as of April 30, 2025, this customer accounted for 36.1% of our total accounts receivable. No other customer represented more than 10% of our fiscal 2025 net sales or accounted for more than 10% of our accounts receivable as of April 30, 2025.

*Inventories* — We value inventories at the lower of cost, using the first-in, first-out, or FIFO, method or net realizable value. An allowance for potential non-saleable inventory due to excess stock or obsolescence is based upon a detailed review of inventory, past history, and expected future usage.

*Property, Plant, and Equipment* — We record property, plant, and equipment, consisting of land, building, improvements, machinery, equipment, software, hardware, furniture, and fixtures, at cost and depreciate them using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. We charge expenditures for maintenance and repairs to earnings as incurred, and we capitalize additions, renewals, and betterments. Upon the retirement or other disposition of property and equipment, we remove the related cost and accumulated depreciation from the respective accounts and include any gain or loss in operations. We lease certain of our real estate, machinery, and photocopiers under non-cancelable operating and finance lease agreements, and we recognize expenses under our operating lease assets and liabilities at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The depreciable life of assets and leasehold improvements are based on the expected life of the lease. A summary of the estimated useful lives is as follows:

| Description                    | Useful Life    |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Building and improvements      | 10 to 40 years |
| Software and hardware          | 2 to 7 years   |
| Machinery and equipment        | 2 to 10 years  |
| Office equipment and furniture | 5 years        |

We include tooling, dies, and fixtures as part of machinery and equipment and depreciate them over a period generally not exceeding ten years.

*Intangible Assets* — We record intangible assets at cost or based on the fair value of the assets acquired. Intangible assets consist of developed technology, customer relationships, trademarks, trade names, and patents. We amortize intangible assets over their estimated useful lives or in proportion to expected yearly revenue generated from the intangibles that were acquired.

*Revenue Recognition* — We recognize revenue in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Generally, all performance obligations are satisfied and revenue is recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the customer, which is generally upon shipment but could be delayed until the receipt of customer acceptance.

In some instances, sales include multiple performance obligations. The most common of these instances relates to sales promotion programs under which customers are entitled to receive free goods based upon their purchase of our products, which we have identified as a material right. The fulfillment of these free goods is our responsibility. In such instances, we allocate the revenue of the promotional sales based on the estimated level of participation in the sales promotional program and the timing of the shipment of all of the products included in the promotional program, including the free goods. We recognize revenue related to the material right proportionally as each performance obligation is satisfied. The net change in contract liabilities for a given period is reported as an increase or decrease to sales.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

We generally sell our products free on board, or FOB, shipping point and provide payment terms to most commercial customers ranging from 20 to 60 days of product shipment with a discount available to some customers for early payment. Generally, framework contracts define the general terms of sales, including payment terms, freight terms, insurance requirements, and cancellation provisions. Purchase orders define the terms for specific sales, including description, quantity, and price of each product purchased. We estimate variable consideration relative to the amount of cash discounts to which customers are likely to be entitled. As a result of utilizing practical expedients in accordance with ASC 606, we do not consider these extended terms to be a significant financing component of the contract because the payment terms are less than one year. In all cases, we consider our costs related to shipping and handling to be a cost of fulfilling the contract with the customer.

*Research and Development* — We engage in both internal and external research and development, or R&D, in order to remain competitive and to exploit possible untapped market opportunities. We approve prospective R&D projects after analysis of the cost and benefits associated with the potential product. Costs in R&D expense include, among other items, salaries, materials, utilities, and administrative costs.

*Earnings per Share* — We calculate basic and diluted earnings per common share in accordance with the provisions of ASC 260-10, *Earnings Per Share*. Basic earnings per common share equals net income divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share equals net income divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, including the effect of outstanding stock-based instruments if their effect is dilutive.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the net income amounts and weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares used to determine basic and diluted earnings per common share (in thousands, except per share data):

|                                               | For the Year Ended April 30, |           |           |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                               | 2026                         | 2025      | 2024      |
| Net income                                    | \$ 18,481                    | \$ 13,425 | \$ 41,363 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding — Basic   | 44,420                       | 44,484    | 45,813    |
| Effect of dilutive stock awards               | 513                          | 448       | 436       |
| Weighted average shares outstanding — Diluted | 44,933                       | 44,932    | 46,248    |
| Earnings per share — Basic                    | \$ 0.42                      | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.90   |
| Earnings per share — Diluted                  | \$ 0.41                      | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.89   |

For fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, the number of shares excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share was 24,041, 29,935, and 18,009, respectively, because the effect would be antidilutive.

*Valuation of Long-lived Tangible and Intangible Assets* — We evaluate the recoverability of long-lived assets, or asset groups, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such evaluations indicate that the related future undiscounted cash flows are not sufficient to recover the carrying values of the assets, such carrying values are reduced to fair value and this adjusted carrying value becomes the asset's new cost basis. We determine fair value primarily using future anticipated cash flows that are directly associated with and are expected to arise as a direct result of the use and eventual disposition of the asset, or asset group, discounted using an interest rate commensurate with the risk involved.

We have significant long-lived tangible and intangible assets, which are susceptible to valuation adjustments as a result of changes in various factors or conditions. The most significant long-lived tangible and intangible assets, other than goodwill, are property, plant, and equipment, right of use assets, developed technology, customer relationships, patents, trademarks, and trade names. We amortize all finite-lived intangible assets either on a straight-line basis or based upon patterns in which we expect to utilize the economic benefits of such assets. We initially determine the values of intangible assets by a risk-adjusted, discounted cash flow approach. We assess the potential impairment of identifiable intangible assets and fixed assets whenever events or changes in circumstances

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable and at least annually. Factors we consider important, which could trigger an impairment of such assets, include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner or use of the assets or the strategy for our overall business;
- significant negative industry or economic trends;
- a significant decline in our stock price for a sustained period; and
- a decline in our market capitalization below net book value.

Future adverse changes in these or other unforeseeable factors could result in an impairment charge that could materially impact future results of operations and financial position in the reporting period identified.

In accordance with ASC 350, *Intangibles-Goodwill and Other*, we evaluate goodwill for potential impairment on an annual basis, as of February 1, and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the fair value of a reporting unit may be below its carrying value. Under the guidance, we may assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If this assessment indicates it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, a quantitative test for goodwill impairment would be performed. If the fair value of our single reporting unit exceeds the carrying value of our net assets, including goodwill, goodwill is not impaired. If the carrying value of our net assets, including goodwill, exceeds the fair value of the reporting unit, then we would determine the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill. If the carrying value of our goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, then we would record an impairment loss equal to the difference. We did not record any goodwill impairments during the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026 or 2025.

The re-measurement of goodwill is classified as a Level 3 fair value assessment as described in Note 9 - *Fair Value Measurement*, due to the significance of unobservable inputs developed using company-specific information.

*Income Taxes* – We use the asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting income taxes. The provision for income taxes is based upon income reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as required by ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. We determine our deferred tax assets and liabilities based on temporary differences between financial reporting and tax bases in assets and liabilities, which are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. We recognize the effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates in the period that includes the enactment date. In assessing the realization of our deferred tax assets, we consider whether it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of our deferred tax assets depends upon generating future taxable income during the periods in which our temporary differences become deductible and before our net operating loss carryforwards expire. We evaluate the recoverability of our deferred tax assets by assessing the need for a valuation allowance on a quarterly basis. If we determine that it is more likely than not that our deferred tax assets will not be recovered, we establish a valuation allowance against some or all of our deferred tax assets. Recording or reversing a valuation allowance could have a significant effect on our future results of operations and financial position.

*Warranty* — We generally provide a limited one-year warranty and a lifetime service policy to the original purchaser of our new firearm products. We will also repair or replace certain products or parts found to be defective under normal use and service with an item of equivalent value, at our option, without charge during the warranty period. In addition, we sometimes experience certain manufacturing and design issues with respect to our firearms and initiate product recalls and safety alerts.

We quantify and record an estimate for warranty-related costs based on our actual historical claims experience and current repair costs. We adjust accruals as warranty claims data and historical experience warrant. Should we experience actual claims and repair costs that are higher than the estimated claims and repair costs used to calculate the provision, our operating results for the period or periods in which such claims or additional costs materialize would be adversely impacted. Warranty expense for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 amounted to \$2.1 million, \$2.4 million, and \$2.6 million, respectively.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The following table sets forth the change in accrued warranties, a portion of which is recorded as a non-current liability, in the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025 (in thousands):

|                                                 |                 |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Balance as of April 30, 2024                    | \$ 3,884        |
| Warranties issued and adjustments to provisions | 2,390           |
| Warranty claims                                 | (2,998)         |
| Balance as of April 30, 2025                    | 3,276           |
| Warranties issued and adjustments to provisions | 2,122           |
| Warranty claims                                 | (2,607)         |
| Balance as of April 30, 2026                    | <u>\$ 2,791</u> |

*Advertising Costs* — We expense advertising costs, primarily consisting of magazine advertisements, printed materials, television advertisements, digital advertisements, radio advertisements, and billboards, either as incurred or upon the first occurrence of the advertising. Advertising expense, included in selling, marketing, and distribution expenses, for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, amounted to \$13.7 million, \$15.2 million, and \$14.7 million, respectively.

*Shipping and Handling* — In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, we included amounts billed to customers for shipping and handling in net sales. Inbound freight charges and internal transfer costs are included in cost of goods sold; however, costs incurred to distribute products to customers are included in selling, marketing, and distribution expenses.

*Insurance Reserves* — In January 2020, we formed a wholly owned captive insurance company, which provides product liability insurance to us and our subsidiaries. We are self-insured through retentions or deductibles for the majority of our workers' compensation, automobile, general liability, product liability, and group health insurance programs. Self-insurance amounts vary up to \$10.0 million per occurrence; however, we believe the likelihood of reaching the maximum per occurrence limit is remote. We record our liability for estimated premiums and incurred losses in the accompanying consolidated financial statements on an undiscounted basis.

*Recently Issued Accounting Standards* — In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which requires entities to disclose in their rate reconciliation table additional categories of information about federal, state, and foreign income taxes and provide more details about the reconciling items in some categories if items meet a quantitative threshold. Entities will have to provide qualitative disclosures about the new categories. The guidance will require all entities to disclose income taxes paid, net of refunds, disaggregated by federal (national), state, and foreign taxes for annual periods, and to disaggregate the information by jurisdiction based on a quantitative threshold. The guidance makes several other changes to the disclosure requirements. Entities are required to apply the guidance prospectively, with the option to apply it retrospectively. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, or the fiscal year ending April 30, 2026 for us. We adopted ASU 2023-09 in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2026. The adoption of this guidance resulted in additional financial statement disclosures and had no impact to our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows. See Note 13 - *Income Taxes*, which includes the disclosures resulting from our adoption of this guidance.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*, which requires entities to disclose, in the notes to financial statements, specified information about certain costs and expenses included in each relevant expense caption presented on the face of the income statement. Entities will also be required to disclose qualitative descriptions of the amounts remaining in relevant expense captions that are not separately disaggregated quantitatively. Entities will need to disclose the total amount of selling expenses and, in annual reporting periods, an entity's definition of selling expenses. Entities are generally required to apply the guidance prospectively. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2026, or the fiscal year ending April 30, 2028 for us. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on financial disclosures.



**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**3. Leases**

We lease certain of our real estate, machinery, equipment, and photocopiers under non-cancelable operating and finance lease agreements.

We recognize expenses for our operating lease assets and liabilities at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Our leases do not provide an implicit interest rate. We use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Our lease agreements do not require material variable lease payments or residual value guarantees, nor do they include restrictive covenants. For operating leases, we recognize expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Tenant improvement allowances are recorded as an offsetting adjustment included in our calculation of the respective right-of-use asset.

Many of our leases include renewal options that enable us to extend the lease term. The execution of those renewal options is at our sole discretion and renewals are reflected in the lease term when they are reasonably certain to be exercised. The depreciable life of assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term.

The amounts of assets and liabilities related to our operating and financing leases as of April 30, 2026 and 2025 were as follows (in thousands):

| Balance Sheet Caption             |                                               | April 30, 2026   | April 30, 2025   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Operating Leases</b>           |                                               |                  |                  |
| Right-of-use assets               |                                               | \$ —             | \$ 1,623         |
| Accumulated amortization          |                                               | —                | (1,211)          |
| Right-of-use assets, net          | Other assets                                  | <u>\$ —</u>      | <u>\$ 412</u>    |
| Current liabilities               | Accrued expenses and deferred revenue         | \$ —             | \$ 233           |
| Non-current liabilities           | Other non-current liabilities                 | —                | 318              |
| Total operating lease liabilities |                                               | <u>\$ —</u>      | <u>\$ 551</u>    |
| <b>Finance Leases</b>             |                                               |                  |                  |
| Right-of-use assets               |                                               | \$ 41,437        | \$ 41,631        |
| Accumulated depreciation          |                                               | (14,726)         | (12,973)         |
| Right-of-use assets, net          | Property, plant, and equipment, net           | <u>\$ 26,711</u> | <u>\$ 28,658</u> |
| Current liabilities               | Accrued expenses and deferred revenue         | \$ 1,858         | \$ 1,701         |
| Non-current liabilities           | Finance lease payable, net of current portion | 32,163           | 33,703           |
| Total finance lease liabilities   |                                               | <u>\$ 34,021</u> | <u>\$ 35,404</u> |

During fiscal 2026, we recorded \$143,000 of operating lease costs. We recorded \$2.3 million of finance lease amortization and \$1.7 million of finance lease interest expense during fiscal 2026. As of April 30, 2026, our weighted average lease term and weighted average discount rate for our financing leases was 12.3 years and 5.0%, respectively, and consisted primarily of our former Missouri distribution center. The building is pledged to secure the amounts outstanding. The depreciable lives of right-of-use assets are limited by the lease term and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

On October 26, 2017, we entered into a lease agreement with Ryan Boone County, LLC, or the Original Missouri Landlord, concerning certain real property located in Boone County, Missouri on which we had been operating our distribution center, or the Missouri Lease, as well as a related payment and performance guaranty, dated October 26, 2017, in favor of the Original Missouri Landlord. As part of the Relocation, on January 31, 2023, we entered into (i) an assignment and assumption agreement with American Outdoor Brands, Inc., our former wholly owned subsidiary, or AOUB (which became effective on January 1, 2024), pursuant to which AOUB

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

assumed all of our rights, entitlement, and obligations in, to, and under the Missouri Lease, or the Assignment and Assumption Agreement, and (ii) an amended and restated guaranty in favor of RCS-S&W Facility, LLC, as successor in interest to the Original Missouri Landlord, pursuant to which Smith & Wesson Sales Company was added as a guarantor, or the Amended and Restated Guaranty. Because of the Amended and Restated Guaranty, we continue to account for this lease as we have since prior to the Relocation. During fiscal 2026, AOUT made payments pursuant to this lease directly to the landlord and we neither received nor paid any cash payments related to this arrangement. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2026, noncash sublease income was \$1.8 million and was recorded in general and administrative expense in our consolidated statements of income. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2026 we recognized \$2.1 million of depreciation expense associated with the related right-of-use asset.

The following table represents future expected undiscounted cash flows, based on the Assignment and Assumption Agreement with AOUT, to be received by the landlord directly from AOUT on an annual basis for the next five years and thereafter, as of April 30, 2026 (in thousands):

| <b>Fiscal</b>                      | <b>Amount</b>    |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| 2027                               | \$ 3,292         |
| 2028                               | 3,350            |
| 2029                               | 3,408            |
| 2030                               | 3,468            |
| 2031                               | 3,529            |
| Thereafter                         | 28,501           |
| Total future receipts              | 45,548           |
| Less amounts representing interest | (12,107)         |
| Present value of receipts          | <u>\$ 33,441</u> |

Future lease payments for all our finance leases for succeeding fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

|                                              | <b>Financing</b> |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 2027                                         | \$ 3,519         |
| 2028                                         | 3,596            |
| 2029                                         | 3,560            |
| 2030                                         | 3,468            |
| 2031                                         | 3,529            |
| Thereafter                                   | 28,501           |
| Total future lease payments                  | 46,173           |
| Less amounts representing interest           | (12,152)         |
| Present value of lease payments              | 34,021           |
| Less current maturities of lease liabilities | (1,858)          |
| Long-term maturities of lease liabilities    | <u>\$ 32,163</u> |

During fiscal 2026, the cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of liabilities and operating cash flows was \$581,000.

#### **4. Notes and Loans Payable**

*Credit Facilities* — On August 24, 2020, we and certain of our subsidiaries entered into an amended and restated credit agreement, or the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, with certain lenders, including TD Bank, N.A., as administrative agent; TD Securities (USA) LLC and Regions Bank, as joint lead arrangers and joint bookrunners; and Regions Bank, as syndication agent. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provided for a revolving line of credit of \$100.0 million at any one time. On April 28, 2023, we entered into an amendment to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement to, among other things, replace LIBOR with SOFR as the interest rate benchmark and amend the definition of “Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio” to exclude unfinanced capital expenditures in connection with our plan to move our headquarters and significant elements of our operations to

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Maryville, Tennessee in 2023, or the Relocation. The revolving line bore interest at either the Base Rate (as defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) or the Adjusted Term SOFR rate, plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio.

On October 3, 2024, we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement, or the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. The Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement is currently unsecured; however, should any Springing Lien Trigger Event (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) occur, we and certain of our subsidiaries would be required to execute certain documents in favor of TD Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the lenders party to such documents would have a legal, valid, and enforceable first priority lien on the collateral described therein.

The Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provides for a revolving line of credit of \$175.0 million at any one time, or the Revolving Line. The Revolving Line bears interest at either the Base Rate (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) or the Adjusted Term SOFR rate, plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio. The Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also provides a swingline facility in the maximum amount of \$5.0 million at any one time (subject to availability under the Revolving Line). Each Swingline Loan (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) bears interest at the Base Rate, plus an applicable margin based on our Adjusted Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement). Subject to the satisfaction of certain terms and conditions described in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, we have an option to increase the Revolving Line by an aggregate amount not exceeding \$50.0 million. The Revolving Line matures on the earlier of October 3, 2029 or the date that is six months in advance of the earliest maturity of any Permitted Notes (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) under the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

On August 15, 2025, we entered into a first amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, or the First Amendment. The First Amendment provides for (a) in connection with the calculation of Consolidated Funded Indebtedness (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement), the exclusion of any Indebtedness (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) of the guarantors relating to a particular guaranty; (b) in connection with the calculation of Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement), a one-time exclusion of cash taxes paid by the loan parties during fiscal 2026 in connection with the filing of amended tax returns in fiscal 2026 covering particular periods; and (c) an amendment to the minimum Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for particular measurement periods.

As of April 30, 2026, we had \$20.0 million of borrowings outstanding on the Revolving Line, bearing interest at a weighted average rate of 5.72%, which is equal to the Adjusted Term SOFR rate plus an applicable margin.

The Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains customary limitations, including limitations on indebtedness, liens, fundamental changes to business or organizational structure, investments, loans, advances, guarantees, and acquisitions, asset sales, dividends, stock repurchases, stock redemptions, and the redemption or prepayment of other debt, and transactions with affiliates. We are also subject to financial covenants, including a minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum consolidated leverage ratio. As of April 30, 2026, we were compliant with all required financial covenants.

*Letters of Credit* – At April 30, 2026, we had outstanding letters of credit aggregating \$1.5 million.

*Debt Issuance Costs* — During fiscal 2026, we incurred \$219,000 of debt issuance costs. During fiscal 2025, we incurred \$941,000 of debt issuance costs. We did not incur any debt issuance costs during fiscal 2024. Debt issuance costs are amortized to expense over the life of the credit facility. In total, we amortized \$244,000, \$157,000, and \$89,805 to interest expense for all debt issuance costs in fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**5. Net Sales**

The following table sets forth the breakdown of net sales for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (in thousands):

|                           | For the Year Ended April 30, |                   |                   |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                           | 2026                         | 2025              | 2024              |
| Handguns                  | \$ 394,404                   | \$ 331,936        | \$ 381,898        |
| Long Guns                 | 90,481                       | 103,956           | 116,491           |
| Other Products & Services | 38,960                       | 38,769            | 37,444            |
| Total Net Sales           | <u>\$ 523,845</u>            | <u>\$ 474,661</u> | <u>\$ 535,833</u> |

We sell our products and services under our Smith & Wesson and Gemtech brands. Depending upon the product or service, our customers primarily include distributors; federal, state, and municipal law enforcement agencies and officers; government and military agencies; businesses; retailers; and retail consumers for non-serialized firearms-related products.

We sell our products worldwide. The following table sets forth the breakdown of export net sales included in the above table. Our export net sales shown below accounted for approximately 4%, 5%, and 5% of total net sales for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively (in thousands):

| Region                        | For the Year Ended April 30, |                  |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                               | 2026                         | 2025             | 2024             |
| Asia                          | \$ 4,922                     | \$ 8,174         | \$ 9,346         |
| Europe                        | 9,551                        | 6,995            | 4,786            |
| Latin America                 | 1,925                        | 1,498            | 5,314            |
| All other international       | 4,510                        | 6,428            | 5,143            |
| Total international net sales | <u>\$ 20,908</u>             | <u>\$ 23,095</u> | <u>\$ 24,589</u> |

**6. Property, Plant, and Equipment**

The following table summarizes property, plant, and equipment as of April 30, 2026 and 2025 (in thousands):

|                                                 | April 30, 2026    | April 30, 2025    |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Machinery and equipment                         | \$ 361,141        | \$ 344,706        |
| Building and improvements                       | 159,502           | 154,398           |
| Software and hardware                           | 56,965            | 54,775            |
| Land and improvements                           | 5,752             | 3,557             |
| Right of use assets                             | 41,437            | 41,631            |
| Construction in progress                        | 11,514            | 12,392            |
| Total property, plant, and equipment            | 636,311           | 611,459           |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization | (397,668)         | (368,811)         |
| Total property, plant, and equipment, net       | <u>\$ 238,643</u> | <u>\$ 242,648</u> |

Total depreciation of tangible assets and amortization of software expense amounted to \$30.7 million, \$31.3 million, and \$32.0 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The following table summarizes depreciation and amortization expense, which includes amortization of intangibles and debt financing costs, by line item for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (in thousands):

|                                      | For the Year Ended April 30, |                  |                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                      | 2026                         | 2025             | 2024             |
| Cost of sales                        | \$ 17,751                    | \$ 18,904        | \$ 20,607        |
| Research and development             | 1,667                        | 1,164            | 533              |
| Selling, marketing, and distribution | 2,416                        | 2,115            | 3,635            |
| General and administrative           | 9,233                        | 9,505            | 7,693            |
| Interest expense, net                | 244                          | 157              | 90               |
| Total depreciation and amortization  | <u>\$ 31,311</u>             | <u>\$ 31,845</u> | <u>\$ 32,558</u> |

## 7. Inventories

The following table sets forth a summary of inventories, net of reserves, stated at lower of cost or net realizable value, as of April 30, 2026 and 2025 (in thousands):

|                   | April 30, 2026    | April 30, 2025    |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Finished goods    | \$ 85,603         | \$ 115,686        |
| Finished parts    | 53,685            | 55,119            |
| Work in process   | 7,520             | 6,037             |
| Raw material      | 9,442             | 12,998            |
| Total inventories | <u>\$ 156,250</u> | <u>\$ 189,840</u> |

## 8. Accrued Expenses and Deferred Revenue

The following table sets forth other accrued expenses as of April 30, 2026 and 2025 (in thousands):

|                                               | April 30, 2026   | April 30, 2025   |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Accrued professional fees                     | \$ 3,762         | \$ 1,774         |
| Accrued employee benefits                     | 3,255            | 3,240            |
| Accrued taxes other than income               | 3,249            | 5,907            |
| Accrued customer incentives and promotions    | 2,973            | 4,853            |
| Current portion of finance lease obligation   | 1,858            | 1,701            |
| Current portion of operating lease obligation | —                | 233              |
| Accrued other                                 | 4,049            | 6,970            |
| Total accrued expenses and deferred revenue   | <u>\$ 19,146</u> | <u>\$ 24,678</u> |

## 9. Fair Value Measurement

We follow the provisions of ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic*, or ASC 820-10, for our financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820-10 provides a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP and requires expanded disclosures regarding fair value measurements. ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available, and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

*Level 1* — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that we have the ability to access at the measurement date (examples include active exchange-traded equity securities, listed derivatives, and most U.S. Government and agency securities).

Our cash and cash equivalents, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, totaled \$28.2 million and \$25.2 million as of April 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. Our marketable securities, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, total \$5.2 million as of April 30, 2026. The carrying value of our revolving line of credit approximated the fair value as of April 30, 2026. We utilized Level 1 of the value hierarchy to determine the fair values of these assets.

*Level 2* — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on quoted prices in markets in which trading occurs infrequently or whose values are based on quoted prices of instruments with similar attributes in active markets. Level 2 inputs include the following:

- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (such as corporate and municipal bonds which trade infrequently);
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (such as interest rate and currency swaps); and
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (such as certain securities and derivatives).

*Level 3* — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect our assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

As of April 30, 2026, we did not have any Level 2 or Level 3 financial assets or liabilities.

## **10. Self-Insurance Reserves**

As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, we had reserves for workers' compensation, product liability, and medical/dental costs totaling \$9.1 million and \$8.7 million, respectively (of which \$3.4 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, was classified as other non-current liabilities). As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, \$5.6 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, were included in current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. In addition, as of April 30, 2026 and 2025, \$1.1 million of workers' compensation receivable was classified as other assets. While we believe these reserves to be adequate, it is possible that the ultimate liabilities will exceed such estimates.

The following table summarizes the activity in the workers' compensation, product liability, and medical/dental reserves in the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025 (in thousands):

|                                         | <b>For the Year Ended April 30,</b> |                 |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                         | <b>2026</b>                         | <b>2025</b>     |
| Beginning balance                       | \$ 8,694                            | \$ 8,699        |
| Additional provision charged to expense | 1,637                               | 1,395           |
| Payments                                | (1,273)                             | (1,400)         |
| Ending balance                          | <u>\$ 9,058</u>                     | <u>\$ 8,694</u> |

It is our policy to provide an estimate for loss as a result of expected adverse findings or legal settlements on product liability, workers' compensation, and other matters when such losses are probable and are reasonably estimable. It is also our policy to accrue for reasonably estimable legal costs associated with defending such litigation. While such estimates involve a range of possible costs, we determine, in consultation with counsel, the

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

most likely cost within such range on a case-by-case basis. We also record receivables from insurance carriers relating to these matters when their collection is probable and reasonably estimable. As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, we had accrued reserves for product litigation liabilities of \$3.6 million and \$3.1 million (of which \$577,000 and \$566,000, respectively, was non-current), consisting entirely of expected legal defense costs. As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, we had no receivables from insurance carriers related to these liabilities.

## **11. Stockholders' Equity**

### ***Treasury Stock***

On September 19, 2023, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of our common stock, subject to certain conditions, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions through September 19, 2024, or the 2023 Authorization. During fiscal 2025, we purchased 1,531,763 shares of our common stock for \$21.4 million under the 2023 Authorization. The 2023 Authorization expired on September 19, 2024. On September 5, 2024, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of our common stock, subject to certain conditions, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions from September 20, 2024 through September 20, 2025, or the 2024 Authorization. As of April 30, 2026, we had repurchased 312,310 shares of our common stock for \$4.1 million under the 2024 Authorization. On September 15, 2025, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of our common stock, subject to certain conditions, in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions from September 21, 2025 through September 21, 2026, or the 2025 Authorization. As of April 30, 2026, we had not repurchased any shares of our common stock under the 2025 Authorization.

During the year ended April 30, 2026, there were no common stock repurchases. During the year ended April 30, 2025, we repurchased a total of 1,844,073 shares of our common stock for \$25.5 million.

During the year ended April 30, 2026, our Board of Directors authorized, and we executed, the retirement of 31,677,994 shares of our common stock held in treasury. Upon retirement, these shares were restored to the status of authorized and unissued. As a result, the accumulated cost associated with this stock was allocated to common stock, additional paid-in capital, and retained earnings.

### ***Incentive Stock and Employee Stock Purchase Plans***

We have two stock incentive plans: the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan and the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan, or, together, the Incentive Stock Plans, under which employees and non-employees may have been granted (in the case of the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan), or may be granted (in the case of the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan) stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, or RSUs, stock appreciation rights, bonus stock, and awards in lieu of obligations, performance awards, and dividend equivalents. No grants have been made under the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan since our stockholders approved the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan at our annual meeting of stockholders held in September 2022. All new grants are issued under the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan.

The 2022 Incentive Stock Plan authorizes the issuance of 1,000,000 shares, plus 4,312,247 shares that were reserved and remained available for grant and delivery under the 2013 Incentive Stock Plan as of September 12, 2022, the effective date of the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan. The 2022 Incentive Stock Plan permits the grant of options to acquire common stock, restricted stock awards, RSUs, stock appreciation rights, bonus stock and awards in lieu of obligations, performance awards, and dividend equivalents. Our Board of Directors, or a committee of our Board of Directors, administers the stock plans, selects recipients to whom awards are granted, and determines the grants to be awarded. Options granted under the stock plans are exercisable at a price determined by our Board of Directors or a committee of our Board of Directors at the time of grant, but in no event less than fair market value of our common stock on the effective date of the grant. Grants of options may be made to employees and directors without regard to any performance measures. All options issued pursuant to the stock plans are generally nontransferable and subject to forfeiture.

Unless terminated earlier by our Board of Directors, the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan will terminate at the earliest of (1) the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan, or (2) such time as no shares of common stock remain available for issuance under the plan and we have no further rights or obligations



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with respect to outstanding awards under the plan. The date of grant of an award is deemed to be the effective date upon which our Board of Directors or a committee authorizes the granting of such award.

Except in specific circumstances, grants of stock options vest over a period of four years and are exercisable for a period of 10 years after vesting. The 2022 Incentive Stock Plan also permits the grant of stock options to non-employees, which our Board of Directors or a committee has authorized in the past. There were no outstanding and exercisable stock options in fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024.

The following table summarizes stock compensation expense by line item for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 (in thousands):

|                                      | For the Year Ended April 30, |                 |                 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                      | 2026                         | 2025            | 2024            |
| Cost of sales                        | \$ 615                       | \$ 686          | \$ 648          |
| Research and development             | 340                          | 625             | 77              |
| Selling, marketing, and distribution | 1,150                        | 1,148           | 930             |
| General and administrative           | 6,245                        | 5,150           | 4,028           |
| Total stock-based compensation       | <u>\$ 8,350</u>              | <u>\$ 7,609</u> | <u>\$ 5,683</u> |

As of April 30, 2026, there were 4,424,315 shares available for grant under the 2022 Incentive Stock Plan. We use our unissued share pool for all shares issued for options, restricted stock awards, RSUs, performance share units, performance-based restricted stock units, or PSUs, and shares issued under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or ESPP.

We grant RSUs to employees and non-employee members of our Board of Directors. The awards are made at no cost to the recipient. An RSU represents the right to receive one share of our common stock and does not carry voting rights. Except in limited circumstances, RSUs also do not carry dividend rights. Except in specific circumstances, RSU grants to employees prior to fiscal 2026 vest over a period of four years and RSU grants to employees during fiscal 2026 vest over a period of three years with one-fourth and one-third, respectively, of the units vesting on each grant anniversary date. We amortize the aggregate fair value of our RSU grants to compensation expense over the vesting period.

We grant PSUs to our executive officers and, from time to time, certain management employees who are not executive officers. At the time of grant, we calculate the fair value of our PSUs using the Monte Carlo simulation. We incorporate the following variables into the valuation model:

|                              | For the Year Ended April 30, |             |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                              | 2026                         | 2025        | 2024        |
| Grant date fair market value |                              |             |             |
| Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc.  | \$ 9.22                      | \$ 16.80    | \$ 12.08    |
| Russell 2000 Index           | \$ 1,975.86                  | \$ 1,980.23 | \$ 1,769.21 |
| Volatility (a)               |                              |             |             |
| Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc.  | 44.70%                       | 50.91%      | 58.46%      |
| Russell 2000 Index           | 23.56%                       | 22.98%      | 27.08%      |
| Correlation coefficient (b)  | 0.3541                       | 0.3904      | 0.3528      |
| Risk-free interest rate (c)  | 3.66%                        | 4.73%       | 3.81%       |
| Dividend yield               | 5.64%                        | 2.86%       | 3.31%       |

- (a) Expected volatility is calculated over the most recent period that represents the remaining term of the performance period as of the valuation date, or three years.
- (b) The correlation coefficient utilizes the same historical price data used to develop the volatility assumptions.
- (c) The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury bill, commensurate with the three-year performance period.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Our PSUs vest, and the fair value of such PSUs are recognized, over the corresponding three-year performance period. Depending on the grant date, PSUs have a maximum aggregate award equal to between 200% and 220%. In addition, there is a cap on the number of shares that can be earned under our PSUs, which is equal to six times the grant-date value of each award.

PSUs granted in fiscal 2024 have a maximum aggregate award equal to 200% of the target amount granted. Generally, the number of PSUs that may be earned under the fiscal 2024 grants depends upon the total stockholder return, or TSR, of our common stock compared with the TSR of the Russell 2000 Index, or RUT, over the three-year performance period. The relative performance of our common stock must equal or exceed the relative performance of the RUT for any of the PSUs subject to the awards to be earned and vest. The relative performance of our common stock must outperform the RUT by 5% in order for the target award to vest. The relative performance of our common stock must outperform the RUT by at least 10% in order for 200% of the PSUs subject to the awards (the maximum number of PSUs) being earned and vesting.

PSUs granted after fiscal 2024, have a maximum aggregate award equal to 220% of the target amount granted. The number of PSUs that may be earned under these grants depends upon the primary performance metric of our average annual Adjusted EBITDAS Growth percentage, subject to a modifier based on the TSR of our common stock compared with the TSR of the RUT over the three-year performance period. The number of PSUs that may be earned is subject to a threshold of 40% of the average annual Adjusted EBITDAS Growth percentage target and a maximum of 220% of the average annual Adjusted EBITDAS Growth percentage target.

In certain circumstances, the vested awards will be delivered on the first anniversary of the applicable vesting date. We have applied a discount to the grant date fair value when determining the amount of compensation expense to be recorded for these RSUs and PSUs.

During fiscal 2026, we granted 237,691 PSUs to certain of our executive officers. We also granted 603,336 service-based RSUs during fiscal 2026, including 273,374 RSUs to certain of our executive officers, 76,266 RSUs to our directors, and 253,696 RSUs to non-executive officer employees.

During fiscal 2026, we canceled 108,736 market-condition PSUs as a result of the failure to satisfy the performance metric. We canceled 64,463 service-based RSUs as a result of the service period condition not being met. We delivered 295,841 shares of common stock to current employees and directors under vested RSUs with a total market value of \$3.8 million.

During fiscal 2025, we granted 142,878 PSUs to certain of our executive officers. We also granted 486,895 service-based RSUs during fiscal 2025, including 142,882 RSUs to certain of our executive officers, 54,666 RSUs to our directors, and 289,347 RSUs to non-executive officer employees.

During fiscal 2025, we canceled 63,469 market-condition PSUs as a result of the failure to satisfy the performance metric and 38,521 as a result of the service period condition not being met. We canceled 36,068 service-based RSUs as a result of the service period condition not being met. We delivered 218,831 shares of common stock to current employees and directors under vested RSUs with a total market value of \$4.5 million.

During fiscal 2024, we granted 176,583 PSUs to certain of our executive officers. We also granted 357,357 service-based RSUs during fiscal 2024, including 117,724 RSUs to certain of our executive officers, 58,819 RSUs to our directors, and 180,814 RSUs to non-executive officer employees.

During fiscal 2024, we canceled 158,100 market-condition PSUs as a result of the failure to satisfy the performance metric. We canceled 24,385 service-based RSUs as a result of the service period condition not being met. We delivered 228,087 shares of common stock to current employees and directors under vested RSUs with a total market value of \$2.7 million. In addition, in connection with a 2019 grant, which vested in fiscal 2023, we delivered 55,726 market-condition PSUs to certain of our executive officers and a former executive officer with a total market value of \$664,000.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The grant date fair value of RSUs and PSUs that vested in fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024 was \$5.5 million, \$3.8 million, and \$3.3 million, respectively.

A summary of activity for unvested RSUs and PSUs for fiscal years 2026, 2025, and 2024 is as follows:

|                                                | For the Year Ended April 30,            |                                                 |                                         |                                                 |                                         |                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
|                                                | 2026                                    |                                                 | 2025                                    |                                                 | 2024                                    |                                                 |
|                                                | Total # of<br>Restricted<br>Stock Units | Weighted<br>Average<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value | Total # of<br>Restricted<br>Stock Units | Weighted<br>Average<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value | Total # of<br>Restricted<br>Stock Units | Weighted<br>Average<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value |
| RSUs and PSUs outstanding, beginning of period | 1,204,133                               | \$ 14.21                                        | 1,000,347                               | \$ 13.45                                        | 932,705                                 | \$ 13.14                                        |
| Awarded                                        | 841,027                                 | 9.38                                            | 629,773                                 | 15.60                                           | 533,940                                 | 12.07                                           |
| Released                                       | (390,259)                               | 14.07                                           | (287,929)                               | 13.18                                           | (283,813)(a)                            | 11.54                                           |
| Forfeited                                      | (173,199)                               | 13.22                                           | (138,058)                               | 17.01                                           | (182,485)                               | 10.83                                           |
| RSUs and PSUs outstanding, end of period       | <u>1,481,702</u>                        | \$ 11.62                                        | <u>1,204,133</u>                        | \$ 14.21                                        | <u>1,000,347</u>                        | \$ 13.45                                        |

(a) Includes 55,726 PSUs that vested during fiscal 2023.

As of April 30, 2026, there was \$4.6 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested RSUs and PSUs. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average remaining contractual term of 1.3 years.

On September 27, 2021, our stockholders approved our 2021 ESPP, which authorizes the sale of up to 3,000,000 shares of our common stock to employees. All options and rights to participate in our ESPP are nontransferable and subject to forfeiture in accordance with our ESPP guidelines. Our current ESPP will be implemented in a series of successive offering periods, each with a maximum duration of 12 months. If the fair market value, or FMV, per share of our common stock on any purchase date is less than the FMV per share on the start date of a 12-month offering period, then that offering period will automatically terminate, and a new 12-month offering period will begin on the next business day. Each offering period will begin on April 1 or October 1, as applicable, immediately following the end of the previous offering period. Payroll deductions will be on an after-tax basis, in an amount of not less than 1% and not more than 20% (or such greater percentage as the committee appointed to administer our ESPP may establish from time to time before the first day of an offering period) of a participant's compensation on each payroll date. The option exercise price per share will equal 85% of the lower of the FMV on the first day of the offering period or the FMV on the exercise date. The maximum number of shares that a participant may purchase during any purchase period is 12,500 shares, or a total of \$25,000 in shares, based on the FMV on the first day of the offering period. Our ESPP will remain in effect until the earliest of (a) the exercise date that participants become entitled to purchase a number of shares greater than the number of reserved shares available for purchase under our ESPP, (b) such date as is determined by our Board of Directors in its discretion, or (c) March 31, 2032. In the event of certain corporate transactions, each option outstanding under our ESPP will be assumed or an equivalent option will be substituted by the successor corporation or a parent or subsidiary of such successor corporation. During fiscal 2026 and 2025, 198,691 and 175,134 shares were purchased under the 2021 ESPP, respectively.

We measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of an equity instrument based on the grant-date fair value of the award. We calculate the fair value of our stock options issued to employees using the Black-Scholes model at the time the options were granted. That amount is then amortized over the vesting period of the option. With our ESPP, fair value is determined at the beginning of the purchase period and amortized over the term of each exercise period.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The following assumptions were used in valuing our ESPP purchases during the years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024:

|                         | For the Year Ended April 30, |          |          |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|
|                         | 2026                         | 2025     | 2024     |
| Risk-free interest rate | 3.726%                       | 4.136%   | 5.225%   |
| Expected term           | 6 months                     | 6 months | 6 months |
| Expected volatility     | 45.82%                       | 42.03%   | 45.69%   |
| Dividend yield          | 4.61%                        | 4.97%    | 3.27%    |

We estimate expected volatility using historical volatility for the expected term. The fair value of each stock option or ESPP purchase was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model (using the risk-free interest rate, expected term, expected volatility, and dividend yield variables, as noted in the above table). The total stock-based compensation expense, including stock options, purchases under our ESPP, and RSU and PSU awards, was \$8.4 million, \$7.6 million, and \$5.7 million, for fiscal years 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

## 12. Employer Sponsored Benefit Plans

*Contributory Defined Investment Plan* — We offer two contributory defined investment plans covering substantially all employees, subject to service requirements. Employees may contribute up to 100% of their annual pay, depending on the plan. We generally make discretionary matching contributions of up to 50% of the first 6% of employee contributions to the plan. We contributed \$2.3 million, \$2.4 million, and \$2.7 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

*Nonelective Contribution Sharing Plan* — We have a non-contributory profit-sharing plan covering substantially all of our employees. Employees become eligible on May 1 following the completion of a full fiscal year of continuous service. Our contributions to the plan are discretionary. For fiscal 2026, we intend to contribute approximately \$5.2 million, which has been recorded in general and administrative costs and will be funded during fiscal 2027. We contributed \$4.6 million and \$9.1 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Contributions are funded after the fiscal year-end.

## 13. Income Taxes

Income tax expense consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                          | For the Year Ended April 30, |          |           |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-----------|
|                          | 2026                         | 2025     | 2024      |
| Current:                 |                              |          |           |
| Federal                  | \$ 590                       | \$ 6,875 | \$ 6,786  |
| State                    | 86                           | 1,977    | 2,713     |
| Total current            | 676                          | 8,852    | 9,499     |
| Deferred:                |                              |          |           |
| Federal                  | 5,866                        | (2,638)  | 2,558     |
| State                    | 47                           | (394)    | (1,701)   |
| Total deferred           | 5,913                        | (3,032)  | 857       |
| Total income tax expense | \$ 6,589                     | \$ 5,820 | \$ 10,356 |

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The effective income tax rate for the year ended April 30, 2026 differs from the statutory federal income tax rate as follows:

|                                                     | <b>For the Year Ended April 30, 2026</b> |              |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------|
|                                                     | <b>\$</b>                                | <b>%</b>     |
| U.S. Federal Statutory Tax Rate                     | \$ 5,265                                 | 21.0%        |
| State income taxes, net of federal tax effects (a)  | 189                                      | 0.8%         |
| Effect of cross-border tax laws                     |                                          |              |
| Foreign derived intangible income (FDII) deductions | (24)                                     | -0.1%        |
| Tax credits                                         |                                          |              |
| Research & development and fuel                     | (312)                                    | -1.2%        |
| Nontaxable or nondeductible items                   | 441                                      | 1.8%         |
| Other adjustments                                   |                                          |              |
| Deferral adjustment for stock compensation          | 988                                      | 3.8%         |
| Other                                               | 42                                       | 0.2%         |
| Total income tax expense                            | <u>\$ 6,589</u>                          | <u>26.3%</u> |

- (a) State taxes in California, Louisiana, Minnesota, North Carolina, and Texas make up the majority (greater than 50%) of the tax effect in this category.

Prior to the adoption of ASU 2023-09, the following table presents a reconciliation of income tax expense from continuing operations at the statutory rate of 21% to the expense in the consolidated financial statements (in thousands):

|                                                     | <b>For the Year Ended April 30,</b> |                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
|                                                     | <b>2025</b>                         | <b>2024</b>      |
| Federal income taxes expected at the statutory rate | \$ 4,041                            | \$ 10,861        |
| State income taxes, net of federal tax effects      | 1,406                               | (144)            |
| Stock compensation                                  | 386                                 | 467              |
| Business meals and entertainment                    | 113                                 | 100              |
| Research and development tax credit                 | (335)                               | (281)            |
| Amendments to prior year returns                    | —                                   | (1,176)          |
| Other                                               | 209                                 | 529              |
| Total income tax expense                            | <u>\$ 5,820</u>                     | <u>\$ 10,356</u> |

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities related to temporary differences consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                                                      | <b>For the Years Ended April 30,</b> |             |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
|                                                      | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b> |
| <b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>                           |                                      |             |
| Inventory reserves                                   | \$ 9,794                             | \$ 11,637   |
| Accrued expenses, including compensation             | 3,783                                | 2,930       |
| Net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits     | 9,931                                | 8,200       |
| Operating lease liability                            | —                                    | 128         |
| Product liability                                    | 198                                  | 151         |
| Workers' compensation                                | 606                                  | 684         |
| State bonus depreciation                             | 880                                  | 980         |
| Warranty reserve                                     | 643                                  | 760         |
| Stock-based compensation                             | 562                                  | 1,573       |
| Section 174 capitalized R&D expense                  | 95                                   | 2,983       |
| Other                                                | 978                                  | 942         |
| Total deferred tax assets before valuation allowance | 27,470                               | 30,968      |
| Valuation allowance                                  | (7,408)                              | (6,169)     |
| Net deferred tax assets                              | 20,062                               | 24,799      |
| <b>Deferred Tax Liabilities</b>                      |                                      |             |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets                  | —                                    | (96)        |
| Property, plant & equipment                          | (12,549)                             | (11,679)    |
| Intangible assets                                    | (2,803)                              | (2,418)     |
| Other                                                | (363)                                | (346)       |
| Total deferred tax liabilities                       | (15,715)                             | (14,539)    |
| Net Deferred Tax Asset                               | \$ 4,347                             | \$ 10,260   |

The supplemental schedule of cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds is as follows:

|                                                      | <b>For the Year Ended<br/>April 30, 2026</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Cash paid during the period for income taxes:</b> |                                              |
| U.S. Federal                                         | \$ 3,870                                     |
| U.S. State and local                                 |                                              |
| Louisiana                                            | 403                                          |
| Other                                                | 1,388                                        |
| Total cash paid during the period for income taxes   | \$ 5,661                                     |

Cash paid for income taxes, prior to the adoption of ASU 2023-09, was \$7.3 million and \$12.7 million for the years ended April 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

We had no federal net operating losses as of April 30, 2026.

We had \$109.2 million and \$77.3 million in state net operating loss carryforwards as of April 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. The state net operating loss carryforwards will expire between April 30, 2027 and April 30, 2041. We had \$5.5 million and \$5.3 million of state tax credit carryforwards as of April 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. Of the \$5.5 million, \$2.4 million can be carried forward indefinitely and \$3.1 million will expire between April 30, 2027 and April 30, 2052.

As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, valuation allowances related to our deferred tax assets for state net operating loss carryforwards were \$5.6 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, and \$1.8 million and \$2.2 million were provided on our deferred tax assets for state tax credits, respectively, that we do not anticipate using prior to expiration.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The income tax provisions represent effective tax rates of 26.3% and 30.2% for fiscal 2026 and 2025, respectively.

With limited exception, we are subject to U.S. federal, state, and local income tax audits by tax authorities for fiscal years subsequent to April 30, 2019.

As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, we have not recorded any unrecognized tax benefits. We maintain an accounting policy of recording interest and penalties, if applicable, related to uncertain tax positions as a component of income taxes. As of April 30, 2026 and 2025, there were no interest and penalties accrued.

#### **14. Commitments and Contingencies**

##### ***Litigation***

In January 2018, Gemini Technologies, Incorporated, or Gemini, commenced an action against us in the U.S. District Court for the District of Idaho. The complaint alleges, among other things, that we breached the earn-out and other provisions of the asset purchase agreement and ancillary agreements between the parties in connection with our acquisition of the Gemtech business from Gemini. The complaint seeks a declaratory judgment interpreting various terms of the asset purchase agreement and damages in the sum of \$18.6 million. In November 2019, we filed an answer to Gemini's complaint and a counterclaim against Gemini and its stockholders at the time the asset purchase agreement was signed. Plaintiffs amended their complaint to add a claim of fraud in the inducement. In September 2021, Gemini filed a motion for summary judgment seeking to dismiss our counterclaim. In June 2022, the district court denied Gemini's motion for summary judgment. Gemini filed a second motion for summary judgment, and in August 2023, the district court again denied Gemini's motion. In November 2023, we entered into a settlement agreement with plaintiffs on the indemnity and counterclaims. On the same day, plaintiffs filed a motion for leave, seeking to file a second amended complaint. In January 2024, the district court allowed plaintiffs' amended allegations of fraud, and denied without prejudice their motion to add punitive damages. In August 2025, we filed a motion for summary judgment, and plaintiff filed a motion for leave to file a third amended complaint, seeking to properly name the defendants and to add punitive damages as relief. On January 23, 2026, the district court (i) granted our motion for summary judgment, in part, dismissing with prejudice plaintiffs' fraud in the inducement and breach of the implied covenant of fair dealing claims; (ii) denied our motion for summary judgment, in part, permitting plaintiffs' breach of contract claim to proceed; (iii) denied plaintiffs' motion to amend the complaint to add punitive damages as relief; and (iv) granted plaintiffs' motion to properly name a successor-in-interest party. On May 12, 2026, the trial court issued an order setting the trial to begin on January 11, 2027. We believe the remaining breach of contract claim has no merit, and we intend to aggressively defend this action.

We are a defendant in three product liability cases and are aware of six other product liability claims, primarily alleging defective product design, defective manufacturing, or failure to provide adequate warnings. In addition, we are a co-defendant in a case filed in August 1999 by the city of Gary, Indiana, or the City, against numerous firearm manufacturers, distributors, and dealers seeking to recover monetary damages, as well as injunctive relief, allegedly arising out of the misuse of firearms by third parties. In January 2018, the Lake Superior Court, County of Lake, Indiana granted defendants' Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings, dismissing the case in its entirety. In February 2018, plaintiffs appealed the dismissal to the Indiana Court of Appeals. In May 2019, the Indiana Court of Appeals issued a decision, which affirmed in part and reversed in part, and remanded for further proceedings, the trial court's dismissal of the City's complaint. In March 2024, a bill was signed into law that purports to prohibit political subdivisions in Indiana from bringing certain legal actions against certain firearm industry members and to apply to actions or lawsuits filed before, after, or on August 27, 1999. Defendants subsequently filed a joint motion for judgment on the pleadings based on the new law. In August 2024, the trial court denied defendants' joint motion for judgment on the pleadings and, in October 2024, stayed its proceedings pending an interlocutory appeal with the Indiana Court of Appeals. In December 2025, the Indiana Court of Appeals held that the retroactive application of the legislation was constitutional, reversing the trial court's order and remanding the action to the trial court for dismissal of the action. On January 28, 2026, the City filed a petition for rehearing with the Indiana Court of Appeals, which was denied on February 2, 2026. On March 4, 2026, the City filed a petition to transfer with the Indiana Supreme Court, requesting the Court to grant transfer of the case to the Indiana Supreme Court, to vacate the Indiana Court of Appeals' decision, and to affirm the trial court's order. In March 2026, the defendants jointly filed a response to the City's petition to transfer. On May 21, 2026, the Illinois Supreme Court denied the City's petition to transfer. On May 26, 2026, the trial court granted the defendants' motion to dismiss with prejudice.



**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

We are a defendant in a putative class proceeding before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice in Toronto, Canada that was filed in December 2019. The action claims CAD\$50 million in aggregate general damages, CAD\$100 million in aggregate punitive damages, special damages in an unspecified amount, together with interest and legal costs. The named plaintiffs are two victims of a shooting that took place in Toronto in July 2018 and their family members. One victim was shot and injured during the shooting. The other victim suffered unspecified injuries while fleeing the shooting. The plaintiffs sought to certify a claim on behalf of classes that include all persons who were killed or injured in the shooting and their immediate family members. The plaintiffs allege negligent design and public nuisance. In July 2020, we filed a Notice of Motion for an order striking the claim and dismissing the action in its entirety. In February 2021, the court granted our motion in part and dismissed the plaintiffs' claims in public nuisance and strict liability. The court declined to strike the negligent design claim and ordered that the claim proceed to a certification motion. In March 2021, we filed a motion for leave to appeal the court's refusal to strike the negligent design claim with the Divisional Court, Ontario Superior Court of Justice. In July 2021, plaintiffs filed a motion to stay our motion for leave to appeal with the Divisional Court, on grounds that the appeal is premature. In November 2021, the Divisional Court granted plaintiffs' motion, staying our motion for leave to appeal until 30 days after the decision on the balance of plaintiffs' certification motion. In March 2024, the court denied the plaintiffs' motion for class certification. Three appeals were filed: (1) our appeal from the dismissal of our motion to strike the negligent design claim; (2) the plaintiffs' appeal from the order striking out their public nuisance and strict liability claims; and (3) the plaintiffs' appeal from the order dismissing their certification motion. In June 2025, the Court of Appeals for Ontario issued a decision: (1) dismissing our appeal from the dismissal of our motion to strike the negligent design claim; (2) dismissing plaintiffs' appeal from the order striking out their public nuisance and strict liability claims; and (3) granting plaintiffs' appeal from the order dismissing their certification order and certifying their negligence claim as a class proceeding. In September 2025, we filed an application with the Supreme Court of Canada, requesting that the court grant leave to appeal the duty of care issue related to our negligent design claim. In October 2025, plaintiffs filed both an opposition to our application seeking leave to appeal the duty of care issue related to our negligent design claim and a cross-appeal of the dismissal of their strict liability and public nuisance claims with the Supreme Court of Canada. Later in October 2025, the Court of Appeal issued and entered the formal order in the case, which was submitted to the Supreme Court of Canada.

In May 2020, we were named in an action related to the Chabad of Poway synagogue shooting that took place in April 2019. The complaint was filed in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of San Diego – Central and asserts claims against us for product liability, unfair competition, negligence, and public nuisance. The plaintiffs allege they were present at the synagogue on the day of the incident and suffered physical and/or emotional injury. The plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees, and injunctive relief. In September 2020, we filed a demurrer and motion to strike, seeking to dismiss plaintiffs' complaint. In July 2021, the court granted our motion in part and reversed it in part, ruling that (1) the Protection of Lawful Commerce in Arms Act barred plaintiffs' product liability action; (2) plaintiffs did not have standing to maintain an action under the Unfair Competition Law for personal injury related damages, but the court gave plaintiffs leave to amend to plead an economic injury; and (3) the Protection of Lawful Commerce in Arms Act did not bar plaintiffs' ordinary negligence and public nuisance actions because plaintiffs had alleged that we violated 18 U.S.C. Section 922(b)(4), which generally prohibits the sale of fully automatic "machineguns." In February 2022, the court consolidated the case with three related cases, in which we are not a party. In March 2022, the court granted our motion, dismissing plaintiffs' Unfair Competition Law claim, without further leave to amend. In February 2023, we filed a motion for summary judgment. In May 2023, the court denied our motion for summary judgment without prejudice and allowed plaintiffs time for additional discovery. In December 2024, the court granted our renewed motion for summary judgment, and we later filed a proposed notice of final judgment with the court, requesting the court to enter a final judgment in our favor and to dismiss all claims against us. In February 2025, the court entered the final judgment. In April 2025, plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal with the California Court of Appeal and, in March 2026, they filed their opening appellate brief.

In September 2022, we were named as defendants in 12 nearly identical, separate actions related to a shooting in Highland Park, Illinois on July 4, 2022. The complaints were filed in the Circuit Court of the Nineteenth Judicial Circuit in Lake County, Illinois and assert claims against us for negligence and deceptive and unfair practices under the Illinois Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. The plaintiffs allege they were present at a parade at the time of the incident and suffered physical and/or emotional injury. The plaintiffs seek compensatory damages, attorneys' fees, and injunctive relief. We filed motions for removal of each case to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois. In November 2022, we filed a motion to consolidate the cases for preliminary

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

motion purposes. In December 2022, plaintiffs filed motions to remand the cases back to the state court. In September 2023, the court granted plaintiffs' motion to remand. In October 2023, we filed a notice of appeal to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit. In March 2024, three new lawsuits were filed in the Circuit Court of Lake County, Illinois. In April 2024, the Seventh Circuit affirmed the remand decision. In May 2024, plaintiffs filed a motion for attorneys' fees incurred as a result of removal. In March 2025, the district court granted plaintiffs' motion, ordering us to pay certain of plaintiffs' attorneys' fees. In June and July 2024, the district court remanded the 12 separate actions to state court, with some plaintiffs amending their complaints to remove references to violations of federal law and asserting additional claims against us, including claims alleging violation of the Illinois Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act, the Illinois Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act, negligent and intentional infliction of emotional distress, and negligent entrustment. We were also named in 13 additional separate cases against us in the same state court during the same time period, largely raising similar allegations against us as in the initial and amended complaints. In July 2024, the trial court consolidated all cases for purposes of motions to dismiss and discovery. In September 2024, we filed our motions to dismiss plaintiffs' 25 separate complaints. In April 2025, the court granted our motion to dismiss without prejudice with respect to plaintiffs' counts for violation of the Illinois Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act for lack of standing (with respect to the deceptive claims only) and negligent entrustment and denied all remaining counts. Later in April 2025, we filed a motion to certify issues for interlocutory appeal with the trial court. In May 2025, the court ordered an expedited briefing schedule for the motion and stayed discovery. In June 2025, the court certified several issues for interlocutory appeal, lifted the discovery stay, set an initial trial date for March 8, 2027, and scheduled a status conference. We also filed our answers to plaintiffs' complaints. In July 2025, we filed an application for interlocutory appeal with the Court of Appeal. In September 2025, the Court of Appeal denied our application. We filed a petition for leave for an interlocutory appeal to the Illinois Supreme Court in October 2025. On January 28, 2026, the Illinois Supreme Court issued an order directing the Court of Appeal to accept our application for interlocutory appeal. On April 9, 2026, we filed our opening brief with the Court of Appeal. Discovery is ongoing.

In December 2022, the City of Buffalo, New York filed a complaint in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Erie, against numerous manufacturers, distributors, and retailers of firearms. Later in December 2022, the City of Rochester, New York filed an almost identical complaint in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Monroe against the same defendants. The complaints allege violation of the New York General Business Law, public nuisance, and deceptive business practices in violation of the New York General Business Law. In January 2023, we filed notices of removal of the cases to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of New York. In March 2023, defendants filed a motion to stay both cases pending a ruling by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit in the NSSF v. James case. In June 2023, the court granted defendants' motions to consolidate and to stay pending resolution of the NSSF v. James appeal. In July 2025, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit ruled against NSSF in the NSSF v. James appeal. Defendants filed a joint motion to dismiss in September 2025. On January 22, 2026, the Cities of Buffalo and Rochester filed amended complaints against us and three other manufacturers. The complaints state claims for violation of New York General Business Law 898-b(2) and common law public nuisance. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory and punitive/exemplary damages, costs, and interest. On March 23, 2026, defendants filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, and, on May 22, 2026, plaintiffs filed their opposition to defendants' motion to dismiss.

We believe that the various allegations described above are unfounded, and, in addition, that any incident and any results from them or any injuries were due to negligence or misuse of the firearm by the claimant or a third party.

In addition, from time to time, we are involved in lawsuits, claims, investigations, and proceedings, including commercial, environmental, premises, and employment matters, which arise in the ordinary course of business.

The relief sought in individual cases primarily includes compensatory and, sometimes, punitive damages. Certain of the cases and claims seek unspecified compensatory or punitive damages. In others, compensatory damages sought may range from less than \$75,000 to approximately \$50.0 million. In our experience, initial demands do not generally bear a reasonable relationship to the facts and circumstances of a particular matter. We believe that our accruals for product liability cases and claims are a reasonable quantitative measure of the cost to us of product liability cases and claims.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

We are involved in a putative stockholder derivative lawsuit filed in February 2025 in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada. The action was brought by plaintiffs seeking to act on our behalf against our directors and certain of our executive officers. The complaint alleges a breach of fiduciary duty (for allegedly allowing us to become exposed to significant liability for intentionally violating federal, state, and local laws through our manufacturing, marketing, and sales of “AR-15 style rifles” and similar semiautomatic firearms) and violations of Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act. The derivative plaintiffs seek, among other things, damages, as well as reforms and improvements to our compliance procedures and governance policies. In May 2025, we filed a motion to dismiss plaintiffs’ complaint. On March 23, 2026, the district court (i) granted our motion to dismiss without prejudice, (ii) ordered that, if plaintiffs sought to amend their complaint, they must do so within 21 days of the court’s order, and (iii) ordered that plaintiffs must post a \$500,000 bond security within 14 days of the court’s order and failure to post the bond would result in the action being dismissed without prejudice. Plaintiffs did not amend their complaint or post the bond pursuant to the court’s order. On April 17, 2026, plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration, requesting the court to reconsider the dismissal of the case and the imposition of the bond. On May 15, 2026, we filed our opposition to plaintiffs’ motion for reconsideration, and, on May 27, 2026, plaintiffs filed their reply.

We were named in a putative class action lawsuit filed in April 2025 in the U.S. District for the Northern District of California. The complaint alleges violation of the California Invasion of Privacy Act, or CIPA, the California Privacy Act, invasion of privacy, intrusion upon seclusion, fraud/deceit/misrepresentation, breach of contract, breach of implied contract and fair dealing, trespass to chattels, and unjust enrichment. Plaintiffs allege that after they clicked on the “reject all” cookies button on our website, our website enabled third parties to place cookies and similar tracking technologies on their browsers and devices and/or to transmit their user data to third parties for their financial gain and other purposes. Plaintiffs seek compensatory damages (including statutory damages), punitive damages, nominal damages, restitution, disgorgement of revenues and profits, injunctive relief, and attorneys’ fees and costs. In May 2025, we filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. In November 2025, the parties filed a stipulation and proposed order selecting an alternative dispute resolution process, notifying the court of their selection of a private mediator and their proposed June 30, 2026 deadline to mediate the case. On February 17, 2026, the court: (a) granted, in part, our motion to dismiss, dismissing with leave to amend plaintiffs’ CIPA, common law fraud (for one named-plaintiff), breach of contract, breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and trespass to chattels claims; and (b) denied, in part, our motion to dismiss, permitting plaintiffs’ intrusion upon seclusion, invasion of privacy, common law fraud (for certain named-plaintiffs), and unjust enrichment claims to proceed. On March 17, 2026, plaintiffs filed a first amended complaint, removing the breach of contract, breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and trespass to chattels claims and attempting to cure the pleading deficiencies the court identified with the CIPA claims. In late March 2026, we filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, which has been fully briefed. The parties were unable to resolve the matter at the court-ordered mediation on May 15, 2026. The parties are engaged in discovery.

We are vigorously defending ourselves in the lawsuits to which we are subject. An unfavorable outcome or prolonged litigation could harm our business. Litigation of this nature also is expensive, time consuming, and diverts the time and attention of our management.

We monitor the status of known claims and the related product liability accrual, which includes amounts for defense costs for asserted and unasserted claims. After consultation with litigation counsel and a review of the merit of each claim, we have concluded that we are unable to reasonably estimate the probability or the estimated range of reasonably possible losses related to material adverse judgments related to such claims and, therefore, we have not accrued for any such judgments. In the future, should we determine that a loss (or an additional loss in excess of our accrual) is at least reasonably possible and material, we would then disclose an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, if such estimate could be made, or disclose that an estimate could not be made. We believe that we have provided adequate accruals for defense costs.

For the fiscal years ended April 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, we paid \$81,000, \$155,000, and \$320,000, respectively, in defense and administrative costs relative to product liability and municipal litigation. In addition, during fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, we paid an aggregate of \$20,000, \$30,000, and \$1.6 million, respectively, in settlements related to product liability cases. As of April 30, 2026, we had no accruals for settlements, that were subsequently paid in the following fiscal year. As of April 30, 2025, we had \$20,000 accrued for settlements that were subsequently paid in the following fiscal year.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

We have recorded our liability for defense costs before consideration for reimbursement from insurance carriers. We have also recorded the amount due as reimbursement under existing policies from the insurance carriers as a receivable shown in other current assets and other assets.

When changes to our prior estimates of product liability provisions and municipal litigation liabilities are warranted, we recognize additional expense or reductions in expense. In fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, we recorded additional expense of \$296,000, \$62,000, and \$35,000, respectively.

***Commitments***

In connection with the Relocation, we entered into a project agreement, or the Project Agreement, with The Industrial Development Board of Blount County and the cities of Alcoa and Maryville, Tennessee, a public, nonprofit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of Tennessee, or the IDB. Pursuant to the Project Agreement, we represented to the IDB that we intend to incur, or cause to be incurred, no less than \$120.0 million in aggregate capital expenditures on or before December 31, 2025, create no less than 620 new jobs, and sustain an average hourly wage of at least \$25.97 at the facility. Further, pursuant to the Project Agreement, we are required to, among other things, (a) execute a facility lease and an equipment lease with the IDB; (b) cause the construction of the new facility at our sole cost and expense to commence on or before May 31, 2022; (c) incur, or cause to be incurred, aggregate capital expenditures in connection with the construction and equipping of the new facility in an aggregate amount of not less than \$120.0 million on or before December 31, 2025; (d) cause the construction of the new facility to be substantially completed and for a certificate of occupancy to be issued therefore on or before December 31, 2023; (e) provide the IDB with a written report certified by one of our authorized officers, not later than January 31 of each year during the period between January 31, 2024 and January 31, 2031; and (f) make certain payments to the IDB in the event that our actual capital expenditures, number of employees, or average hourly wage of such employees are less than our projections.

In connection with the Relocation, we entered into an accountability agreement, or the Accountability Agreement, with the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development and the Blount Partnership economic development organization. Pursuant to the Accountability Agreement, the Blount Partnership received a grant in the amount of \$9.0 million, which was paid to us pursuant to a grant contract. Among other performance requirements in the Accountability Agreement, we committed that we would create and maintain 750 new jobs at the facility, measured as the average number of full-time jobs at the facility on three test dates: January 1, 2027, January 1, 2028, and January 1, 2029, or the Compliance Period. In the event that the three-year average number of full-time jobs during the Compliance Period equals or exceeds 90% of the 750-job commitment, no recapture payment will be required. If the three-year average number of full-time jobs during the Compliance Period is less than 90% of the committed number, but greater than 50% of such number, we will be required to make a recapture payment equal to the percentage of full-time jobs at the facility below the 750 jobs committed, times the grant amount. If the three-year average number of full-time jobs during the Compliance Period is less than 50% of the committed number, we will be required to make a recapture payment equal to the full amount of the grant. The payment, if any, would be made on a one-time basis and due no later than 45 days after the state's demand, which would likely be in the second calendar quarter of 2029, if required.

During fiscal 2024, we determined that we would have no use for certain distribution equipment in the Missouri distribution center and could not fully recover the net book value of such equipment. Therefore, we recorded an impairment of \$1.9 million in selling, marketing, and distribution on the consolidated statements of income during that period. We vacated the Missouri distribution center effective January 1, 2024 and sold assets we could no longer utilize to AOUT at their remaining net book value of \$2.9 million, relocating all remaining assets to our Maryville facility. During fiscal 2025, we sold certain real estate located adjacent to the Missouri distribution center for \$2.3 million, net of transaction costs, and recognized a \$2.3 million pre-tax gain on sale.

***Environmental Remediation***

We are subject to numerous federal, state, and local laws and regulations that regulate the health and safety of our workforce, including those regulations monitored by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration, or OSHA, the National Fire Protection Association, and the Department of Public Health. Though not exhaustive, examples of applicable regulations include confined space safety, walking and working surfaces, machine guarding, and life safety.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

We are also subject to numerous federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations concerning, among other things, emissions in the air; discharges to land, surface, subsurface strata and water; and the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment, and disposal of hazardous wastes and other materials. These laws have required us to make significant expenditures of both a capital and expense nature. Several of the more significant federal laws applicable to our operations include the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, or CERCLA, and the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

We have in place programs and personnel to monitor compliance with various federal, state, and local environmental regulations. In the normal course of our manufacturing operations, we are subject to governmental proceedings and orders pertaining to waste disposal, air emissions, and water discharges into the environment. We fund our environmental costs through cash flows from operations. We believe that we are in compliance with applicable environmental regulations in all material respects.

We are required to remediate hazardous waste at our facilities. Currently, we own a designated site in Springfield, Massachusetts that contains two release areas, which are the focus of remediation projects as part of the Massachusetts Contingency Plan, or MCP. The MCP provides a structured environment for the voluntary remediation of regulated releases. We may be required to remove hazardous waste or remediate the alleged effects of hazardous substances on the environment associated with past disposal practices at sites not owned by us. We have received notice that we are a potentially responsible party from the Environmental Protection Agency and/or individual states under CERCLA or a state equivalent at two sites.

As of April 30, 2026, and 2025, we did not have an open environmental reserve recorded in our consolidated balance sheet.

When the available information is sufficient to estimate the amount of liability, that estimate has been used. When the information is only sufficient to establish a range of probable liability and no point within the range is more likely than any other, the lower end of the range has been used. We may not have insurance coverage for our environmental remediation costs. We have not recognized any gains from probable recoveries or other gain contingencies.

Based on information known to us, we do not expect current environmental regulations or environmental proceedings and claims to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. However, it is not possible to predict with certainty the impact on us of future environmental compliance requirements or the cost of resolving future environmental health and safety proceedings and claims, in part because the scope of the remedies that may be required is not certain, liability under federal environmental laws is joint and several in nature, and environmental laws and regulations are subject to modification and changes in interpretation. There can be no assurance that additional or changing environmental regulation will not become more burdensome in the future and that any such development would not have a material adverse effect on our company.

***Contracts***

*Employment Agreements* — We have employment, severance, and change of control agreements with certain employees.

**15. Restructuring**

As a result of the Relocation, (\$509,000), \$1.2 million, and \$7.1 million of restructuring charges, net of adjustments to our prior estimates, were recorded in fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

The following table summarizes restructuring charges by line item for fiscal 2026, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands):

|                                      | For the Year Ended April 30, |                 |                 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                      | 2026                         | 2025            | 2024            |
| Cost of sales                        | \$ (137)                     | \$ 1,063        | \$ 2,116        |
| Selling, marketing, and distribution | (39)                         | 132             | 2,974           |
| General and administrative           | (333)                        | (22)            | 1,963           |
| Total restructuring charges, net     | <u>\$ (509)</u>              | <u>\$ 1,173</u> | <u>\$ 7,053</u> |

The components of the restructuring charges recorded in our consolidated statements of income are as follows (in thousands):

|                                             | For the Year Ended April 30, |                 |                 |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                             | 2026                         | 2025            | 2024            |
| Consulting and outside services             | \$ 377                       | \$ 1,462        | \$ 992          |
| Employee relocation (a)                     | (316)                        | 520             | 887             |
| Employee relations                          | —                            | 113             | 2,011           |
| Office rent and equipment                   | —                            | —               | 2,298           |
| Public relations                            | —                            | —               | 904             |
| Freight                                     | —                            | —               | 199             |
| Severance and employee-related benefits (a) | (570)                        | (922)           | (238)           |
| Total restructuring charges, net            | <u>\$ (509)</u>              | <u>\$ 1,173</u> | <u>\$ 7,053</u> |

(a) Recorded in accrued payroll and incentives.

The following table summarizes the activity in the severance and employee-related benefits and relocation accruals for fiscal 2026 and fiscal 2025 (in thousands):

|                               | Severance and employee-related benefits | Relocation    | Total (a)     |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Accrual at April 30, 2024     | \$ 5,527                                | \$ 828        | \$ 6,355      |
| Charges                       | (922)                                   | 520           | (402)         |
| Cash payments and settlements | (3,233)                                 | (890)         | (4,123)       |
| Accrual at April 30, 2025     | 1,372                                   | 458           | 1,830         |
| Charges                       | (570)                                   | (316)         | (886)         |
| Cash payments and settlements | (478)                                   | (142)         | (620)         |
| Accrual at April 30, 2026     | <u>\$ 324</u>                           | <u>\$ (0)</u> | <u>\$ 324</u> |

(a) Recorded in accrued payroll and incentives.

**SMITH & WESSON BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)**

**16. Segment Reporting**

We operate our business as one operating segment, which also represents one reportable segment: firearms. Therefore, results of our operations are reported on a consolidated basis for purposes of segment reporting, consistent with internal management reporting.

The firearms segment is engaged in the design, manufacture, and sale of a variety of firearms and firearm-related products. Our Chief Executive Officer has been identified as the chief operating decision maker (CODM). The CODM manages and allocates resources on a consolidated basis. The determination of a single segment is consistent with the financial information regularly reviewed by the CODM for purposes of evaluating performance and allocating resources, which is reviewed on a consolidated basis.

As our CODM evaluates the financial performance of our firearms segment on a consolidated basis, the measure of segment performance is net income, as reflected in the consolidated statements of income. The CODM uses net income to allocate resources on a consolidated basis, which enables the CODM to assess both the overall level of resources available and optimize distribution of resources in line with our long-term strategic goals. Our segment net sales, segment significant expenses, and segment profit, as provided to the CODM, align to the captions presented on our consolidated statements of income. As we manage our assets on a consolidated basis, the measure of segment assets is total assets, as reflected in the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table summarizes additional segment information, not already disclosed elsewhere (in thousands):

|                       | <b>For the Year Ended April 30,</b> |                   |                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                       | <b>2026</b>                         | <b>2025</b>       | <b>2024</b>       |
| Interest income       | \$ 2,376                            | \$ 2,667          | \$ 2,783          |
| Interest expense      | (7,186)                             | (7,289)           | (4,838)           |
| Interest expense, net | <u>\$ (4,810)</u>                   | <u>\$ (4,622)</u> | <u>\$ (2,055)</u> |

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## STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

See “Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information” in our annual report on Form 10-K for a discussion of our use of forward-looking statements. In addition to forward looking statements related to fiscal 2026 that were included in our annual report on Form 10-K, this annual report includes additional forward-looking statements that were not included in our annual report on Form 10-K (e.g., that (i) we are making significant investments back into the business to optimize our operations; (ii) the momentum we achieved in fiscal 2026 continues into fiscal 2027; (iii) we are planning to make strategic investments in our manufacturing operations concentrated on expanding our capacity and increasing operational efficiency; (iv) we are focused on broadening our already strong position with our professional customers; (v) we are leveraging technology in our analytics to make more informed and more efficient decisions across every function of the business; and (vi) we look forward to fiscal 2027, feeling optimistic and energized, knowing that the best is yet to come). Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

## RECONCILIATION OF U.S. GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In this Annual Report, certain non-GAAP financial measures, including “non-GAAP net sales,” “non-GAAP gross profit,” “non-GAAP gross margin,” “non-GAAP operating expenses,” “non-GAAP operating income,” “non-GAAP net income,” “Non-GAAP net income per share – diluted,” “Adjusted EBITDAS,” “Adjusted EBITDAS Margin,” and “free cash flow” are presented. We use these non-GAAP financial measures to facilitate a comparison of our operating performance on a consistent basis from period to period that, when viewed in combination with our results prepared in accordance with GAAP, provides a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business than does GAAP measures alone. We believe these financial measures assist our board of directors, management, investors, and other users of the financial statements in comparing our results on a consistent basis from period to period because it removes certain non-cash items and other items that we do not consider to be indicative of our core and/or ongoing operations. We believe it is useful for us and the reader to review, as applicable, both (1) GAAP measures that include (i) interest, (ii) income tax expense, (iii) depreciation and amortization, (iv) stock-based compensation expense, (v) an accrued legal settlement, (vi) Smith & Wesson Academy grand opening expenses, (vii) relocation expense, including non-recurring third-party wind-down net sales and cost of sales related to the closure of an immaterial manufacturing location that was shut down as a result of the relocation, (xiii) a gain on sale of certain real estate, and (ix) the tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments; and (2) the non-GAAP measures that exclude such information. We present these non-GAAP measures because we consider them an important supplemental measure of our performance. Our definition of these adjusted financial measures may differ from similarly named measures used by others. We believe these measures facilitate operating performance comparisons from period to period by eliminating potential differences caused by the existence and timing of certain expense items that would not otherwise be apparent on a GAAP basis. These non-GAAP measures have limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our GAAP measures. The principal limitations of these measures are that they do not reflect our actual expenses and may thus have the effect of inflating our financial measures on a GAAP basis.

## CHANGE IN NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE

Prior to fiscal 2026, our calculation of Adjusted EBITDAS included an adjustment for interest expense. Beginning with the fiscal 2026 presentation for all periods presented herein, we also included an adjustment for interest income such that Adjusted EBITDAS is fully adjusted for the effect of Interest expense, net as presented on the Consolidated Statements of Income. We believe that adjusting for both interest expense and interest income assists users of the financial statements in understanding the results of our core operations and comparing those results on a consistent basis from period to period.

For the three months and year ended April 30, 2026, this change resulted in a decrease of \$593,000 and \$2.4 million, respectively, in the amounts of Adjusted EBITDAS compared to the amounts that would have been reported using the previous methodology. For the three months and year ended April 30, 2025, the change also resulted in a decrease of \$660,000 and \$2.7 million, respectively, in the amounts of Adjusted EBITDAS compared to the amounts that were previously reported.

|                                   | FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED |                 | FOR THE YEARS ENDED |                 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
|                                   | APRIL 30, 2026             | APRIL 30, 2025  | APRIL 30, 2026      | APRIL 30, 2025  |
| GAAP NET INCOME                   | \$16,222                   | \$8,634         | \$18,481            | \$13,425        |
| INTEREST EXPENSE, NET             | 693                        | 748             | 4,810               | 4,622           |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE                | 4,572                      | 3,742           | 6,589               | 5,820           |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION     | 7,540                      | 7,934           | 31,067              | 31,688          |
| STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION EXPENSE  | 1,986                      | 1,885           | 8,350               | 7,609           |
| S&W ACADEMY GRAND OPENING EXPENSE | (72)                       | —               | 380                 | —               |
| GAIN ON SALE OF ASSET             | —                          | —               | —                   | (2,257)         |
| SETTLEMENT                        | —                          | —               | —                   | 70              |
| RELOCATION EXPENSE                | (5)                        | 538             | (509)               | 3,681           |
| <b>NON-GAAP ADJUSTED EBITDAS</b>  | <b>\$30,936</b>            | <b>\$23,481</b> | <b>\$69,168</b>     | <b>\$64,658</b> |

(In thousands)





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